THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 12. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. FEBRUARY 14, 1890. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

PEREMPTORY

CLOSING OUT SALE!

OF A

$40,000 STOCK

OF

Clothing,

Boots & Shoes,

Carpets,

Hats and Caps,

Mens' Furnishing Goods, Etc.

Beginning Monday, Feb. 17,

BY

GEO. N. DAY.

The entire Stock must be Disposed of

BY MAY 31st,

At SOME PRICE or another. Prices WILL BE SLAUGHTERED in ALL Departments, and the goods sold

Regardless of Cost,

And for SPOT CASH ONLY.

All accounts due the house must be settled at once or within the next 60 days. Any accounts remaining unpaid after that time will be turned over to my attorney for collection.

Now is the Time

To FIT YOURSELF out at a very Small Cost.

GEORGE N. DAY.

Morris had a very destructive fire on Monday and property valued at $40,000 was destroyed.

The recent election in Salt Lake City, in which the Gentiles were victorious over the Mormons, shows that the influence of the Mormon church is on the wane.

The license of the Amercian Building and Loan Association has been revoked in Wisconsin, and any agent who sells stock of this concern hereafter is subject to a fine of from $100 to $500.

The spring election is beginning to claim the attention of the ward politicians, although the election is nearly three months distant. It is a little early to bring out candidates for the mayorship but the names of J. H. Koop, A. L. Hoffman and N. W. Wheatley are freely mentioned and it is conceded that either of them would not refuse the honors. An early frost is liable to blight the hopes of candidates who commence hustling thus early in the season.

Just now the census department is sending out schedules to the treasurer's of the different counties that they may be placed in the hands of the proper officials to be filled out and returned. This schedule is in regard to the wealth, debit and taxation of the counties and covers a period of ten years. In order to gain a creditable showing in the eleventh census it is necessary that these officials give the matter immediate attention. If the matter is neglected the record will be imperfect and the counties thus slighted will contrast unfavorably with other counties. Crow Wing county should not be behind in this matter.

Two to Become One.

The complete consolidation of the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central railways is announced to take place July 1, 1890, at which time the lease of the latter road expires. There is great speculation among the employes as to what heads will come off when the change is to be made, for both ticket and freight departments of the two roads will be united.—Star.

New Land Officers.

A telegram from St. Cloud says:—Col. Wm. Westerman has taken possession, as receiver of the St. Cloud land office, vice C. F. Macdonald, removed. A. Barto, the new register, has not yet arrived to take his office. It is thought that the land office will be located in a new public building, a bill for one having been introduced by Congressman Comstock, and a meeting will soon be held looking to the donation by the citizens of a site.

Probably Won't Call.

A bill has been introduced in the senate providing for an official investigation of the extraordinary depression of the agricultural interests of this country. If the committee will call at the Journal office we will furnish a few mighty good pointers for them to work on.—Brainerd Journal.

If the Journal would publish a book on "Agricultural Depressions and Remedies Therefor" and what its editor knows about farming, there would be no need of this investigation. A man with the keen sensibilities of Bro. Stivers should occupy a seat higher up than that of a splint bottom chair in a country newspaper office.

The Weyerhauser Deal.

Several prominent pine land owners of Minneapolis will meet Frederick Weyerhauser at Brainerd in relation to the proposed great pine land deal, and it is quite probable that the Minneapolis men will sell their land to Weyerhauser.

The above item is clipped from the local columns of yesterday's Minneapolis Times. The report is current that the Pillsbury's have sold their pine to the Weyerhauser syndicate and the above item would tend to confirm the report.

The following is from the local columns of the Minneapolis Tribune:

It is highly probable that the Weyerhauser pine land deal will go through. Several of the local pine land men have been notified to meet Mr. Weyerhauser at Brainerd very soon, and it is likely the deal will be talked over.

A Way to Stop Them.

Publishers are repeatedly asked by parties who are receiving different papers which they never ordered, truthfully remarks the Fergus Falls Journal, whether they can be made to pay for them. We think that they can for the fact that a person takes a paper from the post office is evidence that they want it. It is only papers who are unable to get subscribers in a legitimate way that resort to such methods, and to offset them the government provides postmasters with blanks to notify the publishers of the paper that parties do not want it sent to them. In case you are receiving a paper regularly for which you have not subscribed and do not want to pay for, give it back to the postmaster and ask him to notify the publisher, which he can do without expense. We have known a paper to publish a notice for several weeks to the effect that no one need have any fear about taking the paper out of the office, as they would not have to pay for it, and then all at once take out the notice, leaving the readers under the impression that they were still getting it free. Don't get caught that way. If you take a paper home and read it, expect to pay for it. If you don't want it, tell the postmaster to stop it.

A bill to gobble up the public lands of South Dakota, was introduced in the legislature of that state yesterday.

An unknown woman registered at the Union Hotel, at St. Cloud, Wednesday night, and obtained lodging. Yesterday morning she had disappeared, leaving her baby, about five weeks old, behind. She had concealed it under the bed covers, and when found, the little one was almost suffocated.

WHY COUGH,

WHEN a few doses of **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral** will relieve you? Try it. Keep it in the house. You are liable to have a cough at any time, and no other remedy is so effective as this world-renowned preparation. No household, with young children, should be without it. Scores of lives are saved every year by its timely use.



Amanda B. Jenner, Northampton, Mass., writes: "Common gratitude impels me to acknowledge the great benefits I have derived for my children from the use of Ayer's most excellent Cherry Pectoral. I had lost two dear children from croup and consumption, and had the greatest fear of losing my only remaining daughter and son, as they were delicate. Happily, I find that by giving them Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, on the first symptoms of throat or lung trouble, they are relieved from danger, and are becoming robust, healthy children."

"In the winter of 1885 I took a bad cold which, in spite of every known remedy, grew worse, so that the family physician considered me incurable, supposing me to be in consumption. As a last resort I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, in a short time, the cure was complete. Since then I have never been without this medicine. I am fifty years of age, weigh over 180 pounds, and attribute my good health to the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."—G. W. Youker, Salem, N. J.

"Last winter I contracted a severe cold, which by repeated exposure, became quite obstinate. I was much troubled with hoarseness and bronchial irritation. After trying various medicines, without relief, I at last purchased a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. On taking this medicine, my cough ceased almost immediately, and I have been well ever since."—Rev. Thos. B. Russell, Secretary Holston Conference and P. E. of the Greenville District, M. E. C., Jonesboro, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5



Third Annual MASQUERADE Ball,

Of the

GERMANIA

MAENNERCHOR,

—AT THE—

ARMORY,

Friday Evening,

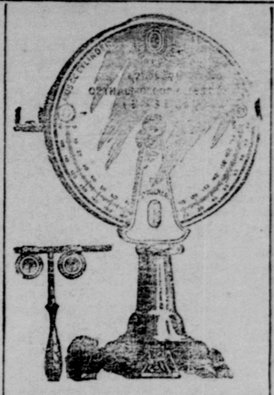
Feb. 14th.

Music by Dresskell's Orchestra!

Grand March at 8:30. No parties without masque will be allowded on the floor before 12 o'clock.

A General Invitation is Extended.

Tickets, admitting one, 50c each.



SUNDBERG

—THE—

JEWELER!

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses Fitted by

Spencer's Opthalmoscopic Test!

Fine Line of Silverware.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

In Its Worst Form.

BENTON, LAF. Co., WIS., Dec., '88.

Rev. J. C. Bergen vouches for the following: James Rooney who was suffering from Vitus Dance in its worst form for about 1½ years was treated by several physicians without effect, two bottles of Pastor Koenigs Nerve Tonic cured him. 67

St. Francis Wis. Oct 24, 1888

A member of my congregation used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic with good results. The patient was so nervous that he could not find sleep for weeks. He suffered from the most intense anxiety which bordered on insanity. I gave the person some of Koenig's Nerve Tonic and he continued to use it. The appetite returned gradually, the anxiety disappeared the headache left, and to day the sufferer, who had almost despaired, is enjoying excellent health.

Bern. Elskamp, Pastor.

Our Pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MEDICINE CO.,

50 W. Madison cor. Clinton St., CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Price $1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for $5.

By Johnson & Bain.

AT THE

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,

PARIS, 1889,

The Highest Possible Premium,

THE ONLY GRAND PRIZE

FOR SEWING MACHINES,

WAS AWARDED TO

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.

—AND THE—

CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR,

WAS CONFERRED UPON

NATHANIEL WHEELER,

The President of the Company.

The W. & W. 'No. 9'

HAS TAKEN

FIRST PREMIUM

AT EVERY

STATE AND COUNTY FAIR

AT WHICH

IT HAS BEEN EXHIBITED.

Sold by W. T. CANNAFF,

One Door east of Post-Office, Brainerd

READ AND **REMEMBER!**

FOR THE LADIES!

$3 Hand Embroiderer SENT FREE

To every person subscribing for the Weekly Pioneer Press for one year and sending us $1.30. Full directions go free with every machine.

STILL ANOTHER PROPOSITION!

We will send free to every yearly subscriber to the Weekly Pioneer Press, who will send us $1.30, a set of the

WORKS OF CHARLES DICKENS

In Twelve Large Numbers:

The twelve numbers contain the following world-famous works, each one of which is published COMPLETE, UNCHANGED AND ABSOLUTELY UNABRIDGED:

David Copperfield, Our Mutual Friend, Nicholas Nickelby, Dombey and Son, Martin Chuzzlewit, Pickwick Papers, Bleak House, Little Dorrit, Hard Times and the Mystery of Edwin Drood, Oliver Twist and Great Expectations, Barnaby Rudge and Christmas Stories, A Tale of Two Cities, The Old Curiosity Shop and The Uncommercial Traveler.

ONCE MORE!

To every person who will send us 50 Cents for a 6 Months' subscription to the Weekly Pioneer Press, we will mail FREE a magnificent picture,

"The Horse Fair!"

By Rosa Bonheur, size 20x24 inches.

These are the greatest offers ever made by any newspaper.

Address

The Weekly Pioneer Press,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bargains in Real Estate.

A. P. RIGGS,

Room 11, Bank Block.

BRAINERD. MINNESOTA.

W. Courtney, M. D. W. H. Allport, M. D.

COURTNEY & ALLPORT,

Physicians and Surgeons,

Office Over Post-Office.

HOURS: 11 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., 2 p. m. to 4 p. m. 7:20 p. m. to 8:30 p. m.

Telephone communication at all hours with Sanitarium at the General Offices.



Snyder has the finest Kid Shoe for Ladies at $2.50 that is made. Others sell at $3.00.

WEATHERBY & TRUE,

LAWYERS.

BRAINERD, - - - - MINNESOTA.

TRUE & WEATHERBY,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Legal business in all its branches in courts in Eleventh and Fifteenth Judicial Districts respectfully solicited.

[First publication January 31st, 1890.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary Shontell and Benjamin Shontell, her husband, mortgagors, to The National Building Loan and Protective Union, mortgagee, dated the first day of August, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book I of mortgages, on page 1, on which there is claimed to be past due, at the date of this notice, the amount of twenty-seven and 50-100 dollars, ($27.50), being interest and premium for eleven months and the mortgagee elects to consider the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and therefore there is now due and payable under and on said mortgage the sum of three hundred twenty-seven and 50-100 dollars, ($327.50), and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of the southwest quarter (E½ SW¼), of Section two (2), in Township forty-four (44), of Range thirty-one (31).

Dated January 30th, 1890.

THE NATIONAL BUILDING LOAN AND PROTECTIVE UNION, Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney of Mortgagee.

[First publication January 31st, 1890.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Harry P. Cragg and Kate Cragg, his wife, mortgagors, to The National Building Loan and Protective Union, mortgagee, dated the first day of October, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book I of Mortgages, on page 10 on which there is claimed to be past due, at the date of this notice, the amount of thirty dollars ($30), being the interest and premium for nine months and the mortgagee elects to consider the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and therefore there is due thereon the sum of four hundred and thirty dollars, ($430.00), and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, for foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point sixty-two and one-half (62½) feet east of the northwest corner of Block number seventy-seven (77), in the First Addition to the City of Brainerd, (properly the First Addition to the Town of Brainerd), according to the plat of said Addition of record in the Registry of Deeds of said County, thence running south one hundred fifty (150) feet, thence east thirty-seven and one-half (37½) feet, thence north one hundred fifty (150) feet, thence west thirty-seven and one half (37½) feet, to the place of beginning. Being a part of Lots thirteen (13) to eighteen (18) in said Block.

THE NATIONAL BUILDING LOAN AND PROTECTIVE UNION, Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney of Mortgagee.

Dated January 30th, 1890.



No Cramping of the Foot

In Burt & Mears' shoes. Allow us to fit you properly with such shape as the anatomy of your feet requires, and we warrant in a little time to free you of suffering. Sold only by SNYDER, 6th Street, Bank Block.



SNYDER has the exclusive sale H. H. GRAY'S fine shoes We Carry them in all Styles.

Professional Cards.

A. E. VEON,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND PENSION ATTORNEY,

No. 19, 5th Street.

Will attend to any business in either line.

L. M. ROBERTS,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office Room 2, Hartley Block—over Slipp's Hardware Store. Residence No. 13, Third Street North, one square west of Court House.

DR. H. RIBBEL,

DENTIST

Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block

BRAINERD.....MINN.

P. S. WHITELY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office, Room 11, Bank Block,

BRAINERD.....MINN.

G. S. FERNALD,

(Successor to Frater & Fernald.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Rooms 1 and 2 - - - Bank Block

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office Room 8.

SLEEPER BLOCK, - - - BRAINERD

M. McFADDEN,

INSURANCE AGENT.

Represents none but first-class companies.

OFFICE—ROOM 10 BANK BLOCK.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Werner Hemstead, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Cor. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

The New Short Line!

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

[Duluth to Sault Ste Marie and Mackinaw City]

Running along the South Shore of Lake Superior and through the far famed iron and copper districts of North Michigan and Wisconsin in connection with

The Northern Pacific to Duluth,

—AND—

The Canadian Pacific from Sault Ste. Marie, The Michigan Central from Mackinaw City, and the Grand Rapids & Indiana from Mackinaw City

—FORMS THE—

Great Scenic Route!

From Brainerd to Montreal, Boston, Halifax, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York, and all points in Michigan, Canada and New England.

Over 100 Miles Shorter than any other line between the northwest and the east.

For tickets, rates, maps, and full information, address

H. H. MANDELL, Brainerd, Minn.

G. W. Hibbard, West. Pass. Agent, 29 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

W. F. FITCH, Gen'l Mgr. C. B. HIBBARD, G. P. & T. A. MARQUETTE, MICH.

Minneapolis and St. Louis RAILWAY

AND THE FAMOUS

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY. from St. Paul and Minneapolis

To Chicago,

Without Change, connecting with the fast train of all lines for the

East and Southeast.

The direct and only line running through Cars between St. Paul, Minneapolis and

DES MOINES, IOWA

Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge. Also "Short Line" to Watertown D. T.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN

MINNEAPOLIS and ST. LOUIS

and the principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in Union Depot for all points south and Southwest.

MANY HOURS SAVED and the only line running two trains daily to Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchinson, making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

Close connections made in Union Depo with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific St. Paul & Duluth Railways, from and to all points north and north west.

REMEMBER The trains of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway are composed of comfortable day coaches, magnificent Pullman sleeping cars, Horton reclining chair cars, and our justly celebrated PALACE DINING CARS.

150 LBS. of Baggage Checked Free. Fare always as low as the lowest. For Time Tables Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest ticket agent or write to

C. H. HOLDRIDGE, Gen'l Tkt & Pass. Agt. Minneapolis, Minn.

WM. DRESSKELL,

Watchmaker and

JEWELER,

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN

SAINT PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, Or DULUTH.

And all Points in

Minnesota, Dakota Montana Idaho, Washington Territory OREGON, British Columbia, Puget Sound And Alaska.

Express trains Daily, to which are attached

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPER

AND

ELEGANT DINING CARS.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

ST. PAUL AND PORTLAND

On any class of Ticket.

Emigrant Sleepers Free

The only all Rail Line to the

YELLOWSTONE PARK.

For Full information as to Time, Rates, Et Address,

CHAS. S. FEE

Yellowstone Park in October.

Chicago Atlantic Ry

In conjunction with the Erie System operates Daily Fast Vestibuled Trains to the Seaboard. You may travel in the most Elegant and Complete Pullman, Vestibuled Trains ever constructed and Save $1.50 to New York, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; $2.35 to Albany and Troy, and $3.00 to Boston and New England Cities.

No rival line offers the advantages of a system of through first and second class Pullman Vestibuled day coaches and dining cars Chicago to New York.

It is the only line operating Pullman cars to Boston and New England via Albany.

Entire train is lighted by gas, heated by steam, Pullman dining cars run through in either direction.

These Luxurious trains are open to all classes of travel. No extra charge for fast time and unsurpassed accommodations.

For detailed information, tickets, and reservations in Pullman Cars, apply to your local ticket agent or the agency of connecting lines of railway, or to City Ticket Offices, 107 South Clark Street, Grand Pacific Hotel; Palmer House; Dearborn Station, or address,

G. M. Beach, Gen'l Manager. F. C. Donald, G'enl Pass. Agt. CHICAGO

Things Worth Remembering.

That it is dangerous to stand near a tall tree or spire during a thunder storm.

That the southwest corner of the cellar is the "cyclone safety point."

That there is no medicine so universally applicable to sickness as fresh air and sunshine.

That blowing out the gas before retiring is funny—to everybody except the one who tries it.

That you may swear as hard as you please, but it will not remove grease spots.

That the Wisconsin Central is the most popular line between Minneapolis and St. Paul and Milwaukee and Chicago.

That its fast train leaves Minneapolis daily at 6:25 P. M., St. Paul at 7:15 P. M., with through Pullman sleepers arriving in Milwaukee at 7:27 and Chicago at 9:59 the following morning, serving breakfast in dining car.

That before starting on a trip always get information from some reliable Ticket Agent, and that nowher will it be more cheerfully given than at the City Ticket Offices of the Wisconsin Central, No. 19, Nicollet House Block, Minneapolis, and 162 East Third street, corner of Jackson, St. Paul. Address letters to Chas. E. Dixon, Acting Cit Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Paul, F. H. Anson, General Northwestern Passenger Agent, Minneapolis, or Louis Eckstein, Assistant General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.

Wisconsin Central Line.

The Parlor Sleeping and Palace Car Route to Chicago.

Departing trains from	Minneapolis.	St. Paul
Chicago Day express:	A 12:10 m.	12:45 p. m.
Chicago night express	A 7:35 p. m.	8:15 p. m.
Prentice and Ashland	A 7:35 p. m.	8:15 p. m.
Trains Arrive at	Minneapolis.	St. Paul
Chicago fast express	A 7:50 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
Prentice and Ashland	A 7:50 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
Chicago day express	A 4:20 p. m.	3:40 p. m.

A Daily. B Daily except Sunday.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

All trains carry elegant day coaches, superb sleepers and luxurious dining cars without change between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. For tickets, rates, berths in sleepers, and all detailed information apply to the

CITY OFFICES

Minneapolis—No 19, Nicollet House Block, Corner of Nicollet and Washington Avenues. F. H. Anson, Northwestern Passenger Agent,

W. S. Mellen, General Manager. James Barker, Gen'l Pass'r & T'k't A'g't Milwaukee.

St. Paul—No. 173, east Third street, Merchant's Hotel block. C. E. Robb, City Ticket Agent.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

MISS EVA M. BROWN, only daughter of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry fame, is the private secretary of Henry H. Faxon, of Quincy, Mass.

THERE are fifty manufactories of imitation butter in Germany. A factory in Mannheim produces daily 6,000 pounds from a preparation of cocoanuts.

THE highest individual taxpayer in Boston is Joshua Montgomery Sears, who in 1889 paid $50,950.55; next is Frederick L. Ames, who contributes $42, 172.67.

Two years ago it cost the Boston & Maine Railroad Company $100,000 to keep its tracks clear. This winter the snow plow has not made a single trip.

A BED of rock salt, over 100 feet in depth, has been struck by gas prospectors at Wadsworth, Ohio. The salt is 2600 feet below the earth's surface.

A SINGLE lemon tree in Caloosahatchie, Fla., has on it over 5,000 lemons, many of which weigh a pound each. It is predicted that Florida will soon become the greatest lemon-growing country in the world.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has consented to open the public library and art gallery building presented by Andrew Carnegie to the city of Allegheny, Pa. The ceremony will take place about the 11th inst.

THE Chicago Journal expresses the opinion that if Marquis de Mores doesn't have any better success in killing M. Dreyfus than he did in slaughtering sheep in Dakota there won't be much gore spilled.

SOMEBODY whose hand writing is unidentified grables a quotation in the following fashion: "It is easier for a poor man to get along with one suspender than to get through the eye of a needle."

ON the roof of the New York hospital building will be a garden, probably inclosed in glass, where patients can enjoy the cool breezes that blow over the house-tops. Here there will be flowers, plants, an aquarium, seats, and hammocks.

A BOSTON paper reports that within the last few days all the manufacturers of cordage and binding twine have formed an association that will have the effect of wiping out their differences, and will also help them financially.

JEREMIAH SMITH of Morgan county, Ohio, has a cat which is known by the neighbors as "solar spectrum." From the tip of its tail to the end of its nose there are distributed all the colors of the rainbow. Its nose shines like a carbuncle and there are several shades of violet on the fore legs.

AN anonymous donor has given $500,000 to establish a convalescent home for the London poor. He maintains that when a patient has gone through a severe illness in a hospital, it is only inviting a serious return of disease to send him or her back to their squalid home before having gained full strength.

WESTERN Pennsylvania real estate is always in danger of a heavy deline. A large section of land at the mining town of Plains, near Wilkesbarre, has settled into an exhausted mine, and the cemetery of the town is close to the edge of the big grave, and likely to tumble into it.

IN Georgetown, D. C., in a humble cottage which rents for $20 a month, lives the only surviving grandchild of Thomas Jefferson. Her name is Mrs. Septimia Randolph Meikleham, widow of David S. Meikleham, long since dead. She is now in her 76th year, a cultured, amiable, venerable old lady, with two daughters and one son in her household.

JUSTICE, a London paper, has been giving the results of some curious calculations, which, if correct, will make a fellow a little cautious about guessing on the size of a crowd, and offering to bet his last dollar that he is right. According to the calculator on the staff of Justice, all the people in the world, about 1,400,000,000, could stand in a field ten miles square, and, by the aid of telephones, could be addressed by a single speaker.

IT is telegraphed from San Francisco that one John Erickson, an ignorant Norwegian, has been favored of the Lord with visions of the destruction of San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda by a great earthquake tidal wave within eighty days. On the same day also Chicago will be destroyed by a wave from Lake Michigan. The date for these unpleasant occurrences is fixed for April 19. He says, by the way, that the divine voice sounds like one speaking over a telephone.

THE sun during January is 3000 miles nearer the earth than it is at midsummer. Winter cold is due to the fact that the sun's beams strike the earth less directly, while in summer they beam from nearly overhead at midday. It is, however, true that the sun's nearness in Winter moderates the cold weather to some extent, as its greater distance in Summer lessens the heat of that season. In the southern hemisphere these conditions are reversed and our Winter is their Summer, and vice versa. This explains why Africa, Australia and South America are in warm latitudes less suited for human habitation than are like Northern climes. Fortunately much the larger part of the earth's inhabitable surface lies north of the equator than south of it.

NEWS BREVITIES.

The Latest Telegraphic News Culled from Associated Press Dispatches.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

The coroner's jury in the Tracy fire at Washington has rendered a verdict that the cause of the fire is unknown, and that the loss of life was largely due to its exceptionally rapid spread.

President Harrison, Vice President Morton and all the members of the cabinet, in view of the recent affliction in the families of Secretaries Blaine and Tracy, have recalled all invitations to public receptions and dinners until after Lent.

RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

Two freight trains collided near St. Thomas, Ont. Engineer John Cook was killed, a number of other trainmen were seriously injured and about thirty cars totally wrecked.

James Bury, Fred Young and Frank Chapman, all residents of Sombra, Ont., were drowned by the capsizing of their boat while returning from Marine City, Mich.

A sad accident occurred in Carrolton, near New Orleans. Eight boys, all residents of the upper city, secured two pinnaces and started out to take a ride on the river. There was a strong current running at the time, and, despite their efforts, the yawls were hurled by the current against some barges, causing both boats to upset and seven of the eight youths were thrown into the river and drowned.

The water has receded far enough to permit a rough estimate of the damage done at Oregon City by the flood. While much of the machinery in the mills at that place is covered by sediment carried in by the current and it is impossible to obtain a correct estimate of damage, it is thought $125,000 will cover the loss. It is estimated by the Southern Pacific officials that it will take $1,500 men one month to repair the railroad track damaged by the flood between Roseburg and Ashland, a distance of about 140 miles. Six miles of track was completely carried out.

The worst storm in years has been raging throughout Western Pennsylvania. Snow, hail, rain and wind have been playing havoc. In the mountains the storm raged with terrific fury, and reports are coming in of serious damage to property. At Blairsville, Pa., the large glass factory was demolished by the wind. Charles E. Barr general manager, and William Burney, one of the firm was instantly killed, and a workman, whose name could not be learned, was injured. Mr. Burney's body was immediately taken from the wreck. Mr. Barr's remains were recovered two hours later.

The four children of Jacob B. Slater were skating on the lake at Pinnewater, about six miles from Kingston, N. Y., when the ice, which was but a few inches in thickness, gave way and the little ones were precipitated into the water. Their shouts were heard by the members of the family, who lived near by, and the father and mother rushed to the resue. By the time they reached the lake the four children had disappeared beneath the ice. The mother, frantic with the thought of her drowning children, rushed upon the ice, which gave way with her weight, and she sank beneath the surface. Mr. Slater then attempted to reach his wife, and he, too, was drowned.

SINFUL SIFTINGS.

At Muncie, Ind., Eli Ladd, a notorious colored man threatened to kill a druggist but was himself killed by a posse, but not until after he had injured two of them.

W. E. Crowley, cashier of the Farmers' State bank, of Sullivan, Ind., stabbed himself and then fired his barn. Mrs. Crowsley is a raving maniac over her husband's act.

W. P. Belden was probably fatally stabbed by his brother-in-law, J. H. Wing, in Chicago. The street was filled with people on their way to the theater, and the bloody act they witnessed caused several ladies to faint.

A brakeman on the Northern Central left a switch open at Marsh's Run, near Harrisburg, Pa., and a passenger train crashed into a freight. Arthur Emerton of Baltimore was the only one killed.

Robert Moorman, who was confirmed by the United States senate postmaster at Newberry, S. C., shot and killed Lee Schultze, a well known railroad contractor, at Fishdam, S. C.

Written charges have been filed, alleging malfeasance in office and wrongful conversion of public money aggregating $2,000, against Mayor John A. Patterson of Creston, Iowa.

At Appleton, Minn., three drunken Indians engaged in a fight with knives and tomahawks. Two of them were seriously injured, one of them perhaps fatally. The person who sold the whiskey will receive the attention of the authorities.

Over $170,000 of specie bonds were stolen from the purser's safe during the voyage of the steamer Klat from Buenos Ayres to Antwerp. The money was part of a large shipment from the Argentine capital to Antwerp banks.

In a saloon row at Central City, N. Mex., Henry Brooks, a colored soldier, shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Dallin, a colored woman named Carrie Drug and seriously wounded a second man. Brooks was wounded himself in the affray.

The general store of Harding & Wolsey at Vincent, Iowa, was entered by burglars and several hundred dollars in silk goods and groceries stolen. The village is sparsely settled, and the theives evidently carried off their booty in a large wagon.

Charles Miller, son of a prominent farmer, was arrested for murder at Lebanon, Ind. The victim of the alleged murderer was Geo. Purdy, who was shot in October, 1888. Purdy was killed for shouting for one of the presidential candidates.

6Edmund Noonan, late clerk of the city court of Alton, Ill.; Frederick Valbracht, late deputy sheriff, and J. B. Thornton, late deputy sheriff, and J. B. Thornton, late deputy clerk of the same court, were arrested in Alton for illegally issuing naturalization papers.

An intoxicated man entered the Methodist church at Hudson, Wis., during services, and passing up to the pulpit offered the pastor, Rev. John Tressidder, a drink. The divine took the bottle and filed it away for future reference, while the intruder was run off to the calaboose. The episode created quite a sensation in the house of worship.

A burglar entered the house of Ranson Floyd, a wealthy farmer aged seventy-three years, near Westport, N. Y., and struck the old man with a club, knocking him senseless and murdering his wife. The house was ransacked, but nothing was taken, as the burglar was evidently frightened by his awful deed. There were two certified checks, amounting to $2,-275, and $275 in money left untouched in a bureau drawer.

During services in a Virginia country church about thirty miles from Sparta, N. C., Rev. Joseph M. Stook said: "There is a man in this congregation who is so mean and unfaithful to his wife that it is a wonder God does not rain down fire and brimstone upon his head and consume him." Thomas Coleman resented the speech, when a riot ensued in which Coleman and Deacon Jeremiah Ferguson were killed and Deacons Edward Clausen, Robert Edwards and John Peeby were injured.

The Cincinnati Cremation society has discharged its superintendent, Valentine Heiman, and he has been put under bond by a magistrate to answer to the charge of grand larceny. The articles stolen were coffins. At the crematory the bodies are removed from the casket, and it has been the understanding that the caskets were broken up and burned. Recently it has been discovered that, instead of burning them the thrifty superintendent has sold them, sometimes as low as $1 each, to thrifty village undertakers.

1 A man was found hanging to a tree in the woods about two miles from the county line in St Louis county, Minn. About all that could be learned the man was apparently about forty-five years old, with a big black beard. The upper part of the face had turned black, giving the idea that the body had been hanging some time. From appearances it is believed that the man committed suicide. Nobody is missing from Northern Pacific Junction and no further details can be secured.

Postoffice inspectors at Chicago have arrested D. O. Gallear, J. O. McFadden, G. E. McFadden, G. E. McFadden, Jr., and Annie Burns, who are charged with carrying on several schemes for defrauding innocent country people. They have several names under which they operated. They received a great deal of mail, and have defrauded a number of people. The postal authorities have received more than one thousand complaints from various parts of Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana.

Four bodies were found thirty miles southeast of Purcell, Kansas, by two cowboys. Near by was a mover's wagon and harness, the horses having been taken away. The corpses were those of a man apparently fifty years old with four bullet holes; a woman apparently about the same age with two bullet holes, a young woman apparently twenty years old shot through the head, and a boy of fifteen shot in the forehead. The cowboys report that the killing probably occurred ten days ago.

FOREIGN CULLINGS.

Cardinal Pecci, brother of the pope, who has been ill for several days with pneumonia, died at Rome.

A mob made a demonstration at Rio Janerio, Brazil, before the residence of Gen. Da Fonseca, president of the provisional government, in favor of a dictatorship. They urged Da Fonseca to assume the position of dictator for a period of five years. Gen. Da Fonseca did not put in an appearance, but caused the mob to be dispersed by the police. Among the mob were many soldiers. The president, in a subsequent interview, said he was opposed to a dictatorship, and that the demonstration was distasteful to him.

Details of a fatal water spout near Nanking, China, last month, which caused the loss of 100 lives were brought by the China steamer. Nanking is located on the great Yang tse Kiang river. One day in the early part of January the people along river were alarmed by hearing a great rushing noise as though a reservoir had suddenly given away. A moment later they saw the sun obscured by two black clouds and a thick fog enveloped them. The rush of these clouds raised enormous waves in the river. They moved up the stream at lightning speed until they reached the town of Tset Lichow, where they burst asunder with a report like the discharge of artillery. The river at that time was full of junks and sampans, which were swamped and their occupants thrown into the water. Over 100 were drowned before help could reach them but 50 were rescued.

By prompt action the French government nipped the bud what was apparently intended to be a royalist coup d'etat, modeled after Louis Napoleon's mad descent upon Boulogne, and the only consequence is that the duke of Orleans, eldest son of the count of Paris, is now in custody. The duke arrived in Paris, bearing a letter written and signed by the count de Paris, announcing to the faithful and to all others the count's abdication. He also had with him a manifesto addressed to the people of France. The count of Paris abdicates the throne he never possessed. He consequently abdicates his claims as pretender, and, in virtue of his abdication, all his claims, rights and titles descend to his eldest son, the young gentleman now in the hands of the authorities—Philippe Louis Robert, duke d' Orleans. This gentleman is therefore not merely one of many vagrant princes, but the actual pretender to the throne in virtue of his claims as the heir of Louis Philippe, and also as the heir of the old Bourbon line.

IN GENERAL.

The affairs of the three wrecked New York banks have been straightened and will resume business.

John Reid & Co., one of the oldest ship building firms on the Clyde, have failed, with heavy liabilities.

Maj. Liebert, ten lieutenants, two doctors, and twenty-nine sergeants will shortly leave Berlin for East Africa, where they will join the forces under command of Maj. Wissmann.

It is reported that the water in the St. Lawrence river has risen so high that there is six feet of it in some of the streets of La Prairie. A serious flood is anticipated.

One hundred citizens of Point township, near Chillicothe, Ohio, tired of an epidemic of crime, organized into a jailing club and in one night made thirty-six arrests.

At Mount Carmel, Ill., the Alaska shaft, the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company's largest colliery, closed indefinately. One thousand hands are thrown out of employment.

An appeal has been received at Richmond, Va., signed by 350 citizens of Granville county, which says the farmers are suffering for the necessaries of life, owing to the failure of the crops.

Republicans of the Fourth Pennsylvania congressional district have nominated State Senator John E. Rayburn for the vacancy in congress caused by the death of William D. Kelley.

Frank M. Clark, a Chicago lawyer who would like a $2,000,000 slice of Duluth, said that he was associated with several others who were furnishing the means to prosecute the case. He was convinced the plaintiffs would win, and said the present claimants had no basis for their alleged ownership of the property.

An assistant United States attorney is at Gorden Ohio investigating a fraudulent pension case. Some time ago a pension was granted to Nancy Smith, because she was the widow of a soldier. Not long ago the district attorney was informed that Nancy Smith was not the widow of the soldier in question, but had been divorced from him many years before his death.

Dispatches received from Minnesota at New York announcing the collapse of the American National Building and Loan association gave great satisfaction to the building association officers of that city and Brooklyn, who have for some time been warring against this and other speculative concerns which have been trading on the good name of the local building associations everywhere.

The Methodist church intends to found a national university in Washington City and arrangements are making for the purchase of a ninety-acre tract of land on the Tenallytown road, near Oakview, ex-President Cleveland's country home, as a site for the university. Bishop Hurst, whose residence is in Washington, is at the head of the movement, and has paid an option of $1,000 on the property, which is to be sold for $100,000.

All county treasurers in Iowa have had notices served upon them that an injunction has been issued from the United States court restaining them from collecting taxes levied against the Pullman Palace Car company. The company has been fighting these assessments for several years, and this injunction is the result of a test case brought by treasurer Ryan of Webster county. The assessment against the Pullman company is $50 per mile on all roads over which their cars run, and the suit involves thousands of dollars in annual taxes.

THE MARKETS.

The Latest Quotations from Western Markets.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—No. 2, Spring, 75⅛c.; No 3 Spring 62@72c.; No. 2 red, 75⅞c.
CORN—No. 2, 28⅝@29c.
OATS—No. 2, 20½@30c.
RYE—No. 2, 44c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 55@57c.
FLAX SEED—$1.35½.
BUTTER—Quiet and unchanged.
EGGS—Quiet at 13½c.

ST. PAUL.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 78@79c.; No. 1 Northern, 76@77c.; No. 2 northern; 74@75c.
CORN—No. 3, 27½c.
OATS—No. 2 mixed, 20c.; No. 2 white, 21c.; No. 3, 19½c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 45@50c.; No. 3, 38@42c.
RYE—No. 2, 34c.
GROUND FEED—No. 1, $10.50@11.25.
BRAN—Bulk, $6.50@8.
HAY—Upland prairie, $6@6.75; No. 1, $5.50; timothy, $8.
EGGS—Fresh, $4.80@5.10.
BUTTER—Extra creamery, 20c.; dairy 14@15c; roll and print, 8@10c.

MINNEAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 79c; No. 1 Northern, 77@77½c; No. 2 Northern, 73½@75c.
FLOUR—Patents, sacks to local dealers, $4.75@4.80; patents to ship, sacks, car lots, $4.15@4.50; in barrels, $4.30@4.60; bakers' here, $3@3.40; superfine, $1.70@2.25; red dog sacks, $1@1.20; red dog barrels, $1.25@1.50.
CORN—Samples, 25@26c;
OATS—Mixed, 19@20½c; white 20@22c; No. 2, 21½@22c.
BARLEY—23@44c.
HAY—Upland prairie, $7.50; common wild, $5@6.50.
BUTTER—Fair to fancy creamery, 14@20c. per lb; dairies, medium to fancy, 10@12c.; grease and packing stock, 4@5½c.

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 72@74c; No. 1 Northern, 81c.
CORN—No. 3, 28c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 23½@24c.
RYE—No. 1, 44c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 42½c.
EGGS—Fresh, 14c.
BUTTER—Dairy, 15@17c.
CHEESE—Cheddars, 9@9½.c

Prohibition Decision in North Dakota.

The anxiously awaited verdict of the supreme court in the case of Frank Ohlquist vs. The Sheriff of Grand Forks County, being nominally the test liquor case, was handed down Fargo. The syllabus is as follows:

Where a party was held by a magistrate for a violation of the law against selling intoxicating liquor as a beverage, without license, in force on that subject when the constitution was adopted, and committed in default of bail, and brought before the court on habeas corpus proceedings, claiming that he was unlawfully restrained of his liberty because all pre-existing laws against selling intoxicating liquor without license were repealed by an article 20 of the constitution (being the prohibition article), as being repugnant thereto, held:

First—That, if article 20 of the constitution by self-executing, and operative, it repeals the present existing license law, including penalties.

Second—But held, further, that said article is not self-executing; that it cannot be enforced by the penalties in the former license law; that the provision in that article that "the legislative assembly shall by law prescribe regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of this article, and shall provide suitable penalties for the violation thereof," clearly indicates the intention of the constitutional con vention that supplemental legislation should be the means of enforcing said article.

Third—Further, that until said supplemental legislation is had article 20, while prohibitory in form, is in fact a declaration of principles only, and without force to repeal the prior license law. Hence the relator's restraint is not unlawful, and he is remanded back to custody.

SIOUX RESERVATION

It is Opened at Last---The President's Proclamation Issued.

Tremendous Rush of People For the Coveted Indian Lands.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram.—The president issued his proclamation throwing open to settlement the great Sioux reservation in South Dakota at noon to-day. The rush for "the ground floor," which made trouble at Oklahoma, has been anticipated by the government. At the department of the interior, which now has on its list about 8,000,000 acres of the public domain which it did not have this morning, the event of the proclamation made a visible stir. Trouble is expected, but preparations have been made to reduce it to a minimum. Four chiefs of divisions will be sent at once to organize the land offices at Pierre and Chamberlain. Six special agents of that department will have watch of the police regulations. The war department is ready to send troops from Fort Pierre if the emergency demands it. This, however, is not anticipated. The president has by an executive order divided the old land districts somewhat, so that when the offices are established at Pierre and Chamberlain work on surveyed lands can begin at once. The order takes Brule county out of the Mitchell district and adds it to

CHAMBERLAIN DISTRICT,

and takes Hughes and Sully counties from the Huron district and adds them to the Pierre district. These three counties are thinly settled and the lands are all surveyed. They will be taken early in the game, it is expected, and as the survey lines are drawn the land office can begin business there at once. Meantime surveyors in large force will be sent into the reservation to keep ahead of the settlers. It was said at the interior department to-day that the new land offices would be ready to do business within ten days. Secretary Noble sent word to the senators and representatives from South Dakota that recommendations for receivers and registers for the land offices must be made at once, that the appointments might be sent to the senate tomorrow if possible. That delegation met in caucus to-night and discussed candidates. They will reach a conclusion at another meeting to-morrow morning. The four officers will be selected from the following candidates: Aiken of Sully county, Moore of Benson county, Bailey of Faulk county, Royer of Jerauld county, La Follette of Aurora county, Milan of Hand county and Robinson of Hyde county.

THE NEW LAND DISTRICTS.

By executive order issued to-day two land offices have been established for the territory recently ceded to the United States by the Sioux Indians. The land office for the northern district is located at Pierre, and for the southern district at Chamberlain. The boundaries of the Chamberlain district are as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southern boundary of the State of South Dakota at the southeast corner of the Black Hills land district; thence from the eastern boundary of said land district to a point where the line of the second standard parallel north extended west from the Missouri river intersects said eastern boundary of the Black Hills land district; thence east on said standard parallel to the east bank of the Missouri river; thence following the bank of said river down to a point where the second standard parallel intersects said river at a point in range 73 west; thence east on said parallel to the northeast corner of township 108 north, range 68 west; thence south to between townships 67 and 68 west to the southeast corner of township 106 north, range 68 west; thence east on the line between townships 105 and 103 north, to the northeast corner of township 105 north, range 67 west; thence south on the line between ranges 66 and 67 west to the base line between townships 100 and 101 north; thence west on said base line to the Missouri river; thence along the same, southeasterly, to the 43d parallel, thence crossing the Missouri river and running due west to place of beginning.

The boundaries of the Pierre district are described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the north bank of the Missouri river in township 109 north, where the range line between ranges 73 and 74 west intersects the same; thence running north on a line running between ranges 73 and 74 west to the third standard parallel north; thense west to the east boundary of the Fort Sully military reservation; thence south to the southeast corner of said reservation to the Missouri river; thence up the east bank of said river standard parallel when extended to the 102d meridian; thence south along said meridian to the northern boundary of the land district as last above described; thence along said north boundary of said last named land district to the place of beginning.

All that part of the ceded lands south of the forty-third parallel, north latitude, is added to the O'Neill (Neb.) land district, and the jurisdiction of the State of Nebraska is extended over it. The Black Hills, the Huron and the Mitchell land districts are changed so as to conform to the districts above described.

Indian Inspector Armstrong will leave Washington to-night for the Sioux reservation. It will be his special duty to see that none of the settlers who enter the reservation under the president's proclamation intrude upon the diminished Indian reservation lands.

THE MAD RUSH.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Special Telegram.—The loud intonation of a cannon this afternoon startled the crowd of people camped here awaiting an opportunity to get upon the Sioux lands, which turned out to be a signal that the proclamation had been issued and was intended as a warning to the crowd of town site boomers secreted in the heavy timber on American island to get upon the coveted bottom on the west side of the river. Immediately representatives of the various combinations sent here for the purpose of securing this tract were in motion, and teams of lumber were at once started on a dead run across the river, but it was plainly evident that the local town site boomers had secured an important advantage by reason of their closer proximity to the lands. It was a grand sight viewed from the high bluffs on the east side of the river to see the stream of teams bearing great loads of lumber dashing on a dead run across the river up on to the American island, which lies between this city and the reservation, and finally lost sight of in the heavy timber which covers the island. Several thousand people gathered upon the bluff to see as many more take part in this exciting scene. The Indian police, to the number of nearly one hundred, who had been placed as a guard to prevent any premature invasion, stood dazed and stunned as they viewed the great and irresistible rush for the reservation. They were perfectly powerless to prevent it. But the most novel sight of all was the moving of reasonably large buildings, under which had been placed heavy timbers and wheels, on a dead run for the coveted lands. It took but a few minutes for the several sections of land on the valuable bottom to be literally covered with claimants, and it will take a score of Philadelphia lawyers to solve the problem as to who are the rightful owners.

NORTH DAKOTA SAVED.

The Iniquitous Lottery Bill is Indefinitely Postponed by its Friends in the House.

BISMARCK, Special Telegram.—The lottery scheme suddenly culminated to-day. Leading friends of the bill agreed during the forenoon that they would kill it themselves. At the afternoon session George Walsh of Grand Forks, to the great surprise of the minority, the audience and many of the supporters of the bill, moved that it be indefinitely postponed and the senate so advised. E. A. Williams advocated the adoption of the resolution. It was unanimously adopted and the bill indefinitely postponed. This unexpected movement can be attributed to the inability of the friends of the scheme to get two-thisds of the house, and the folly of passing it without two-thirds. The indignation meetings, protests and newspaper attacks contributed to defeat the bill. It is true, however, that the claim of the lottery advocates did not exceed forty out of the accessary forty-two, and the vote in the house on preliminary motions did not show more than thirty-seven favorable. Both sides seemed pleased that they are rid of the elephant. C. Wilson, passing as a correspondent of the Chicago Times for a month past, turns out to be a Pinkerton detective. It is supposed that he has been keeping "cases" on the members of the legislature and all others concerned in the lottery. As a sequel to this department sensation, the senate has gone into the investigating business on a wholesale scale.

SEVERAL THINGS TO BE AIRED.

Senator Bell of Walsh county introduced the following, which was adopted with one dissenting voice, Rowe of Cass:

Whereas, It has been frequently stated and rumored that corrupt means and money have been used to nominate and elect the state officers and United States senators and the passage of Senate Bill 167 in the senate (lottery bill), be it

Resolved by the senate, That a select committee of five, to consist of three Republicans and two Democrats, to-wit: Senators Robinson of Trail, Haggart of Cass, McBride of Cavalier, Harmon of Morton and McCormack of Grand Forks, be appointed to investigate the election of United States senators, the nomination and election of the state officers, and the passage of Senate Bill 167, and that the committee is hereby empowered to send for persons and papers and to administer oaths, and they are further instructed to enter at once upon their duties and report at the earliest day possible.

BECKER LEAVES HELENA.

Democrats Provide a Special Train, and the Senator is now Safe in Spokane Falls.

HELENA, Mont., Special Telegram, —Before Senator Becker was excused from paying his fine Saturday night he made a voluntary and unconditional promise that he would be here and attend the session of the senate this morning. On his word of honor freely given, he was released from custody and allowed the freedom of the city after the senate adjourned. When the senate met this morning he was absent, and inquiry soon developed that the Democrats had induced him to go West last night by special train, and at 7 o'clock this morning he had crossed the Idaho boundary and was beyond pursuit. The Democrats are rejoicing over his escape, but the Republicans are indignant and chagrined at being so easily duped. The Democrats justify Becker's flight by saying that his promise was a political one, and not binding. The effect of his flight will be to throw doubt on the legislation enacted Saturday night. None of the bills passed have yet been signed, and the Democrats claim that they cannot now be legally signed by the lieutenant governor, inasmuch as the law says that the president must sign all bills in the presence of the senate, and argue that this requires a quorum. The Republicans, however, argue that the signing of bills is a business that not eequire a quorum, and the probability is that all laws passed Saturday night will be signed to-morrow by the presiding officers of both houses and presented to the governor. Of course he will not sign them, nor can he veto them without officially recognizing the Republican legislature. In case he does neither they become laws by limitation in five day after he receives them. Ultimately it is expected the Democrats will test them in the courts. The gratifying fact remains that the state expenses are provided for and will be paid as they come due. It is said to-night that Gov. Toole will call an extra session of the legislature as soon as the present session expires on the 20th inst.

TO GO FURTHER WEST.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special Telegram, —Five of the delinquent Montana senators have been in Spokane Falls since Thursday of last week. This morning Senator Becker made his appearance among them. Those now here are as follows: Senators Becker, Thornton, Hennesey, Reed, Parberry and Baker. The senators will leave in the morning for Tacoma.

ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

Something About the Condition of North Dakota Farmers.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Special Telegram, —Hon. H. T. Helgeson, state commissioner of agriculture, has just issued an address to the public explaining the situation in the drouth-stricken counties at some length, and making an appeal for assistance. He says the suffering for want of provisions, clothing, fuel and feed for stock in several counties is unprecedented and needs some authoritative explanation. He says:

The destitution is most exclusively confined to the newer portions of the state, where the settlements date back only two, three and four years, except Nelson and Ramsey counties, which have been settled acout six years. These new settlements were, like the earliest settlements of most new countsies, composed largely of people whose resources would have been largely taxed to succeed and keep themselves above want with favorable seasons. But just as they were becoming started in their new homes an unprecedented train of disasters overtook them and swept away the results of their labors. The assessed valuation of the state, about one-third of the true valuation, was last year $66,857,436.30, not including the $20,000,000 in railroads not assessed. It should also be noted that only a little over 10,000,-000 acres of 47,500,000 in the state are assessed, and then at the low average of $4 an acre. Millions of acres are not assessed, though often highly cultivated and containing good buildings, because the occupants have not proved up homesteads, etc., lands not being taxable until patents are issued and settlers being allowed seven years' occupancy of the land before proving up. From this it will be seen that the state has an enormous reserve fund, and there is something to show for every dollar of indebtedness. In the counties named there are not less than 5,000 people dependent wholly or in part on outside help for this winter and until they can raise another crop, and a still larger number are needing some assistance in the way of feed for stock. The railroads will bring supplies free of freight charges from St. Paul. All supplies contributed should be shipped in care of the commissioner at Grand Forks, who will distribute them according to needs of destitute.

SOUTH DAKOTA SOLONS.

A Number of Important Measures Passed by the House..

PIERRE, S. D., Special Telegram, —A number of bills passed the house today, the most important being as follows:

For the taxing of land chattels in the name of the real party in interest; to provide for the mortgaging of real estate by guardians; to create a bureau of labor statistics; to encourage the construction of artesian Wells; to amend the Laws of 1887 relating to the advertising of delinquent tax on real estate; asking the members of the legislature to donate one-half their per diem, making a total of $52,350, to be placed in the hands of the governor for distribution.

In the upper house to-day but little business os general interest was transacted. A bill was passed prohibiting the sale of tobacco to children under sixteen. The governor sent in a message announcing an opinion of the supreme court that the state indebtedness cannot be created for the purpose of buying seed wheat for the needy. A bill was then introduced providing for liens upon crops and for the levy of a tax to secure the payment of the price of seed grain.

Object to a Slot Machine.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Special—Thirty-two conductors, the entire force of the People's Street Car company, struck to-day. The cause of their grievance was that the company instructed them to use a cash fare register shaped like a coffee pot. The company gave orders for the men to present the muzzle of this peculiar contrivance to the passenger, who would drop his nickel in the slot.

Their Minds Relieved.

FERGUS FALLS, Special, Telegram—Robert Acola, the young Finn who shot his father dead some time ago and was found insane, has just died at St. Peter of pneumonia. His friends have always been afraid he would escape from the asylum and kill some more of the family, and are not a little relieved.

To Interest St. Paul Capitalists.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special Telegram, —L. C. Dillman, a leading real estate and mining operator of this city, left to-day for St Paul to confer with capitalists of that city concerning a mining enterprise of immense magnitude. The scene of the proposed operations is in the Kootenai district.

Seven Buildings Burned.

MORRIS, Special.—Early this forenoon a fire originated in the grocery store of F. A. Hancock, destroying seven buildings in a business row. The contents of two buildings are a total loss, but the contents of the others were saved. Loss, $43,-200; insurance, $19,800.

Found Dead in Their Rooms.

FERGUS FALLS, Special, Telegram—Catherine Buckholz, the servant girl in the family of George Miles, was found dead in her room. A short time ago the servant in the family or Jacob Nichels was found under quite similar circumstances. There is no evidence to sustain a theory of suicide.

Perished in a Blizzard.

WILLOW CITY, N. D., Special Telegram, —Barnard Vollmer, seventy-five years of age, was lost in the storm Thursday night and was frozen to death. Mrs. Cota of Dunseith was frozen to death the same evening.

KEPT OFF BY TROOPS

Boomers at Pierre Turned Back From the Reservation by the Military.

Attempts to Cross the River Result in the Wounding of a Settler.

PIERRE, S. D., Special Telegram, —The situation here over the proclamation opening the Sioux reservation to-night and to-day has been nearly the same as last night. The crowd continues to mass along the river, with no signs of abatement in the excitement. The evening trains brought in a large addition to the throng, the cars being loaded down, and many being compelled to ride outside. The weather continues warm, and all circumstances seem to combine to make the situation exciting and make everything favorable for the settlers and boomers. Last night the attempts to cross over on the promised land were kept up all night, and it seems that the boomers never sleep. The soldiers are being constantly taxed to their utmost in their attempts to keep the excited crowd at bay, and unless reinforcements are had immediately there is no possibility of them holding out. Another attempt was made by the South Pierre boomers last night about 11 o'clock. They had over twenty-five teams with wagons loaded with lumber and supplies, and managed by closest secrecy to entirely cross the ice about one mile below this city and just above what is known as Farm island. They were discovered by a sentry just as they were driving up a steep hill near the bank of the river. The sentry attempted to raise the alarm, but was siezed from behind by parties who had been lying in ambush, and was carried to the wagons and bound hand and foot and laid in the bushes. The boomers steadily proceeded over the hill to the number of about 500, and had almost succeeded in getting beyond the lines when they were discovered. The skirmishing party

COMMENCED AN ATTACK

to raise the alarm and fired over the heads of the boomers. Immediately a company of mounted infantry were dispatched from Fort Pierre, and were soon in hot pursuit. The boomers commenced to scatter in all directions, but were nearly all captured. One was shot in the leg—V. E. Prentice, a great town site boomer who has five additions to this city and is a real estate partner of Senator R. F. Pettigrew. Prentice was taken to the guard house at Fort Pierre, and the military authorities refuse to give him up to friends in this city. The boomers returned to this side all worn out and somewhat discouraged with the loss of ten teams and wagons loaded with supplies. About the same time the South Pierre boomers were making this attempt another crowd, though somewhat smaller, made a desperate effort about a half mile north at the boat landing. This crowd were all on foot, and were accompanied by only five light wagons and about twenty on horses, nearly two hundred in all. They succeeded, finally, in making the other bank. When discovered the boomers made a grand rush up the river bank and scattered in all directions. The wagons all escaped into the interior of the reservation, and about half of the boomers are scattered over the lands. The other half of the boomers were returned to the city, and were used very roughly by the soldiers. After this all was quiet. Your correspondent crossed at the mouth of Bad river and went through the brush on hands and knees, and up through the streets of Fort Pierre. Guards were all around, and the people of Fort Pierre were asking for permiision to cross the river and get food and delicacies, but

THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES

refused to allow the permission. Soldiers have looted stores in the village and bulldozed the citizens to give them eatables until the citizens are in bad shape. The correspondent learned that the military are losing confidence. The boomers are getting too numerous, and the soldiers are getting worn out doing double duty. Many are sick with the grip, and, to one not used to the conditions, constant watching has overdone them. Officers say that unless reinforcements arrive the boomers will not have much trouble to evade the guards. Your correspondent went over to learn the exact situation. No one is allowed to cross the river either way, and a strong guard is kept opposite the city. One line is along the bank of the river, and the other is on the ice. I managed to evade the first guard my crossing in the center of the stream over a portion of the ice marked dangerous. Twice it broke through, and it will not be able to withstand the rush of boomers tomorrow. The correspondent sneaked back of Fort Pierre and found many houses dotting the land west of the mile square, built by Indians and half-breeds, who will claim all the land adjacent to the mile square. I found several boomers building houses on the quiet, but all were burned by the soldiers this morning. All night long boomers were sneaking over in ones and twos, and many escaped the guard. Prominent citizens of this place were caught and returned to the city, the guard house at Fort Pierre being full. This morning a squad of Indian police found a colony of boomers ten miles west of here. The police burned the houses and effects of the boomers, and carried their prisoners up to Fort Sully. The boomers are getting anxious, and it is expected that an order will be received to-morrow afternoon by the officers of the military to allow the boomers to go on the land. United States Marshal Fry arrived from Chamberlain to-night with forty deputies to assist in keeping the crowd back, and a desperate attempt will be made to-night and to-morrow not to allow any boomers to escape on the land.

COMING BY THOUSANDS.

Flat Cars Have to be Used to Furnish Boomers With Transportation.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Special Telegram, —Every incoming train is heavily loaded with settlers bound for the reservation, and the stream of humanity crossing the river is almost continuous. Several thousand have already selected claims and begun the erection of homes, the new arrivals being forced to go further into the interior or onto the town site apposite this city. The saw and hammer were plied diligently all night, and to-day several hundred buildings of a temporary nature dot the prairie. Stocks of lumber and provisions are being crossed over and by to-morrow many business houses will be in running order. Agent Anderson has ceased to attempt to remove settlers, having received instructions from Washington, but he is determined to guard the interests of the Indians intrusted to his care, and he says that if all buildings erected by settlers on lands filed upon by Indians prior to the issuing of the proclamation are not removed by sunset he will burn every one of them to the ground. The nearest approach to bloodshed yet reported was the drawing of a revolver on an Indian policeman by an excited settler when the police attempted to obstruct his entrance into the reservation. The only thing that averted

RESORTING TO EXTREMES

was the yielding of the police, or there would certainly have been a shooting affray. One interesting event to-day was the arrival of a mixed train with a number of flat cars absolutely packed with settlers, there not being a sufficient number of coaches available at this end of the line to accommodate the great crowd moving for the reservation. A special train arrived tonight containing more than 500 persons, and reports are being received from innumerable localities of the forming of colonies to start at once for the reservation. People have been disappointed so often regarding the opening of the reservation that they have been a little conservative, and the rush a week hence promises to be greater. Even with the rush at present the influx will increase from day to day. The Indians at Lower Brule, which agency contains about 2,000 red men, are in the best of humor, and enjoy hugely the incessant strife between white men for possession of lands ceded by them. The agency is on the bottom, where the great struggle is going on for possession, to be used for town site purposes. The settlers thus far have been of a desirable character, the tough element so common on the border not having put in appearance as yet, but this crowd will undoubtedly drift in as the opening of the reservation becomes generally known. Every effort is being exerted by United States Marshal Fry and his force of deputies to preserve order, and thus far excited settlers have been held in check. The reservation is being settled rapidly, but in a very orderly manner.

A LARGE PARTY

left this morning with a large stock of lumber and provisions for a point on the survey of the Milwaukee road about sixty miles in the interior, where they expect a town of respectable proportions will be built during the next few weeks. The rush continues for the west side of the river, little attention being given to the Crow creek reservation. Many of the original settlers on that domain, who are given priority by the Sioux bill, are returning and re-establishing their residence. Many return to find that during their absence new arrivals have taken possession of their lands. All of these will be compelled to vacate in favor of the settlers of 1885. In some cases there will be trouble, the new settlers manifesting a determination to stick to the land. They can accomplish nothing by this, however, as they are sure to be beaten when tried by the land office officials. A party of old timers, persons thoroughly acquainted with the reservation and who are positive that they know of the existence of coal, started out this afternoon for the purpose of prospecting and locating claims on the White river at a point about forty miles from its mouth, where they claim coal can be found in inexhaustable quantities. The Indians have frequently brought in specimens, but white persons have of late been prevented from prospecting for the mineral. The rush is on the increase to-night and interest unabated. At the present rate of settlement it would not take more than three months to settle the entire 10,000,000 acres acquired by the government.

DENIED THE MOTION.

Final Decision in a Celebrated Land Case in North Dakota.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram.—Secretary Noble to-day denied a motion for review of the case of P. McWeeney vs. Charles W. Greene, involving title to land in section 35, township 154, range 64, of the Devils Lake, N. D., district. This case was decided last summer, when a review was asked by Mary McWeeney, the wife of P. McWeeney. The land is almost in the city of Devils Lake. McWeeny held another tract when the Ward boys of Chicago were killed. He was one of the twelve who killed the Wards, and while his trial was pending was in jail at Devils Lake. Mary McGillecudy became attached to him there and married him. When McWeeny was released they went to Devils Lake. He was appointed a special officer, and was killed by Billy Oswald. The latter was sentenced to twelve years, but was pardoned by Gov. Mellette a short time before he ceased to be governor of Dakota Territory. Greene, who was in this suit, was opposed to the Creel gang, and the land in question was claimed as part of the Creel heritage on Devils Lake. After McWeeny's death his widow carried on the suit, but the last hope of securing the property vanished with the decision announced to-day. Assistant Secretary Chandler today ordered a hearing in the matter of the appeal of William Forsyth from the decision of the general land office canceling his homestead entry on the southeast quarter of section 30, township 149, range 44, in the Crookston, Minn., district.

AN IMPORTANT RULING.

A Land Decision Reversed in Favor of a Railway Company.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, —Secretary Noble has reversed the decision of Commissioner Stockslager in the case of Frank P. Olney against the Hastings & Dakota, the case involving title to a quarter of section 15, township 120, range 43 of the Benson, Minn., land district. The land was entered for settlement by a man named Olney, before the land had been surveyed, but not until after the company had filed its map of definite location. Secretary Noble rules that lands which were within the limits of the grant and had not been withdrawn from the public domain at the time of filing such map, could not be excepted from the grant, and so the company gets the lands. Although there are few acres in Minnesota that come under this ruling, it is considered an important one. Commissioner Stockslager held that such lands came under an act of 1876 and reverted to the settler. Secretary Noble says in so many words that the act of 1876 has nothing to do with the case.

MORMONS DEFEATED.

The Election in Salt Lake City a Victory for Gentiles.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Special.—The municipal elections in this city passed off quietly contrary to the general expectation. Six arrests were made for attempting to vote illegally, and these were made without any demonstration from either side. The Mormons have nothing to say on the result except that the election was carried by fraud and that they will surely contest it. They admit their defeat, but claim that the majority will not exceed 400. Official returns give George A. Scott, mayor, a majority of 809; Louis H. Yams, recorder, 539; J. B. Walden, treasurer, 695; E. R. Clute, assessor, 466; J. M. Young, marshal, 773. All are Gentiles. The remainder of the Gentile ticket, including fifteen councilmen, are elected by majorities ranging from 300 to 400. This gives them control of the municipal council for the first time in the history of the city. Mormon papers charge fraud of every description.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, Special.—The queen's speech was read at the opening of parliament to-day. It opens with a reference to the cordial relations existing between her majesty's government and all foreign countries. Portugal, it says, has acceded to the request of England in regard to Central Africa, and the Portuguese government is doing its best to maintain the friendly relations that have always existed between that country and England. The Samoan settlement is briefly alluded to, and there is a promise to lay before parliament all the papers relating to the Samoan conference and to the extradition treaty with the United States. Her majesty expresses hopes for good results from the federation movement in Australia. In home legislation Ireland will demand a prominent place in the attention of parliament.

Massacre of Exiles.

PARIS, Special.—At Kara, Eastern Siberia, the director of a prison insulted Mme. Siluda, a woman of noble birth who had been exiled for a political crime. She resented the insult and was stripped and flogged. Fearing further punishment she committed suicide, as did several of the other female political prisoners, who were fearful of receiving similar treatment. A few miles from the women's political prison at Kara is that occupied by male political convicts, who, on hearing of the tragedies, revolted en masse. Troops were called out and awful scenes followed—shooting flogging and torturing going on by the wholesale. Up to this time the Russian authorities have been able to suppress all news of the occurrence.

Will Again Be Banished.

PARIS, Special.—In the chamber of deputies a motion to repeal the law banishing pretenders to the French throne from the country was rejected—328 to 131. It is reported that the government has decided that the duke of Orleans shall be sentenced Wednesday to two years imprisonment, whereupon President Carnot will immediately pardon him and he will be escorted to the frontier and shown out of the country. The countess of Paris, mother of the imprisoned young duke, has arrived in this city. It is announced that the count has abandoned his proposed tour of America, and will return to England.

Dispersed by Police.

LISBON, Special.—An enormous crowd assembled to-day in the Place Dom Pedro, and republican orators endeavored to harangue various groups, but the police and cavalry charged the mass, which was dispersed after some fighting. Twenty-eight persons were arrested. It is a month to-day since the English ultimatum was presented to the Portuguese government, and since Portugal immediately accepted it. The demonstration planned was intended as a celebration of the desperate objection to it. The shops are partially closed, and the streets patrolled by cavalry. Agitation, smothered for the moment, is smoldering.

Wants More Than a Prison.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, —The governor and marshal of Montana sent a request to congress that an appropriation be made for a government prison in Montana. Members of the appropriation committee asked Mr. Carter about the matter, and he told them there were other appropriations that Montana wanted more than one for a prison.

Agreement With Indians.

WASHINGTON, Special—The house committee on Indian affairs to-day authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Hansbrough to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Indians of the Fort Berthold agency, North Dakota. For the purpose of carrying out the terms of the agreement the bill appropriates $80,-000 to be immediately available.

Another Sugar Trust Decision.

NEW YORK, Special.—Judge O'Brien today handed down his decision in the celebrated sugar trust case. He decided that the company should be allowed to continue its business, but continues the injunction restraining the trust from transferring its property or assets.

Doctors at Maiden Rock, Wis., have been working five days to restore Charles Schroeder to consciousness, who had a very narrow escape from being buried alive. While working at Plum City, he suddenly became unconscious and was pronounced dead. The body was taken home and two days later the funeral services were held. As he was well-known and respected a large number of people attended the services and followed the body to the grave. Just as the coffin was about to be lowered, the young man's mother asked that the coffin be opened to let her take a last look at the remains. She and others immediately noticed the natural appearance of the face, and the mother declared that he was not dead. A pin was inserted in the arm and warm blood flowed when it was withdrawn. The coffin was immediately replaced in the hearse and the young man was taken back to his home. He is still unconscious and there has been no change in his appearance, but the doctors believe that he is alive.

He Was in the Style.

One day, when Thomas Cratty, the Chicago lawyer, was a young man, he received an invitation to a swell ball. In the lower left hand corner of the invitation were the letters "R. S. V. P.," and they were too much for Cratty. He puzzled over them for a while and then went to a friend.

"What does 'R. S. V. P.' stand for?" he asked.

"Respondez s'il vous plait," replied the friend.

"Responde silver plate!" exclaimed Cratty. "What does that mean? Have I got to send my regrets on a salver?"

"No; it means 'Respond if you please.' The hostess wants an answer."

"All right. I'll send one."

Cratty went out and bought some cream colored note paper and then penned his regrets. They read:

"Mr. Cratty regrets his inability to accept Mrs. Blank's kind invitation.
"T. H. N. C."

Of course the hostess was puzzled. She couldn't make head or tail out of T. H. N. C., and so submitted the strange missive to her husband. He promptly gave it up, but resolved to secure an explanation. He Cratty and asked him about it.

"Oh, I like to be in style," said Cratty. "Proper thing to put letters down in the corner, you know."

"But don't they mean anything?"

"Of course they do. T. H. N. C.—Tom Has No Clothes."—Chicago Tribune.

The Angle Worm.

There is nothing especially interesting about the angle worm itself. It is the effect it has upon the lives of mankind, and boykind especially, that weaves a halo of interest about this otherwise uninteresting object. There are many different breeds of the angle worm, but those who need them in their business do not examine into the pedigree of those that come to hand first. Any smooth, flat, wiggly worm will do, be it mongrel or thoroughbred.

Why the denizens of the two most unstable elements, air and water, should have an appetite for the humble worm, is one of the great mysteries of nature. It is lucky for the worm that it is neither a swimmer nor flyer, and it can also thank its stars, if it ever had any, that birds and fish cannot handle a spade. If the worm would give up its habit of going to meet the early bird it could pass its life in comparative safety in the depths of its sub-cellar.

The man who discovered that fish liked worms is responsible for considerable juvenile and masculine depravity. Fishing cannot be successfully carried on without the worm. Any old tin can will do to carry the worms in.

It is almost an infallible omen when a boy is seen with a spade and can that he will be missed at school on the morrow, or when a man is seen with the same implements Saturday evening, that he will be missed at church next Sunday. It is not right to dig for angle worms on Sunday.—Texas Siftings.

A Question of Time.

A story is going the rounds about a local juryman, an Irishman, who cleverly outwitted a judge, and that without lying.

He came breathlessly into court, saying:

"Oh, my lord, if you can excuse me, pray do! I do not know which will die first, my wife or my daughter."

"Dear me! that's sad," said the innocent judge; "certainly you are excused."

The next day the juryman was met by a friend, who, in a sympathetic voice, asked:

"How's your wife?"

"She's all right, thank you?"

"And your daughter?"

"She's all right, too. Why do you ask?"

"Why, yesterday you said you did not know which would die first!"

"Nor do I. That is the problem which time alone can solve."

Old Settlers.

A certain senator from one of the new states says it isn't thought any honor in his locality to be known as an "early settler," for the reason that these early settlers were noted for other things than honesty and refinement. To illustrate this point he tells the following story: Among the members of the first legislature, which met under the new state constitution, there was an eccentric old gentleman who wishing to become acquainted with another member of the assembly representing the district adjoining his own, inquired of him as to where he was from. "Massachusetts," replied the member. "Massachusetts? Ah," said the judge. I escaped from Maine."

General Master Workman Powderly has instituted a suit for criminal libel against Hon. Edward Callaghan of Scottdale, Pa., growing out of matter written by Callaghan during his recent trouble with Powderly. Callaghan will be arrested.

It Don't Pay

to experiment with uncertain remedies, when afflicted with any of the ailments for which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is recommended, as it is so positively certain in its curative effects as to warrant its manufacturers in guaranteeing to benefit or cure, or money paid for it is returned. It is warranted to cure all blood, skin and scalp diseases, salt-rheum, tetter, and all scrofulous sores and swellings, as well as consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs) if taken in time and given a fair trial.

Don't hawk, hawk, blow, spit and disgust everybody with your offensive breath, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it.

Edward Williams Corlies, president of the Bank of America, is dead in New York.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl street, New York.

The Iowa deadlock may not wash but it certainly wears well.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, strengthens the nerves, and builds up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such is its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time, and Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. It is sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

"Serve God and Whistle."

From the Louisville Times.

Old Uncle Winchester Wallace was standing opposite the new Custom House yesterday, whistling an old time lively melody and watching a goat lick off a freshly pasted illustrated theater poster off the bill board. Col. Colin Alfriend happened along just then, and he paused to listen to the darky's merry melody as with a twinkle of delight in the whistler's eyes he watched the goat skinning the poster off the fence with his tongue. Presently Colin approached old Winchester, and, laying his heavy hand upon his shoulder, said to him:

"Old man, I've known you for many years, and I always wondered why it was that you was always in a good humor and whistling. Are you ever worried or bothered about anything? I'd like to know the secret of your happiness."

"Nuffin' don't nebber bodder me, Marse Collin, an' dey ain't no secret 'bout me bein' in er good humor all de time. I jes go on doin' two things."

"Well, what are they?"

"Serve God an' whistle. An I al'ays feels sorry fo' de man dat won't do de one an' can't do de tudder," and the gallant colonel shook hands with him and came on down the street, leaving old Winchester watching the goat and whistling that good old tune, "I'm er Gwan ter Git ter Hebben Bime By."

A QUEER ordinance was passed by the McConnelsville (O.) council recently. The substance of the ordinance was to provide for building a high fence around a certain saloon in town known as the "Blue Goose," which appellation is suggested by the peculiarly bright color of its front. The fence will be placed there so as to prohibit entrance from any other than the front door, which faces the public square, the most prominent portion of the village.

A French newspaper states that a loan of 850,000,000 francs will shortly be issued.

Worth, of Paris, has decided in favor of hoops, but they come in use slowly. In this country every body has decided that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best remedy for coughs and colds, and it's coming fast into general use. Price 25 cents.

Salvation Oil is the greatest pain-destroyer of any age or clime. For the cure of neuralgia and rheumatism it has no equal. Price only 25 cents.

Gov. Gen. Salamama of Cuba is seriously ill in Havanna.

FOR COUGHS AND THROAT DISORDERS use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—"Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

Cardinal Pecci, brother of the pope, who is suffering from pneumonia, is dying.

Nearly every article sold is cheapened, in cost of production, at expense of quality. Dobbin's Electric Soap is exactly to-day what it was in 1865, absolutely pure, harmless and uniform. Ask your grocer for it. Look out for imitations.

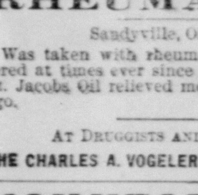
Henry M. Stanley has been elected a member of the Russian Geographical society.

A box wind matches free to smokers of "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

Six thousand people attended a reception to Dr. Talmage in Brooklyn on his arrival home.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

THE OLD ENEMY.



It is known as a painful inflammation affecting the muscles and joints of the human body, the symptoms of which are swelling of the joints, acute pains and aches. St. Jacobs Oil cures promptly and permanently this enemy which is:

RHEUMATISM.

Sandyville, Ohio, June 18, 1888.
Was taken with rheumatism in 1861; suffered at times ever since and used crutches. St. Jacobs Oil relieved me about two years ago. GEO. L. NIXON.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

SICK HEADACHE

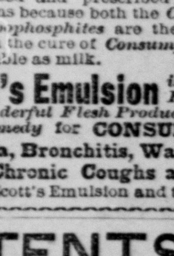
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SCOTT'S EMULSION



Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites are the recognized agents in the cure of Consumption. It is as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion is a perfect Emulsion. It is a wonderful Flesh Producer. It is the Best Remedy for CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.
Ask for Scott's Emulsion and take no other.

PATENTS F. A. LEHMANN Wash'ton, D.C. Send for circ'l

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN POULTRY? Send your name and address for a sample copy to Poultry Herald St. Paul, Minn.

STANLEY in the wilds of Africa. AGENTS Everyone wants the book. WANTED For special terms &c., write at once to EMPY. REAL PUBLISHING HOUSE, St. Paul, Minn.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS of late war who have not applied for pension should write for information to WILLIAM S. BROCK, Washington, D. C.

COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS CURED BY North Star Lung and Throat Balsam. For sale at druggists, SPINK & KEYES DRUG CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

BALDNESS positively cured by using NOBALD discovered remedy, ... by mail to all parts of the country. Address ... 100 E. Market St., Indianapolis ... Agents wanted.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St. New York.

BURIED A TOWN.

Avalanches Destroy the town of Burke in the Cœur d'Alene District.

High Water Causes Much Damage in the Fertile Willamette Valley in Oregon.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special.—The town of Burke, Idaho, in the Cœur d'Alene mining district, has been nearly destroyed by disastrous avalanches. Half of the business houses are in ruin. Three men were killed, and the terror-stricken inhabitants have fled to the towns of Gem and Wallace, fearing a repetition of the disaster. Particulars are meager, as the wires to all the points in the mines have gone down, leaving no means of communication. The disaster occurred yesterday afternoon, and this morning. With scarcely a moment's warning, a tremendous mass of snow and rocks swept down upon the town from the east side of the narrow gulch in which it is situated. Five men were buried beneath the snow. Two were rescued, but the others are dead and their bodies have not yet been recovered. The ill-fated town lies in a narrow gulch, through which Canyon creek pours its waters into the south fork of the Cœur d'Alene. It had about 200 inhabitants, who have deserted their wrecked or menaced homes and places of business. The nearest town is Gem, also upon Canyon creek and three miles down the stream. Yesterday another disastrous avalanche swept down a boarding house connected with the Custer mine, which is situated upon Nine Mile creek, about five miles from Burke. The boarding house was full of miners, six of whom were killed. The others had a narrow escape, and a number were more or less injured. The disasters are not a surprise to those familiar with topography of that section. The towns are situated in very narrow gulches, on either side of which abrupt mountains arise. The snowfall this winter has been unprecedented in the history of the country. Within the last few days it has been raining hard, which had the effect of loosening the deep snow banks and precipitating them upon the town and the houses below.

PORTLAND FLOODED.

Unprecedented High Water in the Willamette Causing Much Damage.

PORTLAND, Or., Special—The Postal Telegraph and Cable company furnishes the following information to the world regarding the unprecedented floods in Oregon and Washington: The Willamette river at this city is higher than it has been since the great flood of 1861. The rise is caused by the unusually heavy rains, and the melting of snow in the mountains. In this city all the merchants along the water front, and for two streets back from the river have been compelled to suspend business, and move their stocks to higher places. The water rose so rapidly that many of them were unable to move their goods out, and in consequence heavy damage will be the result. The only means of travel on Front street, the principal wholesale street of the city, is by boats. Throughout Willamette valley heavy losses are reported. Many bridges have been washed away and a large amount of grain stored in the warehouses along the river has been ruined. The wagon bridge across the Willamette river, at Salem was swept away Monday night. The structure was about one thousand feet long. It cost in the neighborhood of $75,000. No less than 10,000,000 saw logs

HAVE BEEN SWEPT AWAY

on the Willamette and Columbia rivers in the last few days. Large quantities of sawed lumber and a number of saw mills on the river have also been carried away. The situation on the Southern Pacific road between here and California remains virtually unchanged, and the officials do not venture an opinion as to when the road will be open. All communication south and east of here has been cut off for five days, and no trains are arriving over the Southern Pacific or the Union Pacific. The trains are running to Tacoma, Wash., over the Northern Pacific, but a heavy storm in the Cascade mountains has cut off communication to the East. It is impossible to closely estimate the damage at present, but it will probably reach $500,000. The rain has ceased throughout the Willamette valley, but the river at this point is still on the rise. The river is still rising to-night, though reports from south as far as Corvallis state that it began falling at noon, and the weather is cold and clear. The water is rushing through Front and First streets very rapidly, and this makes navigation by means o boats very dangerous. Many of the

SIDEWALKS ARE FLOATING,

and several accidents have occurred by pedestrians falling through holes in sidewalks. The Oregonian and Telegram were compelled to move their business offices further back from the river, there being at present several feet of water on the first floor. The editorial rooms, which are on the second floor, are reached by boats. Great anxiety is felt for two bridges which span the river at this point. The Morrison street wagon bridge is liable to be swept away at any moment, and in case this bridge is carried down stream against the steel bridge of the Union Pacific railroad, the latter is almost certain to go out as the space between the bridge and the water is not sufficient to permit any large drift to pass under. The river at present is comparatively free from drift, it having been carried down before the water became so high. The associated Press reporter in order to file dispatches is compelled to wade through water three feet deep. A dispatch from Mc Minville, Or., states that the town of Wheatland is almost swept away, much stock drowned and a large amount of grain has been destroyed.

AROUND JACKSONVILLE.

JACKSONVILLE, Or., Special—A phenomenal rain storm has prevailed in Southern Oregon since Friday, which, in connection with the melting of the snow in the mountains, has caused the greatest flood known since the country was settled. The damage to Southern Oregon cannot be estimated as yet, for postal communication is so uncertain and limited that only surmises can be made of the ravages of the water on the line of the numerous tributaries of the Rogue river.

THE PEOPLE TERROR-STRICKEN.

Later reports from Burke indicate that no lives have been lost there. Mr. and Mrs. Wise, Jack Wait and wife were buried in the snow slide, but all were rescued with slight injury. At Custer mine, however, the disaster was worse than at first reported. Six men were killed outright. Among these were Jack Galbraith, foreman of the mine; Mike Flynn, cook, and Tom Mahoney, a young miner. Forty men are employed at the mine in two shifts, one shift was below and the other was eating dinner at the time of the avalanche. rushed upon the boarding house. Many other avalanches have occurred in the Cœur d'Alene district. Canyons are full of snow, rocks and great trees. The people of that whole section are terror-stricken and are not asleep to-night.

TWO MINERS KILLED.

HECLA, Mont., Special—Lyon City, a mining camp which lies at the base of Lyon mountain, has been completely buried by a snow slide. Two miners were killed and a large amount of property destroyed.

LAID TO REST.

Mourning Friends Assemble at the White House for the Funeral Services of Mrs. and Miss Tracy.

WASHINGTON, Special—The beautiful, historic east room of the executive mansion, the scene of so many varied spectacles of brilliant ceremony or social gayety, was to-day devoted to the sadly contrasted and solemnly impressive purpose of a funeral. Very seldom has any similar scene been witnessed at the White House, and never since 1865, when the remains of the lamented Lincoln reposed among the same surroundings. The services over the remains of the wife and daughter of the secretary of the navy were appointed for 11 o'clock, but long before that hour the east room was crowded with people desirous of paying their last tribute to their departed friends. It was a most distinguished gathering, and included everybody of prominence in Washington. It is estimated that there were nearly a thousand persons in the house. As far as possible admission was confined to the personal and official friends of Secretary Tracy and his family, and consequently very few strangers were present. The caskets containing the dead were placed side by side under the central chandelier and directly opposite the main corridor. They were distinguished only by the greater size of the one containing the body of Mrs. Tracy.

Dr. Douglas immediately began the Episcopal burial service, "I am the Resurrection and the Life." At its conclusion the choir sung the hymn "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." The Scripture lesson was read by Rev. Mr. Elliott. It began at the twentieth verse of the fifteenth chapter of First Corinthians: "But now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept. For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead." The choir then sang "Rock of ages, cleft for me." A prayer, read by Dr. Douglas, concluded the services. The president, with Secretary Tracy on his arm, first passed out of the room, and next to them came Frank Tracy, the son, who was so overcome that he had to be supported by two of the ushers. Following the procession came the choir, singing as a recessional hymn, "Abide with me, fast falls the evening tide; the darkness deepens; Lord with me abide." The bodies were removed to the hearses and the funeral procession was formed, the cortege moving slowly to Rock Creek cemetery, just beyond the soldiers' home, where the bodies were placed in a receiving vault to await Secretary Tracy's determination in regard to their permanent resting place. Secretary Tracy did not go to the cemetery, as it was feared the task might prove too much for his strength.

PAY A PREMIUM.

St. Paul People Buy the Stock of the Heckla Fire Insurance Company.

MADISON, Wis., Special Telegram.—The troubles which have been disrupting the Heckla Fire Insurance company of this city for the past two months culminated to-night in the practical sale of the Heckla's business to the St. Paul German Insurance company. All the details of the bargain were completed and all that is left to be done is the formalizing of the papers tomorrow and the ratification of the deal of the Heckla stockholders at a special meeting to be called for Feb. 13. The St. Paul company obligates itself to take, if it is offerred, the whole of the $330,000 of stock of the Heckla company, paying therefore $318,000, or a premium of 6 per cent. The Heckla directors bind themselves to procure and turn over to the St. Paul company at least a majority of the Hecla stock, thus giving the purchaser full control over the Heckla affairs. The St. Paul company assumes every asset and liability of the Heckla company. The latter has now outstanding over $20,000,000 of risks, and its surplus at the end of January was $14,000, while in December $15,000 in dividends were paid. It is the intention of the St. Paul company to reinsure all the Heckla risks outside of Wisconsin in the St. Paul company and to continue, for the present at least, the risks in this state in the Hecla company. Albert Scheffer, president of the St. Paul company, and W. C. Bredengagen, vice president of the company, made the deal for their corporation, which is only nine months old, but which to-day's purchase is expected to boom tremendously. The Rockford and various other companies made bids to reinsure the risks, but the Heckla preferred the clean-cut offer made by the St. Paul company. To-day's deal is a defeat for the faction of Heckla stockholders led by President Halle Steensland, and a victory for Vice President John A. Johnson.

CLEVELAND'S CHARACTER.

Testimony in the Ball-Post Libel Suit.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Special.—There was a large attendance in the supreme court this morning when the Ball-Post libel suit was again taken up before Judge Daniels, several ministers being present. The Rev. Dr. Ball continued his evidence. He was asked where he got his information leading him to characterize the Beaver Island club as a disreputable institution when respectable citizens were in the habit of taking their families there. The doctor replied that he got the opinion from certain remarks he had heard on a river steamer. Dr. Ball confessed that he visited a negress who had been janitress of the building in which Mr. Cleveland's office was located for the purpose of getting points about Mr. Cleveland. He said that what he had done was at the solicitation of ministers who wanted the information. The evidence then led up to the terrible tale, which, the witness said, was not written by him, but the facts of which he admitted were furnished by him. He gave the points to the editor who wrote the article. The letter written by Dr. Ball to Rev. Mr. Abbott, editor of the Christian Union, was read. In it Dr. Ball charged Mr. Cleveland with seduction, and also stated that while Mr. Cleveland and two other gentlemen were returning from down the river, all being drunk, one of them fell out of a carriage and was killed. There were other statements of a serious nature reflecting upon Mr. Cleveland's character. Dr. Ball said he learned later that Mr. Cleveland was not with the party at all, and had printed a statement in the public press to that effect.

ROAD TAXES IN CASH.

Wiconsin Agriculturists Show a Disposition to Try That Plan.

MADISON, Wis., Special Telegram.—At the farmers' convention Mr. Merrick of Madison created a spirited discussion by advocating the payment of road taxes in cash rather than permitting it to be worked by labor as now. Aaron Broughton of Brodhead fired a bombshell by stating that if the recommendation was carried out we could have Roman roads, but Roman taxation to pay for them. Farmers work their own roads and make them at a reasonable rate. He thought if swell villagers wanted good carriage roads in the country they should pay for them. Broughton's views were violently attacked by several speakers and the prevailing sentiment was plainly in favor of at least a partial cash system. F. E. Parson of Lake Mills contended in favor of an ideal horse, which must be lighter than the present draft horse and heavier than the trotter. Gen. A. C. Parkinson of Columbus presented an interesting paper from Minister John Hicks, descriptive of agriculture in Peru. To-night Gen. George E. Bryant of Madison lauded the Jersey and G. E. Gordon of Koshkonong the Guernsey, while Gov. Howard, H. C. Thom, Prof. W. A. Henry and others spoke on different phases of dairying.

In the Interest of Workingmen.

BERLIN, Special Emperor William in a rescript to Prince Bismarck refers to his desire to ameliorate the position of the workingmen. He desires that the ambassadors of France, England, Belgium and Switzerland shall be officially asked whether their governments are disposed to enter into a national agreement with Germany with a view to meeting the needs of workmen, as revealed in the recent strikes and labor disputes. When the principle of the emperor's proposal is accepted Prince Bismarck is empowered to invite all the nations interested to attend a labor conference. The emperor has issued an order to the minister of commerce directing him to take immediate steps toward the extension of the workingman's insurance and to institute an exhaustive inquiry into the trade laws affecting factory labor. However valuable, the emperor says, the present measures for improving the position of workingmen may be, they are by no means equal to the task he has undertaken of bettering their condition. In pursuance of this work, the staatsrath will assemble to consider preliminary questions, and a large number of experts have been summoned to give testimony. The conference will be presided over by the emperor in person.

Poking Fun at Battenberg.

LONDON, Special. The morning papers are carefully inspecting advertisements offered for insertion; that is, those of a personal nature. Some of them printed affecting appeals to "H. B." to return to his afflicted relatives, promising that if he displayed a contrite disposition "all would yet be well," the notices being signed "V. R." The obvious allusion to Henry of Battenberg and his imperial mother-in-law was too transparent to escape attention long, and the advertisements were hastily killed after they had afforded considerable amusement. Prince Henry, it is said, has vowed that he will never again visit Balmoral; never again wear kilts, and that he will speak to his brother Alexander in spite of all the queens in Christendom.

Wholesale Malpractice.

MALDEN, Mass., Special.—The chief of police to-day arrested Miss Dr. Ludgate of Boston, alias Miss Etta H. Harris, of Linden. The charge is keeping a lying in hospital without a license, but a warrant for a more serious crime will be sworn out. Armed with a warrant, Chief Richards, with City Physician Griffin, visited the house and took the alleged proprietor into custody. Five young women patients were found, all of them, according to the physician, recovering from malpractice. Two of them have confessed to operations performed by Miss Ludgate at her Boston office.

Convicted of Murder.

MANKATO, Special Telegram.—The jury has returned a verdict of guilty against William Lenz. The charge was murder in the first degree, for killing John Schwartz in Pleasant Mound last July. The verdict was a genuine surprise, as most people looked for acquittal or a disagreement.

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

MINNESOTA.

Wm. Rose, under sentence of death at New Ulm, died with the influenza.

Prospects are good for the erection of a $12,000 opera house at Luverne the coming season.

Morrison county will have a new courthouse located at Little Falls, and costing $40,000.

"Jim" Hill, the railroad magnate, offers to donate $50,000 toward a public library in St. Paul.

Bruce, Rock county, is without a saloon, the last venture to establish one in that place having proven a failure.

The livery stable of P. Thereau, at St. Paul, containing eighteen head of horses, was consumed by fire. Loss, $6,000; fully insured.

At the Duluth land office during the month of January there were thirty-two cash, twenty-three homestead and twenty preemption entries.

Arrangements are being made to start up the Red Wing Wagon Company's works again and turn out at least 500 wagons this season, the stock on hand being disposed of.

Edith McNary, a 14-year-old girl residing near Red Wing, deliberately placed a revolver to her temple and pulled the trigger, dying almost instantly. No cause for the act is known.

Shaw-bosh-king, the oldest Mille Lacs chief, died at his home at the outlet of the lake with the grip. Several more are sick at the reservation. The chief's brother is down with it and is not expected to live.

William Brooker, who on the 24th of last November, at Pine City, so atrociously murdered William Coombs and wife, has been sentenced to be hanged April 30. He will be canfined in the Stillwater penitentiary until the day of his execution.

John Falen, an engineer on the Omaha road, while passing under a bridge near St. Paul, was struck by a falling beam and knocked from his engine. He fell under the train and was run over, his right leg being badly crushed.

A number of farmers living around Kenyon, together with the business men located there, having organized an association having for its object the holding of stock fairs at Kenyon at regular intervals for the sale of live stock of all kinds and especially of horses.

Martin Schmaudt and two workmen were horribly injured near Hutchinson by the bursting of the boiler of a threshing engine which they were using to run a saw mill. The accident was caused by the water being allowed to run low in the boiler. Schmaudt may die.

A horse belonging to S. D. Peterson of New Ulm, was killed in a very peculiar and unusual manner. Along with some other horses the animal was turned loose in the yard, and in frisking about was kicked by another in the forehead so that he fell to the ground in an instant dead.

Mrs. James McNeil, who shot her children at Cannon Lake a short time ago and then took carbolic acid is improving slowly. The baby, who was shot through both lungs, is also doing well, as is also the girl to whom she gave the carbolic acid. She was temporarily insane at the time of the tragic occurrence.

C. F. A Maas, a young German farmer residing near Mazeppa, loaded a sled with sacked flax for market and attempted to run it by hand a few rods from the granary, having hold of the tongue. The sled got the start of him, and, it being too icy to guide it, he was pushed by the load down an incline against a barbed wire fence with such force as to break several ribs, and, it is feared, injure him internally. His young wife is very low with consumption and not expected to live but a short time.

Hon. Gorham Powers, of Granite Falls, was appointed by Gov. Merriam to fill the judgeship of the Twelfth judicial district, recently made vacant by the death of Judge John H. Brown. Mr. Powers is a native of Maine, and a brother of ex-Congressman Powers of that state. He graduated from the Albany Law School in 1865, and soon afterwards came to Minneapolis, where he studied law for two years with Wilson & McNair. After practicing his profession for several years, he removed to Granite Falls, where he has since resided.

Hon. D. J. Knox died at his farm, on Mille Lacs lake, after a short illness. His remains were immediately brought to his home at Aitkin. He was a member of the lower house of the legislature during the sessions of 1885 and 1887 from the Forty-sixth district, and would perhaps have received the Republican nomination for senator from the new district as divided by the apportionment bill adopted last session. The entire community is in mourning. He leaves a widow and young daughter, as well as an aged father and mother.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The farmers elevator at Mayville, it is said has handled one-half of the wheat shipped from there.

The Bismarck Tribune company has been sued for libel in the sum of $15,000 by County Commissioner Healy who was recently tried for multlating county records and acquitted.

George Elmslie of Webster, N. D., has been recommended as inspector of recorded indebtedness for the coming census. His appointment and that of H. P. Rucker of Grand Forks are expected in a few days.

The supervising architect of the treasury has recommended that a public building be erected at Grand Forks, to cost $125,000 if the United States court is located in that city and $10,000 if it is not. Senator Pierce hopes to get the appropriation.

Rain-in-the-Face, the noted Sioux chief, has made application to be put on the police force at Bismarck. Rain-in-the-Face gained most of his notoriety from boasting that it was by his hand that Gen. Custer met his death.

Christ Holbreck is a Ramsey county farmer whom failure of crops has not seriously affected. He raised little wheat last year, but he raised five colts and twelve or more calves, and made 500 pounds of cheese, and now has horses and calves to sell.

Mrs. Short, of Inkster, is one of the successful farmers of North Dakota. While her husband is railroading, she superintends the farm, including 19 head of stock. All the farmers of that locality envy her success in farming.

During the women's raid on the saloons of Hatton, Traill county, about two weeks ago, an old man named Peter Lomen, who was in one of the saloons at the time, was struck on the head with a hammer by one of the infuriated women and his skull fractured. He is expected to die from the effects of the blow.

The North Dakota legislature has passed a law setting the date for commencing the shooting of prairie chickens at October 15—the same date as in Minnesota. This prevents Minnesota sportsmen from having the best of the shooting in their own state and then going out into North Dakota at the commencement of the season there, as was formerly the case.

If the Northern Pacific railroad would haul a train load of lignite coal to Fargo, consisting of twenty cars, with fifteen tons of coal each—a total of 300 tons, for $1.25 a ton—say $375 for the train—the people in Fargo would for once in their lives get a very cheap fuel. That coal could be retailed in Fargo for $3 by the single ton, or $2.75 by the carload delivered.—Pioneer, Mandan.

Attorney General Goodwin, of North Dakota, gives an opinion that "all persons having made any sales of intoxicating liquors since the adoption of the constitution or who do so hereafter, are liable to arrest and punishment therefor, and that the passage of the prohibition bill by the present legislature has no bearing whatever upon past or future offences, until it goes into effect, July 1st, 1890."

There has been a lively fight in the postoffice department at Washington over the appointment of a postmaster at Sheldon. Kling and Allen are candidates. Representative Hansbrough recommended one and the friends of the other appealed to Senator Pierce. They could come to no agreement, and the postoffice department decided to send an inspector there to see who should be appointed, and upon his recommendation one of the men will be named. Senator Pierce says he wants it understood that the senators have nothing to do with fourth-class postmasters, and that it is a matter that representatives take charge of and make the recommendations.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The Spearfish flouring mill, which has been shut down for some time, has again started up.

South Dakota has thirty-six and North Dakota eight assemblies of the Knights of Labor.

Counterfeit 25-cent pieces are numerons in Deadwood, and it is thought that a private mint is in operation.

The dates for the state fair at Aberdeen have been fixed for September 15 to 19, a week earlier than last year.

All building improvements at Fort Pierre have been suspended, presumably on orders from Washington.

Applications for pensions and pension claims are rolling in upon Congressman Gifford from all parts of both Dakotas.

The Huronite says the Chicago and Northwestern will put down about ten artesian wells along its line in Dakota the coming season.

The appointment of Col. A. B. Smedley, of Milbank, to the position of statistican of South Dakota has been recommended by Senators Pettigrew and Moody.

The case of Wades, the banker, on trial at Gary, has resulted in a verdict of not guilty. There was apparently no evidence against him.

A young man named Bennett, living near Emmett, Union county, was shot in the thigh by the accidental discharge of his gun and died of his injuries.

John Lastman and Ruth Lee, two full blooded Sioux Indians, were married in the Congregational church at Pierre. Both are Christianized and have fair educations.

The controversy between the Miller and York Neb., hook and ladder companies has resulted in the former challenging the latter to race for from $1,000 to $2,000 a side, with Yankton as the battle ground.

At Hill City, in a dispute over the cooking of a beefsteak, Louis Hughes was stabbed and fatally wounded by a man named Van Gilder. The men were "pardners" and occupied a cabin together. Van Gilder was arrested.

The assignment of the contractors of the soldiers' home at Hot Springs has not in any way interfered with the progress of building. The workmen are steadily employed and the work is being rapidly pushed.

The reports of the regents of the university of South Dakota shows a list of thirty-one professors, instructors and employes, with an aggregate salary of $27,690. The estimated expenses for 1890 is put at $40,450.

A four and one-half inch artesian well furnishes power enough to run the Hitchcock roller mills, which have a capacity of forty-five barrels of flour per day, and to grind feed and propel a dynamo for lighting the mill with incandescent lamps.

The farmers of Hand county have requested the board of county commissioners to petition the legislature to secure the necessary seed wheat for that county by allowing the county to issue warrants instead of long standing, providing a market can be found for the warrants.

An action to recover $1,500 has been brought by the Yankton board of trade against G. A. Archer. The citizens of Yankton, through the board of trade, gave a bonus of the above amount as an inducement for the construction of a linseed oil mill, with the promise that the mill should be operated for five years. After running about two years the mill burned down, and as Archer has made no attempt to rebuild the mill action has been brought for non-fulfillment of contract.

WISCONSIN.

Ice is being shipped from Madison at the rate of 125 carloads per day. Men are engaged night and day in cutting.

The milk condensing factory at Monroe has a daily output of 4,000 pounds. Its full capacity is from 6,000 to 8,000 pounds.

Porter Hopple was killed at Chippewa City, five miles from Chippewa Falls, while unloading logs.

The grip has prostrated about two-thirds of the inhabitants of Oconto Falls. The first fatal case was that of a 13-year-old daughter of Louis Rusch.

John Andrews, of Minersville, says he was held up and relieved of $230, by a party of roughs while he was walking through Ellis Park, at Ashland.

A. S. Sullivan has been arrested at Ashland on the charge of forging the "mark" of an Indian woman to an order for money due for logs. He was held to trial in $5,000 bonds.

Ole Husit, register of deeds of Jackson County, died at Black River Falls on the 3d inst., aged 40 years. Death resulted from consumption, aggravated by la grippe.

A renewal of the fight between Frederick Weyerhaeuser and the Knapp, Stout & Co., may result over the proposed dam at Beef Slough.

Peter Schneeberger, of the town of Auburn, Fond du Lac county, mourns the death of three grown-up children within the past two weeks, aged 16, 22 and 26 respectively, all victims of malignant diphtheria.

A laborer named Cummings was pushing a car loaded with stone across a temporary trestle at Baraboo, when the structure gave way. Man and car fell thirty feet, but Cummings escaped uninjured.

Mrs. Mary Curry of Mineral Point, has secured back pension money amounting to $3,300 and a regular pension of $12 a month on account of her son Thomas' services in the union army.

The Stevens Point Grand Army Post has decided upon the design for a soldier's monument, and the contract has been let to Mitchell of Chicago, at a cost of $2,500, to be completed by the last of May.

John Hessler, the stranger found dying in a Fond du Lac barn, was an Odd Fellow from Monroe, Mich., and his body has been sent to that place. He left a train while insane and finally wandered to the barn.

Herman Fredericks, the young German who killed his girl because she would not marry him, and then attempted to take his own life, a short time ago, in the town of Settin, Marathon county, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to state prison for life.

During the past few months several rich veins of dry-bone and lead have been discovered near Potosi, and all of them are good paying mines. The prospects are so favorable that a company from Galena intend to put in smelting and zinc works at Potosi.

Current Literature, in a brief sketch of Miss Elizabeth Beall Ginty, daughter of Gen. Ginty, of Chippewa Falls, says the talented young lady is known both in London and New York as a clever writer of tales and essays. She is at present engaged on a novel which will be published in the spring.

It is thought, at Black Earth, that William Harris, who took a sailing vessel from New York for England, has gone to the bottom with the ship. The boat on which it is supposed he sailed is reported to have foundered at sea and gone down with all on board.

Johnnie McShane, the 13-year-old boy hurt at Janesville on the 26th inst., died the following day. The boy was riding a horse, which became frightened and threw him from the saddle. The little fellow's foot caught in the stirrup and he was dragged some distance. At every jump of the frightened horse the sharp-shod hoofs struck the boy in the side and abdomen, literally lay bare the heart and lungs. The boy lived eighteen hours after the accident occurred.

O. L. Carr, of Gettysburg, has a cow that for some time past, with no apparent reason, has been short in her accounts—that is in the quantity of milk she was supposed to furnish to the family. The gentleman suspected thieves, and determined to keep a watch. The other night he caught the depredator in the act. In the same stable with the cow was quartered a full-grown pig, and he discovered that the animal had been in the habit of appropriating the lion's share of the milk, apparently with the full sanction and consent of the cow.

IOWA.

Gay Long, a Keokuk Chinaman, is a happy father. His wife is a colored woman.

Harry Nye, a 14-year-old Primghar boy, broke his arm while throwing a snowball at another boy.

The contractors have filed a bond of $3,000 to complete one and a half miles of street railroad in Oskaloosa by August 1.

Mrs. Gus Boog, of Lincoln township, Pocahontas county, increased the population by three recently—two boys and a girl.

During the year 1890 there were 25,092 certificates granted to teachers in the state, 19,979 being to female teachers. The number of applicants rejected was 3,842.

S. F. Prouty, of Pella, has shipped over 1,200 carloads of walnut logs during the past five years to England and Germany, most of which he had gathered in this state.

In placing the clock in position in the government building at Keokuk, it was discovered that twenty-three feet of the tower are three inches of plumb.

Emma Myer, a Davenport girl 19 years of age, committed suicide in Kansas City while on a visit to relatives, by taking an overdose of morphine. Despondency over a quarrel with her lover was the cause.

Miss Rilla Walker, of Keosauqua, has mysteriously disappeared. Several weeks ago she left her home for Farmington, where she had been tendered a position in a millinery store. She has not been seen since.

A citizen of Warren county played a prohibition joke on some old topers and at the same time made a few shekels for himself. He filled some twenty-two bottles with tea and sold them for $1 each, the customers supposing them to be filled with whisky. A kicker gave the snap away.

W. E. Chapman, foreman in the McCosh iron works at Burlingson, while adjusting a belt was caught in the shafting and whirled around the rod half a dozen times with frightful velocity. When rescued it was found that he had suffered a compound fracture of the left arm and several bad bruises. His escape from death is considered miraculous.

John Munko was granted a verdict of $3,050 against the city of Clinton from injuries received from falling into a vat of boiling water which had been left in the middle of a street. Last July a bleacher in the Lyons paper mill blew up, killing two men. Munko, at 12 o'clock the same night, visited the scene of the accident and fell into the vat from which the exhaust from the engine was turned.

Miss Schumann is a handsome Burlington girl, and up to Friday night possessed a head of beautiful golden hair. While on a shopping trip that evening she was seized on one of the principal streets by a strange man, who held her round the waist with one arm while he rapidly run a knife around her head, cutting off her hair as smooth as a barber could have done it. The thief then disappeared and has not yet been apprehended.

Several years ago Jennie Nelson had trouble with her wealthy father, in the southern part of the state, and left her home, going to Mason City, where she changed her name to Mary Nelson, and went to work as a waiter girl in the Park Hotel. Recently her father died and willed her the bulk of his fortune, but without her knowledge. Recently a stranger, who was stopping at the hotel, recognized her and told her of her father's death and of the fact that she was an heiress. She returned to her home with the stranger.

Hessian, the Humboldt county man who swindled an insurance company out of considerable money a short time ago on a bogus fire loss, is again in trouble. His wife has brought suit against the Northwestern Railroad company for damages for injuries sustained in an accident on a railroad crossing. The company hopes to prove that Hessian conspired against the company to collect damages, and left a wagon on the crossing purposely while his wife sat on the edge of the cut to lend effect to the case. Judge Cook, for the company, says that they will furnish positive proof to this effect.

An ingenious burglar "worked" the "Ladies' Cottage" at Grinnell in broad daylight. He appeared at the door "dressed in his old suit of clothes," with a monkey wrench and a screwdriver in his hand and told the matron he had come to inspect the steam pipes and radiators. She admitted him and he went around the different rooms, tapping the radiators with his wrench, tightening up screws, etc. He reported everything O. K., and took his departure, and a short time afterward it was found a quantity of valuables were missing. The thief made good his escape.

Putting By the Odd Pennies.

A small Satsuma jar, that stands on the desk of a busy woman, receives the odd pennies, or what she calls "the unexpected money"—that found loose in pockets or bureau drawers. There will never be enough money in it to found a hospital, or to build a home for insane dogs, but there is always enough to send a posy to a sick friend, a paper to somebody way off where little reading matter can be gotton, or to buy a souvenir for a birthday. Once started and well managed, the box is like the widow's cruse—never empty. Do not count the contents except when you are taking stock with a purchase in view. Counting seems to break the spell. Pennies are gregarious—and where oue goes another wants to follow. Let them form a community in the savings box and just see how they will gather—leaves in Vallambrosa will be nothing compared to them.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Tact.

In a little episode of village life we had lately another instance of feminine tact. Upon the conclusion of a marriage in a village church, the bridegroom signed his register with his x mark. The pretty young bride did the same; and then turning to a young lady who had known her as the best scholar in the school, whispered to her, while love and admiration shone in her eyes: "He is a dear good fellow, Miss, but he cannot write. He is going to learn from me, and I would not shame him for the world."

To be able to say the right thing at the right moment is a great art, and said only to be acquired by those who have a natural talent that way. When a careless talker, who was eticicising a young lady's father severely, paused a moment to say, "I hope he is no relation of yours, Miss B.," quick as thought she replied with the utmost nonchalance: "Only a connection of mother's by marriage."—Chamber's Journal.

Called Out of Name.

Baffin's Bay is not a bay.

Turkish baths are unknown to the Turks.

Turkey rhubarb should be called Russian rhubarb, as it is a Russian monopoly.

Why are turkeys so called? They do not come from Turkey.

Slave means noble or illustrious.

Tit-mouse is a bird.

Sealing wax contains no wax.

Shrew-mouse is no mouse.

Rice paper is not made of rice or the rice plant.

Cat gut should be sheep gut.

Blind worms have eyes and can see.

Cleopatra's needle should be named after Thotmes III.

Irish stew is a dish unknown in Ireland.

Kid gloves are not made of kid, but of lamb skin and sheep skin.

German silver is not silver at all, nor of German origin, but has been used in China for centuries.

Dutch clocks are of German manufacture.

An Unpleasant Companion.

Travelers sometimes have strange bed fellows. A first class passenger, by a slow passenger train running between Howrah and Assenole, was disagreeably surprised to find, on waking from a sound sleep, that something cold had come in contact with his hand. On looking at the hand, what was his horror to find that underneath it was a cobra. As the snake was asleep and had not coiled itself around the hand, the gentleman sprang up and managed to evade its bite. How it got into the carriage is one of those mysteries no one can unravel. It may have effected an entrance while the carriage was on the siding at Howrah, and quietly ensconced itself behind the cushions of the carriage seat.—Indian Paper.

Christianity and Civilization.

Show me a spot on this planet ten miles square where a decent man can live in decency and comfort and comfort and security, supporting and educating his children unspoiled and unpolluted, where manhood is respected, woman honored, and human life held in due regard, and when skeptics can find such a place where the gospel of Christ has not first gone and cleared the way, and laid foundations, and made decency and security possible, and then it will be in order for the skeptical literati to move thither and there ventilate their views.—James Russel Lowell.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

What our National Lawmakers Have Been Doing the Past Week.

SENATE.

Senator Stockbridge introduced a bill in the senate appropriating $50,000 for making a survey for a ship canal from Lake Superior to Lake Michigan. It provides for the survey to be made from Little Bay De Noc north to Lake Superior. This is preliminary to cutting a canal from one lake to the other should the plan prove feasible after an investigation by the government Engineers. The distance is about forty miles, and the country is low and flat.

HOUSE.

Action was taken which the representatives from Idaho and Wyoming say is as good as a promise on the part of the majority party that the bills admitting those two territories as states will receive their votes.

A Republican house caucus was held to consider the new code of rules, which was completed by the committee on rules. Each member present was furnished, in confidence, a copy of the new code. Mr. McKinley then took the floor and proceeded to explain in detail the scope and purpose of each of the rules. The reading of the new code consumed a great deal of time.

SENATE.

There was not much legislation in the Senate or House of interest to the Northwest. Senator Davis introduced a large lot of private pension bills and a petition asking for a law prohibiting gambling in farm products. Senator Casey introduced an immense petition from the citizens of North Dakota asking an appropriation for developing irrigation from any and every available source in that state.

Senator Washburn, from the committee on commerce, reported adversely the bill for a high bridge across the Detroit river at Detroit. The committee were unanimous in the report, although some of the members were at first inclined to approve it. The feeling in the committee is that no bridges shall be built that will in the least impede navigation until it has been demonstrated that tunneling the river is impracticable.

HOUSE.

In the House, Mr. Hall introduced a bill to authorize the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern Railroad Company to build a bridge across the Mississippi river near Red Wing. Mr. Combstock introduced a bill asking an appropriation of $10,000 for surveying the Red River of the North above Fergus Falls with a view to ascertaining the cost of building locks and dams to retain the spring floods in the lakes.

SENATE.

The senate committee on Pacific railroads continued consideration of the Pacific railroad funding bill. The committee will meet again on Friday next, when it was understood the bill will be completed.

HOUSE.

In the House the speaker announced that the journal clerk had been busy preparing the new code of rules, and that the journal was not ready. The usual contest over the approval of of the journal, therefore, did not take place. After the passage of several bills, the bill appropriating $25,000 to erect a statue to Maj.-Gen. Henry Knot, at Thomaston, Me., was reported and debated at some length, some members taking the ground that the Uited States should not erect statues except in the District of Columbia. Pending action on the bill the House adjourned.

SENATE.

The Senate committee on territories ordered a favorable report on the bill for admission of Idaho into the union. The bill is reported substantially as introduced. A favorable report was ordered also on the bill approving, with amendments, the funding act of Arizona.

Among the bills introduced were these: By Mr. Platt—To prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor in the District of Columbia. By Mr. Wilson, of Iowa—Providing that in cases before the court of claims, involving a sum less than $3,000, where the decision will affect a class of cases or serve as a precedent, an appeal may be allowed to the supreme court without regard to the amount involved: also a bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Muscatine, Iowa.

HOUSE.

The House committee on Indian affairs heard arguments on the Senate resolution providing for the removal of the Apache Indian prisoners of war from Mt. Vernon Barracks to Fort Sill reservation in the Indian territory.

SENATE.

Senator Allen reported favorably his bills for two additional land districts in Washington from the committee on public lands.

Senator Squire introduced a bill providing for a federal survey of the proposed Lake Washington and the Puget Sound ship canal.

HOUSE.

Mr. Wickham of Ohio introduced in the house for reference a bill providing that the representatives elected to the fifty-second congress shall be returned from the same districts as similar representatives elected to the fifty-first congress.

The senate committee on territories has directed Chairman Platt to favorably report the bill for the admission of Idaho as a state, and it will be reported to the senate on Wednesday.

Railway Postal Clerks.

No position in the postal department is more eagerly sought after by young men than that of postal clerk or route agent in the railway mail department. It is sometimes a hard position to secure, and very few kinds of employment are more easily lost. Some young men appear to imagine that it is a soft snap to "work the mail" on a postal route, but those who get in, and especially those who are assigned to duty on a long route where large quantities of mail are to be handled, soon learn, that they have struck a job that requires hard work and close application. More than one-half of those who secure appointments in this branch of the service drop out during the first. The larger number of the clerks are required to be on the route but half of the time, some of them less, but in order to become efficient it is necessary to study almost constantly, and part of each interval between runs must be spent in getting ready for the next trip. A postal clerk must at all times be ready for the inspector whose duty it is to examine a clerk at any time without giving a moment's notice, and if he falls below a certain percentage twice in succession his resignation is requested.—Postal Clerk in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Warming Ghosts in China.

In case the family is to poor to own a burial mound, or to stand the expenses of the funeral, the coffin is kept in the house until they can raise enough money to put it under the ground in good style, writes Frank G. Carpenter. A tutor employed at the American legation in Peking has had the coffin containing his father's body in the house for the last two years, and he has not yet been able to raise enough money to bury it. Before he picks out a burial spot he will, like all Chinamen, get a fortune teller to choose a lucky place for him, and he will go periodically to the grave and burn some paper money over it and some suits of paper clothes to keep the spirit of his father warm, and will place some food before it that his father may have a ghostly feast during the night.

Up a Stump.

The governor of Rhode Island found that Charles Paul had been convicted of a robbery of which he was innocent, and had served two years on a term which he should never cave had. He, therefore, pardoned him, and inside of ten days he discovered that Charles ought to have got three other senteuces for three other robberies he actually did commit. A jury seldom puts an innocent man in a hole.—Detroit Free Press.

A horrible murder has just come to light at Edmond, a small town near Guthrie, I. T. The decomposed body of Edward Grant was found buried only a foot deep in a manure pile at the rear of his stable. A deep fracture of the skull, as if made by a blunt instrument, told the manner of his death. A hatchet, the blunt end covered with bloody hair, was found buried with the body. Grant disappeared three weeks ago and since then Edward Belden and Charles and Mrs. Hawley have occupied his cabin and claim, Belden claiming to have bought the claim for $400. All three were arrested.

DEATH IN A TREE TOP.

Dumb Evidence of a Pitiful Tragedy in the Mendocino Redwoods.

W. S. Mills and Henry Eckhart, of Colusa county, who recently returned from a camping hut among the coast mountains of Mendocino, tell of a remarkable find among the great redwood forests of that part of the state, a story which, for thrilling, weird, woodland tragedy, excels.

In the northwestern part of the county, late one afternoon, just before sunset, while the hunters were making their way to camp, they noticed the rays of the sun in the tree tops of a dense grove fell on and lighted up a white object high up among the branches of a large madrona tree.

Approaching the foot of the tree for the purpose of getting a nearer view of the white object, they were astonished to find, lying on the ground at the foot of the tree, the remains of an old Kentucky rifle barrel, with part of a much decayed stock still clinging to it.

The barrel and lock were covered with rust, indicating it had lain for years in its position. While they were examining the ancient gun, and looking for further evidennce around the foot of the tree, the sun had so far declined as to throw the white object in the branches in a deep shade, making it impossible to make out what it was.

As it was somewhat difficult to climb the tree, they concluded to return in the morning and make further investigation, marking it by placing two poles and fallen limbs against the trunk, they returned to camp.

Next morning they returned to the tree, and in the bright morning light had no difficulty in making out the white object to be the skeleton of a human being. Mills climbed to the tree and found the skeleton to be that of quite a large man, resting across two large limbs, and tied near the thigh bones to the same.

There was not a particle of flesh on the bones, and but few dangling rags. Near the skeleton, and lying across one of the limbs, was the frayed remains of an old coat.

Throwing the coat to the ground Mills descended, it having been decided to leave the bones where they lay in the tree, rather than throw them to the ground to be scattered by wild animals.

There was nothing to indicate how the man had met his death, or why his gun should be on the ground and his skeleton on the tree.

They conjectured that the hunter might have been chased by a bear and had climbed the tree, and had accidently dropped his gun, which, striking the ground, had exploded and wounded the man mortally, that ere he died he had tied himself to the limbs of the tree to prevent the animals from destroying his body. This, they thought, would account for the broken stock of the gun.

A search was then made in the remains of the old coat, which was molded and matted together in a mass.

An old moldy notebook was found. In the book was pencil writing, which was still legible in places, though the leaves were moldy and much injured by long exposure to the weather. On the first page there was part of a name ending with the letters—ngton; all the balance of the name was obliterated by mold and stain.

There was writing on the next two or three pages, but it could not be deciphered. The next few pages were comparatively clean and the writing perfectly eligible. It was a record of his last days in the tree, and read:

He is gone again, but she sits at the foot of the tree. * * * How long will this last. For three days I have kept up in this tree and I am dying with hunger and thirst. One of the bears always remains, while the other goes away for hours. * * * Will they never leave the tree? Shall I die here, and then fall to be eaten by them? * * * If I only had my rifle again or a drink of water. I have eaten nothing but the leaves of the trees and they are so bitter. * * * The sun is nearly down and the male bear has returned. They will both remain all night. * * * It's morning again. I thought I was eating in the slight dreams last night. No; I am dying of hunger and thirst, I am growing weaker. * * * I have wept until there are no more tears. I found myself trying to get out of the tree last night, but the bears growled and I came to my senses. * * * The bears are under the tree. The ground is covered with them. There are hundreds of them. I have been eating leaves and do not feel hungry now. I think I'll get out of this yet if all those bears will go away. * * * The sun is going down again. I won't write any more.

The following was probably written the same day or it might have been written the following day; he writes his last few lines, and they are incoherent:

I had hard work to get the book out of my coat. I have tied coat over limb; tied my legs to limb with suspenders, * * * wont write any more soon, as it will be two weeks to-morrow—

Tilly—last night Tilly was here—She here all time now—as I will be too weak in the morning—last night she—Tilly—so are the bears. So many—find me—find me—only—to think—where are they—I will put—put—put the book in pocket good night I'll not be gone—love—Tilly——

Here ended the writing, of which the above is a correct copy. There were no dates to the pages, and nothing to indicate that the writing might not have been done the same day and at the same time.

The writer retained the writing for some weeks before he gave it for publication, seriously doubting its authenticity.—San Francisco Examiner.

A Great Country.

"You would be surprised," said a Scotchman who has indentified himself with the manufacturing interests of the United States, "to hear the people in the old country talk about locations and distances over here. A good deal has been written and printed about their queer ideas, but nothing can adequately describe the ignorance that prevails regarding this country. When the Charleston earthquake occurred I was located in Boston, and by next post from abroad I received a letter from my wife, who was in Glasgow, written in extreme anxiety, and expressing the hope that I had not sustained any serious injury. She had more than half a dozen notions, however, that I had been crushed, and so I cabled her to relieve her mind. I know a lot of such cases. You see the longest railroad trip you can make in the United Kingdom is about 600 miles, and they cannot realize that there is a land where one can ride continuously in one direction for a week or more. When a local Liverpool man starts up to London, a five hour's ride, his friends come to the depot to see him off, and make a great ado about his journey. He is provided with baskets of lunch and all that sort of thing, while an American in the next compartment has only had a comfortable smoke and read his paper when he reaches his destination."—Chicago Mail.



"Tell me," the teacher, smiling, said,
"The name of names most dear."
And she glanced at each thoughtful little face
As she waited the answer to hear.
But startled was she when a hand was raised,
And a face between smiles and tears
Was turned to her and in eager tone,
A little maid's answer—all her own—
Was lisped: "Please, Miss, Dr. Pierce."

The teacher laughed heartily as she told her friends, but when she discovered that the little one's mother had for years been a sufferer from disease peculiar to her sex, and had been cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she felt like hugging the little darling whose answer thus spoke her love for her mother.

Thousands of women bless the day when Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was first brought to their attention.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only remedy for woman's peculiar weaknesses and delicate ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Certificate of guarantee printed on its wrapper, and faithfully carried out by the proprietors for many years.

As an invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon; being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms, commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

A Book of 160 pages, on Woman: Her Diseases and their Self-cure, mailed (*sealed in plain envelope*) on receipt of ten cents, in stamps.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS; PURELY VEGETABLE and PERFECTLY HARMLESS. Unequaled as a LIVER PILL.

Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to take. One tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a dose. Cures Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. 25 cents a vial, by druggists.

OUR FIELD, FLOWER AND GARDEN **SEEDS** ARE THE VERY BEST Handsomely Illustrated CATALOGUE FREE. If you mention this paper and address DE COU & CO., St. Paul, Minn.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

PUBLISHERS!

DO YOU USE STEREOTYPE PLATES?

IF SO WHY NOT USE THE BEST?



An All Metal, Type High Plate, Weighing 18 Pounds to the Page of Six Columns, When Ready to Lock up for the Press,

Requiring no bases, a perfect plate in itself, is certainly the best plate ever offered to publishers.

The Northwestern Newspaper Union, after Feb. 1st. 1890, will furnish these plates to publishers at regular prices. The service will consist of Serial Stories, Short Stories, Miscellany, Wit and Humor, Farm and Garden, News Summaries, Paragraph, Illustrated, &c., &c. Every department will be first class and the best that can be obtained. Write for particulars.

NORTHWESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION, ST. PAUL, MINN.

NEW TOMATO SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS



Are the BEST for all soils and climes, producing everywhere Early Vegetables, Beautiful Flowers, and large Farm Crops. 35 packages Earliest Vegetable Seed—sufficient for a family—postpaid—$1.00. 33 packages Choice Flower Seed, $1. 1 pkge. LaCrosse Seedling Tomato (new) 20c. 100,000 ROSES and PLANTS. Send for Free Catalogue contains everything for lawn, garden and farm. JOHN A. SALZER La Crosse, Wis.

THE BEST SEEDS are those put up by D. M. FERRY & CO. Who are the largest Seedsmen in the world. D. M. Ferry & Co's Illustrated, Descriptive and Priced SEED ANNUAL for 1890 will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last season's customers. It is better than ever. Every person using *Garden, Flower or Field Seeds* should send for it. Address D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT, MICH.

A SERIOUS MISTAKE.

Much mischief is done in the treatment of constipation. The common opinion is that all requirements are fulfilled if the medicine forces unloading of the bowels. A great error. Medicine simply purgative, corrects no morbid condition, consequently their use is followed by greater costiveness. A remedy, to be effectual and permanent, must be composed of tonic, alterative, corrective and carthartic properties. These are admirably combined in Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills. They will, in a short time, cure all the sufferings that result from inactive bowels. They give tone to the intestines, stimulate the secretions, and correct imperfect functional action of the stomach and liver.

Tutt's Liver Pills NEVER DISAPPOINT. Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT.

Specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses, and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six for $5, sent by mail prepaid. With each order for six boxes, will send purchaser guarantee to refund money if the treatment fails to cure. Guarantees issued and genuine sold only by HIPPLER & COLLIER, The open all night Drug Store, Cor 7th & Sibley, St. Paul Minn.

You will Save Money, Time, Pain, Trouble, and will cure CATARRH By Using ELY'S Cream Balm



A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

THIS IS THE GREAT "OHIO" TUBULAR WELL AND PROSPECTING MACHINE famous for succeeding where others have failed. SELF CLEANING. Drill drops 60 to 90 times a minute. CATALOGUE FREE. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.



Write us what work you wish to do with a well machine. ALL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

ON TRIAL.—The MISSOURI AND KANSAS FARMER will be sent on trial four months to any address in United States, Canadas or Mexico, for ten cents in silver or stamps. Address "M. & K. FARMER," Box B, Kansas City, Mo.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS AND PLANTS They are the best, hardiest, most productive and yield largest crops. FREE Beautiful catalogue with 300 illustrations mailed to any address upon application. 6 packets choice flower seeds, 10 cents. Pansies, Balsams, Asters, Sweet Peas, Phloxes, Poppies, etc. a specialty. L. L. MAY & CO., Florists and Seedsmen, ST. PAUL, MINN.

It will be to your advantage when writing advertisers to say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

N W. N. U. 1890 No. 7.

Long Men and their Heads.

At the recent meeting of the congress of German men of science and physicians at Heidelberg, Herr O. Ammon submitted to the Anthropological section some interesting results of observations he had made in Baden. These observations related to 5,000 soldiers. The tall men had generally long skulls, or skulls of medium length, whereas the short men had round skulls. Most of the round skulled men came from the Black Forest; the long skulled usually belonged to the valley of the Rhine, and were especially numerous in towns and in the neighborhood of the castles of ancient families.

From this fact Herr Ammon concluded that the round skulled men had been the original inhabitants of the Rhine valley, that they had been driven from it by long skulled invaders, and that the latter had established themselves near the settlement of their victorious leader. Having shown that there is a certain relation between the height of the figure and the shape of the skull, Herr Ammon went on to indicate the relation between fair hair and blue eyes. No fewer than 80 per cent. of the men with blue eyes had fair hair. He found also that physical growth is generally quicker in the case of the brown eyed than in that of the blue eyed type.—Nature.

Days of Iron-Clads Numbered.

We confess to an uncomfortable presentiment that the days of our iron-clad fleet are numbered. The other day we reported the success of a French submarine torpedo boat, and to-day there comes from Cadiz a brief telegram announcing the complete success of the Peral submarine vessel. This craft can keep up a speed of six knots an hour forty feet below the surface for forty minutes at a time. She steers well and is perfectly under command. A few more experiments, and we shall no more put to sea in a floating fortress than we should face the shell fire of modern artillery with the old wooden three-decker.—Pall Mall Gazette.

New Cash Store!

Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!

We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.

We will Sell for Cash and Defy Competition

H. McGINN.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 36 Front St.

Wall Paper.

ALMOST

GIVEN AWAY!

UNTIL MY PRESENT STOCK IS REDUCED

I will sell wall paper at the following reduced prices

For Cash!

75 Cent Embossed Gilt Paper at -	40 Cents
50 Cent Best Plain Gilt Paper at -	30 Cents
40 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	25 Cents
35 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	20 Cents
25 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	15 Cents
20 Cent Best White Back Paper at -	12 Cents
15 Cent Brown Back Paper at - -	8 Cents

ALL BORDERS

Proportionately as Cheap.

If you are too poor too buy at the above prices come in and I will give you some. Very Truly Yours,

WM. HACK.

BRAINERD

Brewing Co.

Patronize Home Industry.

PURE LAGER BEER,

Always on hand. Orders promptly filled, and free delivery to and part of the city.

JOS. KERNER,
FRANK STUMPP,
Proprietors.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER,

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND, 82 LAUREL STREET.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS

Front Street, Corner 7th.

Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.

Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, Etc.

Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paint, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, &c. &c.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland, }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post-Office, at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

Trains Arrive from the South:
No. 5 at 1:20 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 11 at 5:30 p. m., " " "

Trains Depart Going South:
No. 6 at 1:20 p. m., daily except Sunday.
No. 12 at 7:00 a. m., " " "

Trains Arrive from the West:
No. 6 at 12:50 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 8 at 1:20 p. m., daily.
" 10 at 3:15 a. m., daily.

Trains Depart Going West:
No. 5 at 1:45 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 7 at 8:10 p. m., daily.
" 9 at 12:10 p. m., daily.

Trains Arrive from the East:
No. 7 at 7:50 p. m., daily.
" 9 at 11:59 p. m., daily.

Trains Depart Going East:
No. 8 at 1:40 p. m., daily.
" 10 at 3:15 a. m., daily.

No. 5 goes west to Fargo.
No. 7 goes west to Stapees, and connects there with No. 1 for the Pacific coast.
No. 8 connects at Staples with No. 2.
No. 9 is a midnight train, and connects at Staples with No. 3 for Wadena and stations on the Fergus Falls branch, and for Winnipeg Junction and stations on the Duluth & Manitoba line.
No. 11 is a Morris accommodation train coming from the Little Falls & Dakota branch.
No. 12 is an accommodation train, and runs to Little Falls and points on the Little Falls & Dakota branch.
Nos. 11 and 12 connect at Little Falls with way freights No. 17 and 18 on St. Paul division.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

No. 19 arrives from Duluth at 6:35 p. m., and goes west to Staples at 7:30 p. m.
No. 20 arrives from Staples at 8:45 a. m., and goes east to Duluth at 9:15 a. m.
No. 21 arrives from Duluth at 2:00 a. m., and goes west to Stap es at 2:00 a. m.
No. 22 arrives from Staples 9:45 p. m., and goes east to Duluth at 11:00 p. m.
No. 29 goes west to Wadena at 7:00 a. m.
No. 30 arrives from Wadena at 6:00 p. m.

These freight trains are permitted to carry passengers, but are not to be relied upon for regularity of movement, as they are liable to be abandoned without notice.

Local News Notes.

Harry Gross is in the city.

W. D. McKay has gone to Ottawa, Canada.

C. D. Johnson has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

Ed. Mahan, formerly of this city, has gone to the Pacific coast.

A. L. Hoffman was in Aitkin Wednesday looking up real estate matters.

Wm. Bredfelt has been enjoying a visit from his father, H. Bredfelt, of Milwaukee, this week.

It is quite generally understood that the Northern Pacific will soon run No.'s 3 and 4 around by Brainerd again.

The Aitkin people are anxious to get the Weyerhauser syndicate to locate in that place and will make the concern some inducement.

Alfred Bacon, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Bacon, of southeast Brainerd, died on Sunday. The child was one year and four months old.

F. G. Sundberg has been in Minneapolis this week representing the Brainerd members of the Security Building Association at their annual meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Campen were surprised by their friends Tuesday evening at their home on Fourth street north. A very pleasant time is reported.

Drs. Camp and Courtney were St. Paul visitors on Friday and Saturday and had the privilege of attending several surgical operations during their stay.

The morning subject at the First Congregational church will be "Reasons why more do not join the church." A sermon for children in the evening.

Walter Miller, who formerly resided in this city, has removed to Battle Creek, Mich. For the past two years Mr. Miller has been engaged with his father in the lumber business up the Mississippi near the old Mission.

The delinquencies of taxes upon real estate in Crow Wing and Cass counties for the year 1888 will be published in this paper next week.—The list is somewhat longer than last year, reaching 2,000 descriptions.

The Third Regiment Band and Co. K., M. N. G., were inspected at the Armory last evening by Col. J. C. Danahower, of St. Paul. A reception and banquet was tendered the gentleman at the Arlington after the exercises.

J. Q. Mathews superintendent of the Sunday school has secured an orchestra of six or seven instruments to play in the Sunday school. This will be a very attractive feature of the Sunday school, and we hope many will take advantage of it.

On Monday the remains of Charles G. Hopkins, a lumberman killed in the woods north of Brainerd, were were brought to this city and the body prepared for burial and sent to his former home at Stillwater. The accident happened by the falling of a tree.

H. A. Hatch of Brainerd is here in the interest of the Children's Endowment Society of Minneapolis and will remain until Monday. Mr. Hatch was feeling good-natured yesterday afternoon, having just received the prize of $10 for sending in the largest list during the month of January.—Motley Register.

Wanted Agents, District and Special to represent the Old National Life Insurance Company of Montpelier, Vt. Liberal terms. Life option and cash values are popular features of this Company and easy to work. Address Wm. H. Murphy, General Agent 19 and 20 Chambers of Commerce St. Paul, or 412 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Joseph Bullis, a son of Mrs. P. D. Davenport, arrived in the city this week from San Francisco. Mr. Bullis is in the employ of the United States government and was on board the flag ship Trenton which went down in the Samoa disaster last spring, which will be remembered by all our readers. He will remain in the city a couple of months.

Frank Elvidge, an old time Bramerdite, is in the city.

This is Valentine's day, a fact which many are undoubtedly aware of before this.

At the Danish-Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Tenth and Oak Sts., a basket festival will be held on Saturday evening, Feb. 22nd. Music and general good time will be indulged in. All are invited.

The Germania Maennerchor masquerade ball which takes place this evening at the Armory will be one of the events of the season. Every detail has been completed and those who attend can depend on an evening of rare enjoyment. If you have not provided yourself with a ticket do so at once.

Dr. J. R. Howes, accompanied by J. H. Koop, left this afternoon for the Mille Lacs reservation to investigate and report as to the suffering from want and disease of that tribe. It is understood that the grip is getting in some deadly work among their numbers. If the case is anything like reported Dr. Howes will make another trip next week, after having reported to the Indian department.

The matter regarding the funds of the school board has been satisfactorily settled as far as Treasurer Lagerquist and his bondsmen are concerned, he having given them notes and security to cover the entire amount which was swallowed up by the Lumberman's Exchange Bank failure. The financial blow is a heavy one for Mr. Lagerquist to bear, as he is a man of moderate means and has worked very hard for a living. He has many friends in all parts of the city who think it is unjust for him to lose this amount and who are anxious to help him out of his trouble, and it is quite probable that some means will be devised to do so.

Every Detail Arranged.

The Smith Costume Co., of Minneapolis, have arranged to send an elegant line of costumes to Brainerd in time for the Chenquatana masquerade. They will probably reach here Saturday and will be on exhibition at Mrs Grandelmyer's. This company have furnished costumes for a number of the nice masquerades and fancy dress balls in St. Paul and Minneapolis during the past season and pride themselves on having the neatest lot of costumes to choose from that have been in Brainerd for some time. The club members have been working hard to arrange all the details of the party and those who miss it will miss one of the most delightful events of the season. All who attend will be required to present their invitation card at the door. The ladies' and gents' cloak rooms will be so arranged that the maskers will have no difficulty in disposing of their wraps and arranging their costumes. The orchestra will furnish music for a number of promenades between the dances prior to the unmasking, giving all maskers an opportunity for merriment and revelry. It is hoped that all who participate will vary from the usual late hour of arrival and be on hand promptly at 9:15.

A New Departure.

A DISPATCH scribe dropped into D. M. Clark & Co.'s this morning and found the rear part of the store undergoing several changes. New shelving is being put up and wherever an inch of space can be made it is being taken advantage of. Mr. Clark's explanation was that during his recent trip to Chicago he had laid in an elegant line of new goods which were arriving daily and he was arranging to take care of them as fast as they came. The new line consists of trunks, valises and grips and the stocks will be as complete as in any St. Paul retail establishment. Besides this an elegant line of double and single harness, the best the market affords, was also being made room for. Their stock of oil cloths, in three sizes and in all the latest designs, is already in and are certainly of the finest ever exhibited in the city, and also a complete line of door mats.

Lenten Services.

Wednesday next being Ash Wednesday services will be held in St. Paul's church at 10:30 A. M.

During the Lenten season the order of servies will be as follows:

On Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Holy Communion; 10:30 A. M. morning service and sermon; 7 P. M. evening service and sermon.

On Tuesdays and Thursdays service and address at 7:30 P. M.

On Wednesdays and Fridays, service and practical talk at 4:30 P. M.

Confirmation, Friday March 21st, at 7:30 P. M.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Mortuary Record.

Mrs. Belle Bubar, wife of Ellis Bubar, died on Sunday last, Feb. 9th, of consumption at the age of 31 years. The funeral was conducted from the Episcopal church.

Enoch Johnson died very suddenly on Sunday morning of heart disease. Deceased was 26 years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

Augusta Peterson, wife of John Peterson, died on Monday morning, Feb. 10th, of consumption, aged 30 years. The deceased had been in ill health for some years. The funeral was conducted by Rev. J. G. Hultkrans on Tuesday.

Attention Knights.

White Cross Lodge No. 30 K. of P. will convene in special session at the Castle Hall, on Sunday, Feb. 16th at 10 A. M. to hold memorial services in honor of our deceased brother, Justus H. Rathbone, Past Supreme Chancellor and founder of the order. All Knights are earnestly requested to be present.

F. W. WIELAND, C. C.

A Card of Thanks.

I desire to extend my heartfelt thanks to those who so kindly assisted at the sickness and death of my wife. Especially to the Iron Moulders who showed their respect.

JOHN PETERSON.

WILL THEY DO IT?

How Gilbert Lake May Be Used for Log Storage.

BRAINERD, Feb. 12.—Wm. Long, of Stillwater, representing the Weyerhauser Lumber Syndicate, is here again to investigate further the matter of location of the syndicate's mill or mills at this place. It seems that the Aherns Bros., owners of lands on Gilbert Lake, made such representations as to turn the flowage of the dam into that lake for a log storage, as to induce investigation. Mr. Long came here last week and made a partial examination and returned yesterday to run a line of levels from the dam flowage over to the lake level.—He is non-committal as to results.—Such use of Gilbert lake would dispense with the necessity of acquiring the Mississippi Water & Boom Company's property.—Minneapolis Journal.

Mr. Ahrens intervied as to the above states that some talk has been indulged in as to the feasibility of the scheme, and while something may come of it it will not interfere with the original arrangements. If it should amount to anything Mr. Ahrens thinks it would be of vast importance to this part of the city as mills would be built on the opposite side of the river just above the old ferry or in that vicinity.

Proceedings of the Board of Education.

High School Building, }
Feb. 6th, 1890. }

All members present except Trustee A. M. Wallace. The minutes of the regular meeting Jan. 2d, and special meetings Jan. 18th and 28th were read and approved as read.—Moved and seconded that the resignation of Mrs. F. E. Davenport be accepted. Motion carried.

On motion seconded and duly carried the purchasing committee was authorized to purchase text books, etc., as per requisition of Supt. J. A. Wilson.

Moved and seconded that the communication from St. Paul Book & Stationery Co. be put on file and an order drawn to pay for books ordered.

On motion seconded and properly carried the Secretary was authorized to draw an order for $111.11 in favor of Supt. J. A. Wilson for salary for January.

On motion seconded and duly carried the following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Brainerd Tribune, printing..	$ 1 40
Nels Halstrom, sawing wood.	4 20
Geo. Keough, 49¾ cords wood,	124 38
Van Antwerp, Bragg & Co., text books.....	2 57
Brainerd Water Co., rent....	52 50
W. J. & H. D. Powers, stove drum, etc.....	9 70

Moved and seconded that the salary of M. Mahlum, janitor in high school building, be raised to $45 per month. Motion carried.

On motion properly carried, the board proceeded to elect teacher to fill vacancy in Third Ward. Mr. H. E. Stedman and Miss Towers were nominated.

Moved, seconded and carried to vote by ballot. Mr. Horace E. Stedman was declared elected at a salary of $55 per month.

On motion duly carried, O. Lawson was given permission to mix in not to exceed twenty-four cords of birch and ash in his contract for 250 cords of green wood.

Bids of the city papers for publishing the minutes of all meetings of the school board were opened and read. The bids all being the same, 75 cents per folio, it was moved, seconded and carried to proceed to vote by ballot to which of the three city papers the contract should be given, with the following result:

First ballot—Dispatch, 3; Tribune, 3; Journal, 3.

Second ballot—Dispatch, 3; Tribune, 2; Journal, 4.

Third ballot—Dispatch, 5; Journal, 4.

Moved and seconded that the Dispatch having received the majority of votes the Secretary be instructed to notify the publishers of that paper that their bid had been accepted.—Motion carried.

Moved and seconded to instruct the committee appointed Nov. 16th, consisting of J. W. Willis, H. Theviot and J. Cullen, to call a meeting of the treasurer and bondsmen and be authorized to accept four notes for the amount now in the hands of the treasurer, running three, six, nine and twelve months, each note bearing three months interest, and in case satisfactory arrangements could not be made to commence proceedings. Motion carried.

Moved and carried to adjourn.

ATTEST.

H. THEVIOT, Clerk.

Examination of Teachers.

An examination of teachers for the schools of Crow Wing and Cass counties will be held in the Court House in Brainerd on Tuesday, February 18th, 1890. All persons expecting to teach and not yet provided with certificates, will please be present.

GEO. H. DAVIS,
Co. Supt.

Wanted.

A man and wife at Fenn Cottage on Long Lake from April 1st to Oct. 1st. The woman must be a good cook and both willing to work. Apply to

FRED S. PARKER,
N. P. Foundry.

A Few Left.

We still have a few of those comfortable felt shoes and slippers for ladies and gents. Also children's underwear, all at low prices. We are headquarters for neat and prompt repairing at bottom figures at the Big "9," Sixth street.

R. F. WALTERS.

Half Hour Reduction in Time.

The reduction of one-half an hour in time, giving earlier hour of arrival in Chicago, over the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway, insures connections with all fast line trains leaving Chicago in the morning for Pittsburgh, New York, Washington, Cincinnati, Louisville, and the East and South.

Twenty lyres will buy a first-class carving set at Clark & Co.'s.

Minutes of the Fireman's Meeting.

The Chief of the Fire Department called a special meeting of all companies to meet at the central hose house at 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening Feb. 11th, with Ed. Brahney in in the chair, according to the call there were a large number of all companies in attendance.

The next thing in order was to elect a Secretary pro tem. Chas. B. Thompson was nominated and elected, and afterwards elected as permanent Secretary of the association, and Thomas Crawford, Treasurer.

Mr. Ed. Brahney, chairman, stated that the object of the meeting was to devise a way to raise funds to entertain our Bro. Fireman who meets with us June 11th, as the State Fireman's Annual Convention of 1890.

There was considerable spouting from our ex-worthy Chief, A. F Leopold and others. A. F. always makes the boys feel good with his magniloquence. Johnie Bubar, gave the boys a nice little talk of how to amuse the Fire Laddies and where to take them. All at once the door opened as if it had been kicked with a mule with four shoes on one foot and in bounced Charlie Kinkle with a smile on his face as long as a section of hose and never waited to see what order of business we were in, but shouted out with his boisterous voice, put me down for one hundred dollars, and up jumped Jim Cullen and started in on a double shuffle.—The Chairman had to get Adam to run down and pull the big bell before the boys would get down to business again.

It was regularly moved, seconded and carried that the Chief be elected permanent Chairman of this association. The Chief then appointed the Foreman of each Company for the General Committee.

No further business appearing, it was moved and seconded we adjourn.

CHAS. B. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

FORTUNE HUNTER'S FATE.

"An heiress, and so pretty, too! Heiresses are generally ugly, Jack, introduce me."

It was at a church fair. The young ladies of the congregation had, as usual, taken charge of the tables, and Marion Lee stood amongst little baskets and bouquets of roses, like a modern Flora. She was the only daughter of old Squire Lee, and known to be his heiress; and her cousin, Jack Harkaway had said as much to young Walter Medway. He was sorry he had spoken the moment after, for Walter Medway was not the sort of young man that he delighted to introduce to his pretty cousin, but the introduction seemed unavoidable, and he went through with it on the spot.

And Walter Medway was handsome and used his great, dark eyes to advantage, and little Flora lost her heart on the spot to one who seemed to her the young prince she had waited for so long.

In fact the acquaintance progressed rapidly and the two were lovers very soon. In a few months they were engaged.

Jack Harkaway saw all this with anxiety. He felt that Medway was a fortune-hunter, and he knew that his young cousin would be miserable with him. He racked his brain for some means to expose the real motives of the sultor, and at last he hit upon one.

One day, when Medway left his lady's house, Jack waited for him on the pavement without, and taking his arm breathed a heavy sigh and declared that he was very much troubled by something that was on his mind.

"What is it, my dear fellow?" asked Medway.

"Why, I had something to tell my cousin," replied Jack, "and I've not been able to muster courage. You, now, being so near to her, could break the news better. Will you?"

"Oh, of course, my dear fellow," said Medway.

"I left my uncle, Mr. Lee, in great distress at his office in Wall street," said Jack. He has been entering into imprudent speculations and lost everything. The house he lives in must be sold; he will be a beggar. He dare not go home to tell his daughter and his heiress this, and he begged me to do so; but I—I cannot. Will you?"

"Upon my word, you are cool," replied Midway. "You don't think of my feelings for a moment. I engaged myself to an heiress, and you tell me her father is a beggar, and expect me to—to—"

He paused, blushed scarlet, and snatching his arm from that of Jack's, walked away.

An hour afterward a messenger boy handed Marion Lee this note:

"My Dear Marion: Pity me. Circumstances over which I have no control oblige me to say farewell forever to one I adore. Our engagement must be broken. Awful events have occurred. Perhaps I must even fly this land forever. Your despairing lover,

"Walter Medway."

Poor Flora! The shock was terrible, for she had loved the man; but she was brave. When once she understood the truth, and knew that Jack's strategy had saved her from being the prey of a fortune-hunter, she learned to thank Heaven for her deliverance, and to-day she is a happy wife and mother, while Walter Medway, married to a rich old termagant, who is said to beat him, is the laughing stock of all who know him.

Money is Plenty Again.

Having made arrangements with eastern capitalists, I am prepared to loan money in any amount on chattel mortgages.

A. L. HOFFMAN,
Real Estate & Loan Broker, Corner Fifth and Front streets, Brainerd.

Sweet, Orr & Co.'s overalls and jackets at Geo. N. Day's.

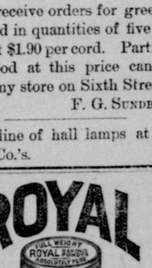
Orders for Wood.

I will receive orders for green jack pine wood in quantities of five cords or over at $1.90 per cord. Parties desiring wood at this price can leave word at my store on Sixth Street.

F. G. SUNDBERG.

A new line of hall lamps at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans Royal Baking Powder Co. 106 Wall street, N. Y.

For Sale by S. & J. W Koop.

For Sale.

One single driving horse 1000 lbs. One span work horses 1200 lbs., will sell on time or trade for foot stock.

Dec. 27-tf. C. H. PAINE & Co.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First Publication Feb. 7, 1890.]

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Sara E. Kindred and Charles F. Kindred, her husband, mortgagors, to Calvin L. Spaulding and Halsey J. Spencer mortgagees, dated the fourth day of November A. D. 1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Crow Wing in the state of Minnesota, on the ninth day of November A. D. 1886, at eleven o'clock and forty-five minutes A. M., in book E of Mortgage, on page 85, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of four thousand six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars ($4637.50) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. And Whereas, mortgage was duly assigned by the said Calvin L. Spaulding and Halsey J. Spencer to J. J. Howe by assignment, dated the 24th day of December A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 27th day of December A. D. 1888, at two o'clock and forty-five minutes P. M., in book H of mortgages on page 222.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1890 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota and known and described as follows, to-wit: Block numbered one hundred sixty-four (164) in the town (now part of the city) of Brainerd according to the plat of said town of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Crow Wing County.

Dated Feb. 4th, 1890.

J. J. HOWE,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney.

Probate Notice.

[First publication Feb. 7, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, General Term, Feb. 3, 1890.

In the Matter of the Estate of Chauncey B. Sleeper, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Sarah L. Sleeper, John L. Smith and Edward Hazen, executors, of the estate of Chauncey B. Sleeper, deceased, representing, among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on the Third day of March, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the City of Brainerd in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the City of Brainerd, in said County.

By the Court.
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Executors.

Notice to Creditors.

[First Publication January 31st, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 27th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of J. O. Phillips, deceased.

Letters of administration upon said estate having been this day granted by said court to W. R. Philips, of said County of Crow Wing.

It is ordered, That the creditors of said deceased be allowed to present their claims against said estate, for examination and allowance by this court, on any day hereafter until the 1st Monday in August, 1890.

Ordered further, That the 1st Monday in each month thereafter, until and including said 1st Monday in August, 1890, at the general terms of said court, at the office of the Judge of said court, at the City of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, proofs to substantiate such claims will be taken before said Judge, and all such claims have to be presented and filed in said court during the period fixed by this court.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be forthwith given to such creditors, and all others concerned, by publication of this order four successive weeks in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, and by posting a copy of this order at four public places in said County of Crow Wing.

By the Court.
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court Fifteenth Judicial District.

Samuel R. Lind, plaintiff, } Summons for Relief
vs. }
Mat. A. Karjola, defend'nt }

The State of Minnesota,
To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the said Court at his office at Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 8th, 1890.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Brainerd, Minn.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Crow Wing, }

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

Samuel R. Lind, Plaintiff,
against
Mat A. Karjola, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendant, Mat A. Karjola, for the purpose of reforming a certain deed executed and delivered to said plaintiff by said defendant on the 3rd day of May, 1888, in which an error was made in the description of the premises intended to be conveyed by said deed.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Crow Wing, and described as follows:

The east thirty-five feet (35 feet), being subdivision number four (4), of Mertz & Linn's subdivision—of Lots number five (5) and six (6), of Block number seven (7), in the Town of Eastbrainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota.

Dated January 8th, 1890.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Brainerd, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Joseph E. Myers and Addie Myers, his wife, mortgagors, to Samuel W. Searles, Trustee, mortgagee, dated the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 11:50 o'clock A. M., in book "E" of mortgages, on page 201, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of ($284.50) two hundred eighty four and 50-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and Twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece, or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (NW¼ of NE¼) and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter (NE¼ of NW¼) of Section Eight (8), of Township forty-four (44), in Range thirty (30), according to government survey.

Dated January 3rd, 1890.

SAMUEL W. SEARLES, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Mrs Julia Lowe (widow) mortgagor, to Patrick H. Carney, mortgagee, dated the 22nd day of September, 1885, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of September, 1885, at 3:15 p. m., in Book E of Mortgages, on page 30, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of two hundred twenty-five dollars and eighty-three cents ($225 83-100), and no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon and costs and expenses of sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold, are, all those tracts or parcels of land, lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter (NW¼), of Section number twelve (12), in Township number forty-four (44), of Range number thirty-one (31), according to the United States government survey, except a strip of land four rods wide, running from the southwest corner of the above described land east to the stream known as Buffalo Creek, being the land deeded to Julia A. Stillings.

Dated January 9th, 1890.

PATRICK H. CARNEY,
Mortgagee.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

We Have Just Opened an immense stock of

Boys and Children's Clothing

And is now Ready for Your Inspection.

Children's Plaid Kilt Suits,

IN SAILOR.

BOYS JERSEYS SUITS,

In FLANNEL.

Hats, Hats! Hats!

Our line of hats is now complete for the spring trade and incluees all the very latest shapes. Ask to see the "Axtell." New and very nobby.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

TO THE PUBLIC!

—We Have Purchased the—

Brainerd Steam Laundry,

And are prepared to Accommodate the public.

First Class Work Guaranteed,

Work Called for and Delivered. Family Washings a Specialty. Call and get our prices.

F. J. TAYLOR & CO., Prop.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

PRICES REDUCED!

AT

S. WALKER & SON

We have decided to reduce the price on meats at our market and will sell as follows:

Porter House Steak -	11c. per pound
Sirloin Steak - -	11c. per pound
Round Steak - -	9c. per pound
Shoulder steak & roasts,	8c. per pound
Boiling Beef, from 3 to	5c. per pound

FRONT STREET.

Between 7th and 8th Street.

EAMES BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

We keep on hand all kinds of fresh and salt meats, poultry, fish and game in season, choice salt fish, fresh sausage, etc., etc.

Call and See us at the Old City Meat Market.

SIXTH STREET - - BETWEEN FRONT AND LAUREL

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCER,

has a large and complete stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour and Feed, Provisions, etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.
SUPPLEMENT.

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 12. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. FEBRUARY 14, 1890. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

WHENCE? AND WHITHER?

A little crib. A tiny babe. A mother's lullaby.
A gracious ray of sunshine from a bright, unclouded sky.
A breath of light and loveliness. A cherished hope, a prayer
Dropped down into the present from that strange, mysterious where?
A cold white stone. A little mound. A mother's grief and tears.
A shadow reaching out across the sunshine of the years.
A voice unanswered evermore, an echo of despair.
Gone from the living present to that strange, mysterious where?

CAUGHT IN A COFFIN.

"The tightest coroner I ever got into," said the express messenger, "was when I was traveling on the Southern Pacific road. I had just woke up out of a nap in the express-room, when I saw something that froze my blood in my veins. There was a coffin in one end of the room, and I could just catch the glimpse of a cruel face turned toward me. It belonged to a train robber, I was sure, and my rifle was on the other side of car. If I made a step he would shoot me dead, and then notify his associates, who were probably in the passenger-car.

We had enough gold on board to make a man rich. I felt the responsibility and knew I must act at once. I pretended to awaken, by making two or three movements with my hands, and to my intense relief the cover of the pine box quickly and quietly dropped to its place. Without making any hurried motion, I rubbed my eyes, gaped once or twice and rose to my feet.

"Well, well," I said aloud, "I've been asleep."

Then I proceeded to rummage around the car as if nothing had happened, but my nerves were not relaxed an instant. Before the train had gone five miles farther I had some nails in my pocket. A quick, careless glance showed me a hole in the side of the box through which the robber was undoubtedly watching every movement I made.

I did not go near the revolvers or rifles. It would have taken but a second for him to have raised the lid and shot me, and I knew he would do so if I approached them. Instead of that I carelessly assorted a pile of express matter near the box with a view of what I was to do.

I was terribly excited, though I tried to appear cool. When I was ready, I threw several heavy packages on the lid, sat down on the box, and nailed down the lid. I heard a noise within and felt a pressure as my prisoner endeavored to raise the lid. The weight was too great, and I soon had all the nails driven in to hold him fast. He was secured, but to make sure of him I surrounded the box with heavy bundles, and piled upon it the heaviest boxes the car contained.

I sat down for a minute to recover myself, then taking down a rifle, I cocked it loud enough for him to hear.

"How many more are there aboard the train?" I asked, placing my mouth to a crack between the bricks.

In reply I heard a muffled sound resembling a curse, and as all the holes through which he might shoot were covered with gold and silver, I put my mouth nearer and asked the question again.

I received no reply, and, going to the other end of the car, I quietly opened the door leading to the platform. The night air rushed in and the noise of the train came with it, making a din in my ears. We were running at a high rate of speed around the hills that abound in that region.

I stepped to the platform of the next car. It was a smoking car. The train robbers were already at work. Two men, in the forward end, within five feet of me, commanded a view of every passenger with their leveled revolvers, and two more were going down the aisle for the valuables.

It was a terrible moment to me. I felt a keen sympathy for the passengers, whose terror-stricken faces I could see in the dim light from the lamps, but I was helpless; doubtless a similar scene was being enacted in the other passenger and sleeping cars.

I was hot and cold by turns. I watched the villains going coolly on with their work until I began to think of my own safety. Charley Slate, a brakeman, was bound hand and foot to the forward seat; in a few moments they would finish their daring work and come to my car. I did not doubt that the fellow I had imprisoned in the pine box was an accomplice, and if they should find the door of the express car locked they would break it open to see what had become of him, and kill me if I resisted.

This would enable them to take possession of the money, bullion, and valuable packages and escape. I knew they would not kill any one if he did not resist, and inside of five minutes they would demand an entrance to my car.

Already the two robbers had nearly reached the farther end of the smoking car; thousands of dollars were in my care; I must save it.

Without any more hesitation I stepped to the platform of my car, grasped the lever that operated the Miller coupling, and with a quick strong pull, separated the draw-heads. I was not a moment too soon. Before the engine and express car had shot 200 feet ahead of the train, the door of the smoking car opened and the robbers stepped out. I heard their cry of rage, saw the flashes of their revolvers, and the bullets struck the wood work behind me. Hurrying forward, I told the engineer what I had done.

He heartily approved of my action and his words reassured me. I had taken a desperate course, but I had saved a great deal of valuable property.

We hurried on through the darkness and soon reached the next station, from which the news was telegraphed to the company's offices in San Francisco and Tucson. The robber in the pine box was then secured, but refused to say a word, and with a gang of trackmen, armed, we returned to where we had left the train. The robbers had departed, taking everything valuable with them, and the passengers hailed us with shouts of joy and sighs of relief.

Canadian Banks.

In 1891 the charters of all Canadian banks expire, and the plan upon which they shall be reissued will soon have to be determined. Whether it is better to continue the old system, or take pattern by the newer and simpler method in the United States, is the point to be decided.

Artesian Wells in the Sahara Desert.

Artesian wells sunk in the Desert of Sahara reach water at a depth of 230 feet, at which a steady pour of 5,000 gallons per minute has been obtained. The water is brackish, but answers for irrigation purposes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT!

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and Balances during the fiscal year ending December 31st, A. D. 1889.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for Fiscal Year ending December 31st, 1889.

	Balance Dec. 31, 1888	Collections during the Year	Total Foregoing Items	Disbursement as per vouchers cancelled	Balance in Treasury December 31st, 1889
STATE FUNDS.					
State Funds	....	$3076 86	$3076 86	$3081 38	*$4 52
State School Funds	$35 65	277 86	313 51	313 54	*03
State Text Books	......	16 00	16 00	173 96	*157 96
Total	$35 65	$3370 72	$3406 37	$3568 88	*162 51
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue	*$521 20	$18430 35	$17909 15	$17620 71	$288 44
Poor Fund	*63 05	1812 10	1749 05	964 67	784 38
Road and Bridge Fund	189 48	2494 96	2305 48	2285 60	19 88
Bond Interest	......	9095 06	9095 06	8846 88	248 18
Sinking Fund	950 63	3278 67	4229 30	3404 18	825 12
Surplus Fund	93 66	......	93 66	......	93 66
Building Fund	448 64	1112 60	1561 24	1073 48	487 76
Redemption Fund	40 12	73 06	113 18	95 53	17 65
Special Poor Fund	......	2749 47	2749 47	2569 45	180 02
Total	$2306 78	$39046 27	$39805 59	$36860 50	$2945 09
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd	$139 31	$5855 17	$5994 48	$5996 52	*2 04
City of Brainerd Side Walk	115 24	893 86	1009 10	1009 10	......
Town of Mooresville	......	304 20	304 20	304 20	......
Town of Crow Wing	......	107 51	107 51	107 51	......
Town of Oak Lawn	22	146 75	146 97	146 97	......
Town of Deerwood	02	95 99	96 01	90 12	5 89
Town of Dagget Brook	......	120 42	120 42	108 86	11 56
Total	$254 79	$7523 90	$7778 69	$7763 28	$19 49
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School	*$ 90	$10372 09	$10371 19	$10372 32	*$1 13
Brainerd Independent	......	$25344 66	$25344 66	$21459 69	$3884 97
School District No. 1	......	372 39	372 39	373 24	*85
do No. 2	......	256 42	256 42	256 42	......
do No. 3	......	248 08	248 08	248 08	......
do No. 4	......	198 04	198 04	198 04	......
do No. 5	......	319 23	319 23	319 23	......
do No. 6	......	217 03	217 03	217 03	......
do No. 7	......	350 18	350 18	350 18	......
do No. 8	......	315 60	315 60	315 60	......
do No. 9	......	370 94	370 94	370 94	......
do No 10	......	244 95	244 95	244 95	......
do No 11	......	122 22	122 22	122 22	......
do No 12	16 89	102 90	119 79	119 79	......
do No 13	......	225 86	225 86	225 86	......
do No 14	......	179 47	179 47	179 47	......
do No 15	......	191 36	191 36	191 36	......
do No 16	......	176 95	176 95	176 95	......
do No 17	52 29	60 34	112 63	111 24	1 39
do No 18	......	92 11	92 11	92 11	......
do No 19	......	123 11	123 11	123 11	......
do No 20	......	95 25	95 25	95 25	......
do No 21	16	90	1 06	......	1 06
do No 22	......	42 61	42 61	42 61	......
do No 23	......	85 23	85 23	85 23	......
Total	$70 24	$40107 92	$40176 36	$36290 92	$3889 40
Tax Collections Account	$2741 84	$62710 06	$65451 90	$59566 34	$5885 56
RECAPITULATION.					
State Funds	$35 65	$3370 72	$3406 37	$3568 88	*$162 51
County Funds	2306 78	39046 27	39805 59	36860 50	2945 09
City and Town Funds	254 79	7523 90	7778 69	7763 28	19 49
School Funds	7024 40	40107 92	40176 36	36290 92	3889 40
Tax Collections	2741 84	62710 06	65451 90	59566 34	5885 56
Total	$12363 46	$152758 87	$156618 91	$144049 92	$12902 05

* Overdrawn.

RECEIPTS INTO COUNTY TREASURY,
To the Credit of County Revenue Fund.

Interest on deposits $ 623 72
Probate fees 93 76
Amount refunded by Commissioner Farrar for error in No. of meetings 9 60
Costs in state cases 75 00
Tax collections from Crow Wing and Cass Co. 17 628 27
— $18 430 35
Poor fund 1 812 10
Road and Bridge 2 494 96
Bond Interest 9 095 06
Sinking fund 3 278 67
Building fund 1 112 60
Redemption fund 73 06
Special Poor fund 2 749 47
— $39 046 27

POOR FUND.

A P Farrar, superintending work at poor farm $ 9 00
A P Farrar, hack hire transferring sick persons 50
Sam'l English, plants and seeds for poor farm 6 80
T McMasters, groceries furnished poor farm 27 09
John L Berg, groceries furnished pauper 15 00
Rev I Bergstrom, money advanced to pauper 8 00
M Hagberg, groceries furnished poor farm 27 54
H Spalding, purchase of team, harnesses, wagon and sleds 400 00
S W Gray, purchase of mower and horse rake 85 00
Mrs W E Monroe, amount allowed for her support 15 00
Louis Wood, amount allowed for his support 12 00
Dr L M Roberts, part salary as county physician 16 25
John Chisolm, board and care Mrs Thompson 16 00
Mrs C Olson, amount allowed for her support 10 00
Moses Dube, amount allowed for his support 12 00
P J Keley, board and care of Jas Carney 12 25
N P Benifical Association, medical aid and nursing 3 paupers 163 77
Mrs W E Munroe, amount allowed for her support 15 00
Dr L M Roberts, part salary as county physician 16 25
Louis Wood, amount allowed for his support 12 00
Mrs C Olson, amount allowed for her support 10 00
Wm Durham, work done at poor farm 33 50
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished poor farm 3 95
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished poor farm 13 24
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper 1 60
J K Pearse, meats furnished poor farm 3 85
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper 1 45
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper 3 50
Robert Parker, money to purchase ticket 10 00
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 4 12
— $964 67

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

D S Barden, services as road overseer $ 24 50
P G Fogelstrom, superintending work Brainerd and Oak Lawn road 51 00
G A McDonald, salary as custodian of bridge two months 30 00
H Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood road 150 00
D H Hughey, salary as road overseer 28 32
O C Olson, work done on Bay Lake road 4 50
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge 15 00
D Barden, services as road overseer 18 50
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge two months 30 00
Louis Wicks, services as road overseer 27 00
A A Miller, lumber furnished to repair Noka Sebie bridge 13 00
J M Martin, viewing work Brainerd and Daggett Brook 5 00
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge two months 30 00
John Miller, repairing Noka Sebie bridge 5 00
P Duchesnes, services road overseer $13 50
P E Gelow, repairing Brainerd and Daggett Brook road 100 00
Fred Eimer, services road overseer 6 00
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge three months 45 00
Joel Smith, planks for repairing Millen bridge 3 50
John Lauerman, repairing Mississippi bridge 1 25
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge 15 00
Joel Smith, work done on L. Lake bridge 18 05
Dennis Bros., work done on L. Lake bridge 3 25
Frank Lucas, work done on L. Lake bridge 26 00
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road 34 00
Henry Reider, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road 8 00
Frank Harmon, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road 8 00
C B Stade, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbit Lake road 6 00
Slipp Bros., goods furnished to repair bridge 3 36
Harry Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Aitkin county road 150 00
Harry Patterson, viewing Brainerd and Rabbitt Lake road 6 40
L H Stallman, viewing Brainerd and Rabbitt Lake road 4 40
R K Whiteley, surveying southern Mille Lacs road 38 00
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge 15 00
Joel Smith, appropriation to repair Nokae Sebie road 100 00
D Archibald, repairing Brainerd and Bay Lake road 150 00
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge 15 00
A R Knowlen, repairing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 100 00
Harry Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood road 150 00
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge 15 00
J S Gardner, viewing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 16 00
Joel Smith, repairing Brainerd and Morrison county road 35 00
Joel Smith, viewing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 9 50
R K Whiteley, surveying and making plans for repairs of bridge 21 00
Sam Thompson, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 4 00
John Peterson, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 4 00
Alex Cameron, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 4 00
Alex Cameron, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Grave Lake road 100 00
Alex Cameron, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Grave Lake road 100 00
Joel Smith, repairing road Dutch settlement 35 00
F B Congdon, sand and stone to repair Mississippi bridge 110 00
J J Howe, lumber furnished to repair bridge 28 37
Chas. Peterson, mason work on bridge 180 00
F A B King & Co., lime and cement to repair bridge 100 00
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge 15 00
John Lauerman, repairing Mississippi bridge 10 87
A P Farrar, superintending work Mississippi bridge 12 40
H S Nelson, work done on road 2 50
Geo Keough, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road 2 00
Harry Patterson, viewing Brainerd and Grave Lake road 9 00
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 5 43
Total — $2 285 60

BOND INTEREST FUND.

H S Totton, interest on Co. orders 46
M McFadden, interest on Co. orders 87
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders 10 18
C L Spaulding, interest on Co. orders $1 72
Sam W Searles, interest on Co. orders 1 06
Frank Wesley, interest on Co. orders 41
Brainerd Water Co., interest on Co. orders 40
H Spaulding, interest on Co. orders 1 70
Geo D Barnard & Co., interest on Co. orders 53
H J Spencer, interest on Co. orders 55
Geo N Day, interest on Co. orders 58
H Spaulding, interest on Co. orders 17 25
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders 16 55
C L Spaulding, interest on Co orders 4 52
J W Slipp, interest on Co. orders 65
J C Atherton, interest on Co. orders 77
J C Congdon, interest on Co. orders 1 58
C D Johnson, interest on Co. orders 1 61
M K Swartz, interest on Co. orders 89
R P Nelson, interest on Co. orders 2 21
John McKnight, interest on Co. orders 28
N P Ben's Ass'n, interest on Co. orders 9 07
A P Farrar, interest on Co. orders 60
Leon E Lum, interest on Co. orders 1 17
I T Dean, interest on Co. orders 40
J E Ireland, interest on Co. orders 18
J T Sanborn, interest on Co. orders 18
A P Farrar, interest on Co. orders 16
Fairbanks, Marse & Co., interest on Co. orders 4 66
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders 5 78
S W Gray, interest on Co. orders 18
Wm Paine, Sr., interest on Co. orders 17
Rev E J Brownson, interest on Co. orders 35
W S Brockway, interest on Co orders 20
Adam Brown, interest on Co. orders 20
John Having, interest on Co. orders 20
M K Swartz, interest on Co. orders 16
Interest on bridge bonds $4000 issue 280 00
Interest on bridge bonds $50000 issue 3000 00
Interest on court house bonds $30000 issue 2109 35
Interest on old court house bonds $15000 issue 1162 17
Interest on old county bonds $5000 issue 400 00
Loan to general county fund 180 00
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 6 92
— $8846 88

SINKING FUND.

Old county bonds redeemed $2000 00
Loan to general county fund 1400 00
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 4 18
— $3404 18

REDEMPTION FUND.

L P White, redemption order No. 47 $ 19 28
L P White, redemption order No. 48 3 87
L P White, redemption order No. 49 17 20
L P White redemption orders No. 50 and 51 20 64
Old order No. 92 since transferred to other fund 34 44
— $95 53

BUILDING FUND.

M McFadden, insurance policy on court house and jail $ 480 00
I U White, storm doors and sheds county jail 107 82
A S McIntire, repairing court house wall 15 38
A P Farrar, superintending work on Mississippi bridge 6 00
J C Congdon, repairing and painting county jail and buildings 206 67
L P White, building fence around court house $50 00
J C Congdon, painting court house roof 202 50
— $1070 37

SPECIAL POOR.

Loan transferred back to general county $ 718 81
Loan transferred back to general county 1847 39
Refunding Orders No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 3 25
— $2569 45

EXPENSES OF DISTRICT COURT.

Clerk of Court and Deputies.

S F Alderman, clerk of court March term $ 39 00
C E Chipperfield, deputy clerk of court March term 39 00
S F Alderman, fees as clerk March term 241 45
— $319 45

Sheriffs and Deputies.

H Spalding, sheriff March term $ 36 00
D M Gunn, deputy sheriff March term 30 00
D D Smith, deputy sheriff March term 30 00
E W Lynch, deputy sheriff March term 30 00
H Spalding, sheriff March term 3 00
— $129 00

Triers.

H S Totton $ 2 00
L P White, Jr. 2 00
John T Frater 2 00
— $6 00

Reporters.

Wm Russell, reporter March term — $120 00

Attorneys.

E N Donaldson $ 15 00
J B Douglas 50 00
G S Fernald 15 00
— $80 00

Drawing Jurors.

E N Donaldson $ 3 00
do 3 00
— $6 00

Witnesses.

A P Farrar $1 12
S S Parmeter 6 80
W H Rice 13 60
V P Rounds 29 60
August Karde 13 60
W H Glass 13 60
Ben Lalone 6 80
Duncan McQuary 6 80
Phillip Warder 9 56
Peter Vandome 13 20
Frank Aspholm 13 20
Hans Olson 5 96
Andrew Lind 5 96
Silas Hall 2 20
J F Miller 12 20
M M Topping 27 20
Geo L Lewis 7 12
Tom Holdship 3 12
Wm G Swan 23 56
Clarence Townsend 7 64
Wm Munroe 10 12
Wm McGibben 10 12
A Murchie 11 42
Guy Raymond 3 20
Ed Lynch 10 12
Geo L Lewis 8 12
Eddie Andrews 1 00
Mike Remmels 11 20
M Noble 10 12
Myrtha Bixby 5 12
Mr and Mrs Hathaway 5 92
Felix Duclos 1 00
Hugh Breason 2 12
G Bartch 11 12
Oscar Bartch 11 12
Ole Lewis 3 84
D M McDonald 9 12
Ed Caffery 9 12
Hugo Ebinger 3 18
Fred Hauftman 3 18
J W Porter and others 11 92
Wm Summers 2 24
G S McCullough 10 12
Jerry Root 9 98
Chas Bank 2 00
Chas Bank 2 12
J J Kennedy 1 12
C Schlikenman 2 12
G A McDonald 2 12
Wm Casey 4 96
Ed Caffery 1 12
Chas Milspaugh 5 12
Gus Schilling 2 12
Chas Kinkele 2 12
B W Kenyon 2 36
Werner Hemstead 6 12
Tom Percy 1 12
S S Palmeter 12 60
Ben Lalone 7 80
W H Palmer 7 80
F. Lalone 7 80
W H Rice 7 44
John Husling 3 96
Wm Glass 7 80
— $487 08

Clerk of Court Fees.

S F Alderman, entering tax judgments delinquent tax lists — $254 25

Sheriff's Fee's.

H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc $ 17 35
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 103 35
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 66 20
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 19 80
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, ect 260 05
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 137 75
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 254 97
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 63 11
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc 141 90
— $1063 58

Grand Jurors.

John T Frater $ 4 20
Dan Doran 12 20
Justin Smith 12 20
I U White 12 20
A J Demeules 12 20
J E Wilson 12 20
F M Cable 12 10
Fred Luken 12 20
W E Campbell 12 20
Ed Hazen 12 20
Harry Patterson 15 40
L P White 12 20
D H Hughey 13 40
A P Farrar 12 20
E Y Faraar 12 20
Wm Paine, Sr. 12 20
J W Koop 12 20
H C Stivers 6 20
M K Swartz 12 20
Adam Brown 12 20
C D Johnson 12 20
Jno L Berg 15 40
M D Everest 5 80
Jno N Nevers 12 20
H S Totton 6 20
I T Dean 6 20
A J Halsted 6 20
M McFadden 6 20
— $304 80

Petit Jurors.

C D Atkins $ 2 20
Nels Westerberg 2 20
Ceo N Day 4 40
John Rifk 2 20
J W Bouck 6 00
R S Annis 2 20
M Hagberg 2 20
A V Synder 6 20
C H Paine 4 20
L P Johnson 2 20
Ed Woolford 2 20
J A Johnson 4 00
H E Baker 16 60
John Hoving 17 40
R B Carleton 18 20
E B Closson 18 20
J W Moore 20 00
W S Brockway 18 20
Wm Percy 16 20
A J Coutu 18 20
Thos Kennedy 12 20
Felix Graham 4 00
T M Reilly 16 20
Wm Barron 16 20
N E Barber $18 20
Robt Caughie 16 20
Jake Paine 16 20
M Cullen 18 20
S W Gray 19 00
Geo Mahood 24 20
P G Fogelstrom 24 20
B McGivern 24 20
Wm Bartsch 24 20
Geo Durfeney 24 20
J Drapeau 24 20
John Burrell 24 20
John Milem 20 20
Gus Erickson 24 80
J G Small 4 00
R G Hartley 2 20
N Chase 4 00
M T Kennedy 6 20
John James 27 00
P S Stillings 24 60
Martin Drake 24 40
Chas Peterson 24 20
Iver Benson 24 20
John McNaughton 24 20
Frank Schmeltz 22 20
E J Fulton 4 00
J C Borden 20 40
E M Westfall 2 20
A G Lagerquist 6 20
Thos. Kennedy 4 00
R W O'Hara 2 20
Peter A Nelson 2 20
Wm Percy 2 20
Herman Anderson 2 20
A S McIntire 6 20
Wm Martin 2 20
Hugh Riddle 6 40
J J Kennedy 2 20
I Seymour 2 20
S H Relf 2 20
Wallace Beane 12 40
F W Wieland 2 20
E H Simmons 2 20
R S Annis 8 00
C S Hazen 4 00
J H Clark 2 20
N N Halliday 2 20
A A Graham 2 00
S H Woods 2 20
H Lynch 8 00
E H Stivets 2 20
H M Newell 4 20
N A Lease 2 20
Edward Jones 2 20
Thos Bailey 2 20
C E Peabody 4 20
N J McKay 4 20
Fred Drexel 2 20
E Faford 2 20
A G Kinslow 2 20
J G Small 4 20
Wm Batting 2 20
S W Koop 4 20
Geo Leopold 2 20
Gus Simmeken 2 20
Wm Barron 24 20
John Hawkins 24 20
Peter Gilson 26 00
John Parsons 24 20
— $975 20

Coroners Jurors.

Wm Steele $1 10
C D Johnson 1 10
Wm Steele and others 3 30
Chas Shontell 1 12
Ben Shontell 1 12
I T Dean 5 00
— $12 74

EXPENSES MUNICIPAL COURT.

Constables.

L G Rose — $9 25

Justice Fees.

M Shapiro, case Nixon vs. Jackson — $10 90

Witnesses.

Ed Swanson $ 1 12
Silas Hall 2 20
Fred Hauptman 1 72
Ole Lewis 1 84
D E Slipp 50
Jno T Frater 50
Thos Ferris 3 40
Frank Day 2 80
Peter Forsberg 50
Fred Zotman and others 3 36
Ed Bailey 1 12
Mary Otto 1 12
Agnes Belmont 1 12
Maud Cook 1 12
Gracie Williams 1 12
Thos Russell 1 12
Frank French and others 10 08
Thos Percy 3 36
G A McDonald 1 12
Dan Caffery 50
John Hendrickson 4 88
O C Foster 50
Elizabeth Peck 1 12
E J Norris 1 12
D A C Stoops 50
S W Koop 50
Andrew Anderson 2 44
Ed McMartin 1 12
Ethel Frizzell 3 36
C W Cross 2 24
Chas Cross 2 24
Sadie Smith 3 36
— $63 10

Probate Court.

Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity Mary Hack $ 78 50
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity J E Dort 70 50
J L Camp, fees in case of insanity Mary Hack 9 90
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity H Stearns 69 50
W Courtney, fees in case of insanity M Hack 8 30
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity Jas Holt 69 50
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity Holt and Dort 6 60
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity Andrew Costello 3 30
W H Allport, fees in case of insanity H F Stearns 3 30
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity John Wedan 3 30
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity John Wedan 69 50
— $387 20

ELECTION EXPENSES.

A A Miller, Clerk, Mille Lac $3 00
John Hayton, Judge, Gull River 9 00
B B Bartlett, Clerk, Gull River 6 00
H H Davis, Clerk, Gull River 6 00
F L Hanscom, Judge, Gull River 9 00
Seth Dinwiddie, Judge and returns Mille Lacs 8 00
Clark Dinwiddie, Judge at Mille Lacs 3 00
M W Still, Judge and return Gull River 10 60
C C Kelly, Judge, Collins 9 00
Oscar Thelander, Judge and returns, Long Lake 7 40
Paul Lingnau, Clerk, Long Lake 6 00
Paul Paulson, Judge, Long Lake 6 00
T Paulson, Judge and house rent, Long Lake 11 00
S W Gray, bringing returns from Oak Lawn 1 00
D H Hughey, Clerk, Long Lake 6 00
John Engman, bringing return, from Deerwood 3 40
Chris Racey, bringing returns from Daggett Brook 3 20
F E Warren Clerk Mille Lacs 3 00
Hiram Scott, Judge, Mille Lacs 3 00
E M Phelps, Judge, Fairbanks 6 00
A J Collins, Judge and returns Collins 13 80
J W Peck, clerk, Collins 9 00
R W Sypes, clerk, Collins 9 00
John McKnight, judge and returns, Fairbanks 9 90
J M Young, judge and returns, Bay Lake 14 40
N Newgard, judge, Bay Lake 9 00
H E Baker, judge, Bay Lake 9 00
J D Bartlett, clerk, Hackensack 9 00
J D Torry, judge, Big Lake 9 00
A Leighton, judge, Fairbanks 6 00
A J Collins, house rent, Collins 5 00
E L Mitchell, judge, Collins 9 00
A C Gould, judge, Eagle Lake 10 60
Clark Dinwiddie, house rent Mille Lacs 5 00
John Dolan, clerk, Pine River 9 00
E L Connor, judge and returns, Hackensack 20 60
S Phippeny, judge, Hackensack 9 00
N J Palmer, judge, Hackensack 6 00
Warren Chase, clerk, Pine River $9 00
R M Bennett, judge and returns, Warner 15 80
J Stocker, judge, Pine River 9 00
W E Chase, judge and returns, Pine River 16 60
J E Thomas, clerk, Fairbanks 3 00
Peter Gallipe, clerk, Swan Creek 3 00
O W Barker, judge, Swan Creek 9 00
W B Smith, clerk, Swan Creek 3 00
W S Senff, clerk, Swan Creek 3 00
W H Hallett, judge and returns, Swan Creek 15 80
G B Kennedy, judge, Hackensack 9 00
Geo Jones, clerk, Warren 3 00
H P Holmes, clerk, Warren 3 00
Joseph F Edelbrook, clerk, Hackensack 9 00
Wm. Curo, clerk and constable, Hackensack 2 00
A Stafford, judge, Bay Lake 3 00
Wm Shontell, bringing returns, Crow Wing 1 40
E E Phelps, clerk, Crow Wing 3 00
L W Stevenson, judge, Warren 6 00
John Stees, clerk, Eagle Lake 3 00
— $421 50

BOARD AND CARE OF PRISONERS.

H Spalding $ 46 99
do 118 80
do 121 11
do 116 57
do 153 59
do 86 27
do 76 02
do 75 98
do 32 55
— $827 88

JAILOR'S FEES.

H Spalding $ 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
do 40 00
— $360 00

PRINTING.

Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings $ 8 25
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings 9 50
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings 24 00
Brainerd Dispatch, printing financial and delinquent list 545 05
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings and court calendar 73 35
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings 33 25
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings 9 75
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings 20 00
— $723 15

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Geo D Barnard & Co., books and stationery $ 35 50
Brainerd Dispatch, stationery 18 80
J H Koop, stamped envelopes 134 80
Brainerd Dispatch, stationery 26 25
Pioneer Press Co., books 29 80
Brainerd Tribune, stationery 4 25
Geo D Barnard & Co., books 156 59
Brainerd Tribune, stationery 19 25
W S Booth, stationery 31 78
Keene & Nevers, stationery 1 60
Pioneer Press Co., books 155 49
Geo D Barnard & Co., books 165 40
A J Demeules, books 6 00
— $785 51

FUEL, LIGHTS AND REPAIRS.

M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail $ 6 40
T McMasters, oils etc. for county jail 4 65
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail 2 80
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail 3 60
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail 2 40
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail 2 25
D M Clark, repairing stoves court house 75
I U White, repairing court house and jail 17 00
M Hagberg, oils etc. furnished county jail 1 50
M Hagberg, oils etc. furnished county jail 75
— $42 10

MISCELLANEOUS ORDERS.

Slipp Bros. goods furnished county jail $4 80
Gergen & Mooer, teams furnished commissioners 11 50
Smith & Campbell, blankets for county jail 13 75
L M Roberts, reporting births and deaths 11 50
S F Alderman, reporting births and deaths 20 50
D M Clark & Co., goods furnished court house 34 30
D M Clark & Co, goods furnished court house 16 30
M McFadden, office fixtures Register of Deeds office 45 00
Campbell & Smith, blankets county jail 16 50
C M Patek, goods furnished court house 18 00
J G Knebel, reporting births and deaths 2 25
Brainerd Water Co., water rent 50 00
Louis Tache, expressage and postage 2 10
Joel Smith, reporting births and deaths 2 50
F A B King & Co., door checks court house 13 85
Campbell & Smith, blankets county jail 16 50
Louis Tache, expressage and postage 3 00
Nels Gunderson, wood for county jail 25 00
Cohen Bros., goods furnished court house 1 25
R F Walters, repairing prisoners shoe 1 00
A Mahlum, recording bonds county officers 9 00
Cambell & Smith, goods furnished county jail 9 00
Slipp Bros., goods furnished court house 3 75
R H Morford, reporting births and deaths 2 25
D W Whitford, repairing cots county jail 2 00
M K Swartz, cots for county jail 3 60
Gergen & Mooer, teams for commissioners 15 00
Louis Nelson, work done for county 12 00
Louis Tache, expressage and postage 4 90
A P Farrar, member auditing board 3 00
S F Alderman, member auditing board 6 00
Louis Tache, member auditing board 6 00
S W Gray, reporting births and deaths 50
G A Scheffer, reporting births and deaths 1 75
Brainerd Water Co., water rent 50 00
Wm Gergen, wood furnished county 52 20
Louis Nelson, assessing 2nd district Cass county 100 00
Louis Tache, expressage and postage 3 40
John T Frater, expressage and postage 4 28
Fairbanks, Morse & Co., scales and weight for county treasurer 347 00
A Mahlum, making out lists of mortgages 91 00
D Archibald, assessing unorganized part of Crow Wing county 50 00
C E Griffith, assessing 3rd district, Cass county 110 00
P Murphy, making out list chattel mortgages 10 00
John C Brown, assessing 4th district Cass county 100 00
Frank Beardsley, assessing 1st district Cass county 40 00
C B Clouse, making list chattel mortgages $12 00
Joseph Bacon, pigeon holes register's office 5 00
D M Clark, goods furnished court house 31 50
J T Sanborn, meals furnished jurors 14 40
Louis Tache, expressage and postage 1 48
A L Hoffman, cots for county jail 1 50
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 30 49
Amount of loan returned to bond interest fund 1800 00
Amount of loan returned to sinking fund 1400 00
— $4642 60

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

P G Fogelstrom, per diem and mileage commissioner 3rd district $ 9 30
Harry Patterson, per diem and mileage commissioner 5th district 89 60
J M Martin, per diem and mileage commissioner 1st district 43 20
A P Farrar, per diem and mileage commissioner 4th district 43 40
J S Gardner, per diem and mileage commissioner 2nd district 40 30
Joel Smith, per diem and mileage commissioner 1st district 29 40
L H Stallman, per diem and mileage commissioner 3rd district 31 00
— $286 20

EQUILIZATION BOARD.

A P Farrar, per diem and mileage $ 21 20
J S Gardner, per diem and mileage 21 20
L H Stallman, per diem and mileage 21 20
Harry Patterson, per diem and mileage 24 40
Joel Smith, per diem and mileage 22 40
Louis Tache, per diem and mileage 21 20
— $131 60

SALARIES.

Louis Tache, auditor Crow Wing and Cass counties $ 16[illegible]0 00
H S Totton, deputy auditor Crow Wing and Cass counties 479 42
John T Frater, treasurer Crow Wing and Cass counties 1660 75
Rev E J Brownson, superintendent schools 225 00
Leon E Lum, county attorney 450 00
Ed Mahan, salary as county treasurer 139 76
W P Spalding, judge of probate 336 69
R P Nelson, janitor court house 250 00
— $5171 62

ASSETS.

Court house and jail, including permanent fixtures $57 422 45
Office furnitures, including safes 1 090 00
Old county jail 1 600 00
Court house and jail lots 3 600 00
Taxes due and unpaid on tax lists of 1888 and prior years for Crow Wing and Cass counties 37 928 07
Cash on hand January 1st, 1890, to the credit of county funds 2 945 09
Total — $103 985 61

LIABILITIES.

Old county bonds 12 per cent $1 000 00
Court house bonds 8 per cent 45 000 00
Bridge bonds 7 per cent 4 000 00
Bridge bonds 6 per cent 50 000 00
Assets over liabilities 3 985 61
Total — $103 985 61

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

KING OF THE GYPSIES.

Prosperous Old Fellow of Dayton, Ohio, Who Enjoys That Distinction.

A modest brick house, standing a little way back from the street, in a suburb of the city of Dayton, Ohio, is the property, and for a part of the year the home, of a gypsy of wide repute, the heir apparent to a throne in Little Egypt, and here, or hereabout, is the rendezvous of a numerous band or tribe. This settlement is widely known as the home of some of the richest and most influential families of gypsydom, among them the Stanleys, of whom the present head, Levi, is called the King. This Levi Stanley is a short, thick-set man of something over seventy years; he is still strong and active, with a ruddy cheek and bright eye. Much of his time is passed with the traveling parties, while his eldest son, Levi, Jr., a stalwart, handsome man of fifty, assumes much of the active direction of affairs, looking after property, etc.

Lying scattered about to the north of Dayton are many fine farms owned by them. At present most of the farms are in the hands of tenants, for however near the gypsy may be to the primeval man, he has not yet developed a strong liking for the labor of the primeval occupation.

The traveling and camping parties are the most interesting and picturesque features of the gypsy life. These usually consist of a single family, the term family meaning the whole blood connection. It may comprise one or a dozen wagons and from three or four to nearly half a hundred people. They make long or short journeys, as directed by the King, stopping at each place as long as the state of the horse and palmistry trade warrants.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCTS.

What Most Depressed a Traveler Were the Girls and the Fleas.

A traveler just returned from San Francisco after a considerable stay in that city tells a Louisville Post man that what impressed him most were the girls and the fleas. Both are large in size and plentiful in numbers.

"The women are the finest-looking specimens you ever saw," says the young man. "They are well-developed, healthy and handsome. Of course I was duly impressed. But next to them I think the flea takes up the largest share of attention. They have no mosquitoes in San Francisco, but the fleas—their name is legion. Here in Louisville you frequently see 'Rough on Rats' advertised for sale. But in San Francisco is is 'Rough on Fleas.' You see the sign everywhere. It is a favorite poison for disconsolate servant-girls to commit suicide with. I don't wonder that desperate measures were taken to get rid of the San Francisco flea. He is everywhere—in your clothes, in your bed, in the carpet, in the furniture. He is not a pleasant object to talk about, but in San Francisco he is too prominent a feature to be ignored. The flea is one of the principal objections to the glorious climate of California.

A lamp exploded in one of the ro[illegible] of Albert Lea, Minn., College [illegible] other night, according to t[illegible] apolis Journal. Miss [illegible] wood, one of the st[illegible] among other[illegible] scream nor faint, [illegible] delicate artic[illegible] out of the [illegible]indow. [illegible] that kind of a girl. She [illegible] with a convenient [illegible] manipulated the stops in the proper manner, turned on the hose and before any one recovered presence of mind sufficiently to turn in a fire alarm she had the blaze extinguished.

THE WHITE STAG.

A Legend of Scotland.

David I. of Scotland was a merry monarch, fond of the chase, and seldom heeded the good counsels of his friend and confessor, Alkwine, canon of St. Augustine. It was shortly after his coronation that "Roods Day" fell, a solemn occasion for the elevation of crosses in the churches and religious ceremonies. In spite of the prayers and entreaties of the priest, the King would ride to the hunt with his host of merry courtiers.

When evening fell and the shadows lengthened, by some mischance the King became separated from his companions in the gloom.

He found himself suddenly quite alone at the foot of a great crag. Far away sounded the noise of the hunt, but he could see no man anywhere and suddenly his horse, an animal of mettle—such as it befitted a monarch to ride—began to tremble. In all his movements, and in his strange stare, he exhibited those tokens which, to this day, Scotsmen of a superstitious nature will declare a proof that the horse can see spirits, which any one must be convinced give evidence that these dumb creatures are capable of the most intense terror of the supernatural, whether that emotion be founded on fact or fancy.

The King's horse, in fact, no longer obeyed his master, and it was only by the most expert horsemanship that the royal rider maintained his seat.

And now suddenly he saw what terrified the animal, for there arose before him an immense stag almost twice as large as any that had ever been seen before, white as snow, with great horns like bleached ivory.

He fixed his immense and brilliant eyes upon horse and rider, and on the instance the former ran away at full speed, followed by the white stag—away over moss and mire! Away! away! the white stag gaining all the while, until at last, with a shriek that only a terrified horse could utter, the creature fell and lay prostrate and motionless, throwing the King.

The stag, with one wild leap, stood over the monarch, who gave himself up for dead, when suddenly a figure, strange and beautiful, stood beside him, and interposed a cross between those mighty horns and the King's person; and the stag, turning, fled back to the forest.

The hunters, missing the King, made search for him. As they rode to and fro they caught glimpses of the white stag, but only as a flying vision; yet its color, its size and its wonderful speed filled them with terror. Finally they found the hunting cap the King had worn upon the ground, and, following this clew, came at last to the spot where the King's horse lay, quite dead, its eyes wide open, as though fixed upon some terrifying object.

Near by lay the King himself, motionless, silent, pallid as a statue of marble. His hands were clasped about a large cross. At first they thought that he also was dead, but shortly he opened his eyes, and told them the tale I have told you.

Moreover, he said that since the flight of the stag he had dreamed a dream or had a vision. A holy being, though he knew not what name belonged to it, had bade him build an abbey in the same place, to be called the Holy Rood Abbey, to dedicate it in honor of the Holy Cross which had saved his life, and to build it on the spot where he had fallen.

This tale and the sight of the cross so impressed the wild young nobles that they knelt about the King, and all devoutly adored the God whose mercy had so marvelously preserved their monarch, whom they then conveyed to the chapel where the pious Alkwine still employed himself in devotion.

Here the cross, from which the King had never parted, was carefully examined. It was of wonderful and intricate workmanship, a miracle of delicate beauty and no one could tell of what it was made, whether of wood or metal; and it was averred that, during the 200 years which this cross stood in the abbey, no one ever discovered of what it was carved; for the abbey was built and was known to fame long after the King who erected it slept in its tomb; and the cross kept its place until the son of Robert Bruce bethought him to take it into battle with him, when it fell into English hands, and belonged for a long while to Durham Cathedral, still a mystery. For there never was before, nor has been since—so say those who ought to know—anything in the least like it as to texture.

As for the white stag, there were those who thought they caught a glimpse of it flying over the woods and vales about the Castle of Edinburgh for many years, and who swore they saw it by moonlight tasting the waters of the Well of Holy Rood; and that far away faint bugles rang and the sound of baying hounds and hunters' cries on every "Rood Day" evening for a century or more.

A Remarkable Weapon.

The German press is discussing at length the merits of a new French repeating air rifle, called the "miracle gun." The rifle was invented by M. Paul Giffard of Paris, the original projector of the Parisian pneumatic post. It is described thus: "The weapon is light, much lighter than any of the army rifles now in use. It resembles the magazine gun in that a steel cartridge about a span and a half long and as thick as a man's thumb is attached to one barrel by means of a screw. This cartridge contains 300 shots, which can be discharged as rapidly or slowly as a man desires. Since neither powder or any other explosive, but only compressed and liquefied air, supplies the expelling force no smoke and no flash accompany the discharge."

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SUN.

At Times We Are Only 90,822,000 Miles from His Solar Majesty.

The earth is nearest the sun on the second day of each year, on which day she is only 90,822,000 miles from his solar majesty, according to the Pittsburg Dispatch. In the early part of the month the day increases in length at the rate of about half a minute daily. The sun will be eclipsed twice during the year 1890, but neither of the eclipses will be of much importance. The first will be on June 17, and will be visible to a certain extent in all the continents of the eastern hemisphere except Australia; but the moon will be so far away from the earth at the time that she will not hide the whole disc of the sun, but will for certain places of the earth's surface obscure the central part, leaving a ring all around, on account of which such an eclipse is called an annular eclipse. The next solar eclipse will be on Dec. 12, and will partake of the same nature at the beginning and end, but will be total for a small region. It will be visible in the Indian and Antarctic oceans and the southern part of Australia.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 12. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. FEBRUARY 14, 1890. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

PEREMPTORY

CLOSING OUT SALE!

OF A

$40,000 STOCK

OF

Clothing,

Boots & Shoes,

Carpets,

Hats and Caps,

Mens' Furnishing Goods, Etc.

Beginning Monday, Feb. 17,

BY

GEO. N. DAY.

The entire Stock must be Disposed of

BY MAY 31st,

At SOME PRICE or another. Prices WILL BE SLAUGHTERED in ALL Departments, and the goods sold

Regardless of Cost,

And for SPOT CASH ONLY.

All accounts due the house must be settled at once or within the next 60 days. Any accounts remaining unpaid after that time will be turned over to my attorney for collection.

Now is the Time

To FIT YOURSELF out at a very Small Cost.

GEORGE N. DAY.

MORRIS had a very destructive fire on Monday and property valued at $40,000 was destroyed.

THE recent election in Salt Lake City, in which the Gentiles were victorious over the Mormons, shows that the influence of the Mormon church is on the wane.

THE license of the American Building and Loan Association has been revoked in Wisconsin, and any agent who sells stock of this concern hereafter is subject to a fine of from $100 to $500.

THE spring election is beginning to claim the attention of the ward politicians, although the election is nearly three months distant. It is a little early to bring out candidates for the mayorship but the names of J. H. Koop, A. L. Hoffman and N. W. Wheatley are freely mentioned and it is conceded that either of them would not refuse the honors. An early frost is liable to blight the hopes of candidates who commence hustling thus early in the season.

JUST now the census department is sending out schedules to the treasurer's of the different counties that they may be placed in the hands of the proper officials to be filled out and returned. This schedule is in regard to the wealth, debit and taxation of the counties and covers a period of ten years. In order to gain a creditable showing in the eleventh census it is necessary that these officials give the matter immediate attention. If the matter is neglected the record will be imperfect and the counties thus slighted will contrast unfavorably with other counties. Crow Wing county should not be behind in this matter.

Two to Become One.

The complete consolidation of the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central railways is announced to take place July 1, 1890, at which time the lease of the latter road expires. There is great speculation among the employes as to what heads will come off when the change is to be made, for both ticket and freight departments of the two roads will be united.—Star.

New Land Officers.

A telegram from St. Cloud says:—Col. Wm. Westerman has taken possession, as receiver of the St. Cloud land office, vice C. F. Macdonald, removed. A. Barto, the new register, has not yet arrived to take his office. It is thought that the land office will be located in a new public building, a bill for one having been introduced by Congressman Comstock, and a meeting will soon be held looking to the donation by the citizens of a site.

Probably Won't Call.

A bill has been introduced in the senate providing for an official investigation of the extraordinary depression of the agricultural interests of this country. If the committee will call at the Journal office we will furnish a few mighty good pointers for them to work on.—Brainerd Journal.

If the Journal would publish a book on "Agricultural Depressions and Remedies Therefor" and what its editor knows about farming, there would be no need of this investigation. A man with the keen sensibilities of Bro. Stivers should occupy a seat higher up than that of a splint bottom chair in a country newspaper office.

The Weyerhauser Deal.

Several prominent pine land owners of Minneapolis will meet Frederick Weyerhauser at Brainerd in relation to the proposed great pine land deal, and it is quite probable that the Minneapolis men will sell their land to Weyerhauser.

The above item is clipped from the local columns of yesterday's Minneapolis Times. The report is current that the Pillsbury's have sold their pine to the Weyerhauser syndicate and the above item would tend to confirm the report.

The following is from the local columns of the Minneapolis Tribune: It is highly probable that the Weyerhauser pine land deal will go through. Several of the local pine land men have been notified to meet Mr. Weyerhauser at Brainerd very soon, and it is likely the deal will be talked over.

A Way to Stop Them.

Publishers are repeatedly asked by parties who are receiving different papers which they never ordered, truthfully remarks the Fergus Falls Journal, whether they can be made to pay for them. We think that they can for the fact that a person takes a paper from the post office is evidence that they want it. It is only papers who are unable to get subscribers in a legitimate way that resort to such methods, and to offset them the government provides postmasters with blanks to notify the publishers of the paper that parties do not want it sent to them. In case you are receiving a paper regularly for which you have not subscribed and do not want to pay for, give it back to the postmaster and ask him to notify the publisher, which he can do without expense. We have known a paper to publish a notice for several weeks to the effect that no one need have any fear about taking the paper out of the office, as they would not have to pay for it, and then all at once take out the notice, leaving the readers under the impression that they were still getting it free. Don't get caught that way. If you take a paper home and read it, expect to pay for it. If you don't want it, tell the postmaster to stop it.

A BILL to gobble up the public lands of South Dakota, was introduced in the legislature of that state yesterday.

AN unknown woman registered at the Union Hotel, at St. Cloud, Wednesday night, and obtained lodging. Yesterday morning she had disappeared, leaving her baby, about five weeks old, behind. She had concealed it under the bed covers, and when found, the little one was almost suffocated.

WHY COUGH,

WHEN a few doses of **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral** will relieve you? Try it. Keep it in the house. You are liable to



have a cough at any time, and no other remedy is so effective as this world-renowned preparation. No household, with young children, should be without it. Scores of lives are saved every year by its timely use.

Amanda B. Jenner, Northampton, Mass., writes: "Common gratitude impels me to acknowledge the great benefits I have derived for my children from the use of Ayer's most excellent Cherry Pectoral. I had lost two dear children from croup and consumption, and had the greatest fear of losing my only remaining daughter and son, as they were delicate. Happily, I find that by giving them Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, on the first symptoms of throat or lung trouble, they are relieved from danger, and are becoming robust, healthy children."

"In the winter of 1885 I took a bad cold which, in spite of every known remedy, grew worse, so that the family physician considered me incurable, supposing me to be in consumption. As a last resort I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, in a short time, the cure was complete. Since then I have never been without this medicine. I am fifty years of age, weigh over 180 pounds, and attribute my good health to the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."—G.W. Youker, Salem, N. J.

"Last winter I contracted a severe cold, which by repeated exposure, became quite obstinate. I was much troubled with hoarseness and bronchial irritation. After trying various medicines, without relief, I at last purchased a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. On taking this medicine, my cough ceased almost immediately, and I have been well ever since."—Rev. Thos. B. Russell, Secretary Holston Conference and P. E. of the Greenville District, M. E. C., Jonesboro, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5



Third Annual MASQUERADE Ball,

Of the

GERMANIA

MAENNERCHOR,

—AT THE—

ARMORY,

Friday Evening,

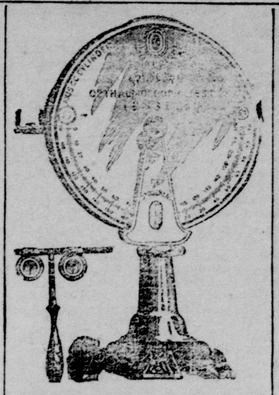
Feb. 14th.

Music by Dresskell's Orchestra!

Grand March at 8:30. No parties without masque will be allowded on the floor before 12 o'clock.

A General Invitation is Extended.

Tickets, admitting one, 50c each.



SUNDBERG

—THE—

JEWELER!

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses Fitted by

Spencer's Opthalmoscopic Test!

Fine Line of Silverware.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

In its Worst Form.

BENTON, LAF. CO., WIS., Dec., '88.

Rev. J. C. Bergen vouches for the following: James Rooney who was suffering from Vitus Dance in its worst form for about 1½ years was treated by several physicians without effect, two bottles of Pastor Koenigs Nervel Tonic cured him. 67

St. Francis Wis. Oct 24, 1888

A member of my congregation used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic with good results. The patient was so nervous that he could not find sleep for weeks. He suffered from the most intense anxiety which bordered on insanity. I gave the person some of Koenig's Nerve Tonic and he continued to use it. The appetite returned gradually, the anxiety disappeared the headache left, and to day the sufferer, who had almost despaired, is enjoying excellent health.

Bern. Elskamp, Pastor.

Our Pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MEDICINE CO.,

50 W. Madison cor. Clinton St., CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Price $1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for $5.

By Johnson & Bain.

AT THE

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,

PARIS, 1889,

The Highest Possible Premium,

THE ONLY GRAND PRIZE

FOR SEWING MACHINES,

WAS AWARDED TO

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.

—AND THE—

CROSS OF THE

LEGION OF HONOR,

WAS CONFERRED UPON

NATHANIEL WHEELER,

The President of the Company.

The W. & W. has taken **No. 9** FIRST PREMIUM AT EVERY STATE AND COUNTY FAIR AT WHICH IT HAS BEEN EXHIBITED.

Sold by W. T. CANNAFF,

One Door east of Post-Office, Brainerd

READ AND REMEMBER!

FOR THE LADIES!

$3 Hand Embroiderer SENT FREE

To every person subscribing to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS for one year and sending us **$1.30.** Full directions go free with every machine.

STILL ANOTHER PROPOSITION!

We will send free to every yearly subscriber to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS, who will send us **$1.30,** a set of the

WORKS OF CHARLES DICKENS

In Twelve Large Numbers:

The twelve numbers contain the following world-famous works, each one of which is published COMPLETE, UNCHANGED AND ABSOLUTELY UNABRIDGED:

David Copperfield, Our Mutual Friend, Nicholas Nickelby, Dombey and Son, Martin Chuzzlewit, Pickwick Papers, Bleak House, Little Dorrit, Hard Times and the Mystery of Edwin Drood, Oliver Twist and Great Expectations, Barnaby Rudge and Christmas Stories, A Tale of Two Cities, The Old Curiosity Shop and The Uncommercial Traveler.

ONCE MORE!

To every person who will send us **50 Cents for a 3 Months' subscription** to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS, we will mail FREE a magnificent picture,

"The Horse Fair!"

By Rosa Bonheur, size 20x34 inches.

These are the greatest offers ever made by any newspaper.

Address

The Weekly Pioneer Press,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bargains in Real Estate.

A. P. RIGGS,

Room 11, Bank Block.

BRAINERD. MINNESOTA.

W. Courtney, M. D. W. H. Allport, M. D.

COURTNEY & ALLPORT,

Physicians and Surgeons,

Office Over Post-Office.

HOURS: 11 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., 2 p. m. to 4 p. m. 7:20 p. m. to 8:30 p. m.

Telephone communication at all hours with Sanitarium at the General Offices.



Snyder has the finest Kid Shoe for Ladies at $2.50 that is made. Others sell at $3.00.

WEATHERBY & TRUE,

LAWYERS.

BRAINERD, - - - - MINNESOTA.

TRUE & WEATHERBY,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Legal business in all its branches in courts in Eleventh and Fifteenth Judicial Districts respectfully solicited.

[First publication January 31st, 1890.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary Shontell and Benjamin Shontell, her husband, mortgagors, to The National Building Loan and Protective Union, mortgagee, dated the first day of August, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book I of mortgages, on page I, on which there is claimed to be past due, at the date of this notice, the amount of twenty-seven and 50-100 dollars, ($27.50), being interest and premium for eleven months and the mortgagee elects to consider the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and therefore there is now due and payable under and on said mortgage the sum of three hundred twenty-seven and 50-100 dollars, ($327.50), and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of the southwest quarter (E½ SW¼), of Section two (2), in Township forty-four (44), of Range thirty-one (31).

Dated January 30th, 1890.

THE NATIONAL BUILDING LOAN AND PROTECTIVE UNION,

Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney of Mortgagee.

[First publication January 31st, 1890.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Harry P. Cragg and Kate Cragg, his wife, mortgagors, to The National Building Loan and Protective Union, mortgagee, dated the first day of October, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book I of Mortgages, on page 10 on which there is claimed to be past due, at the date of this notice, the amount of thirty dollars ($30), being the interest and premium for nine months and the mortgagee elects to consider the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and therefore there is due thereon the sum of four hundred and thirty dollars, ($430.00), and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, for foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point sixty-two and one-half (62½) feet east of the northwest corner of Block number seventy-seven (77), in the First Addition to the City of Brainerd, (properly the First Addition to the Town of Brainerd), according to the plat of said Addition of record in the Registry of Deeds of said County, thence running south one hundred fifty (150) feet, thence east thirty-seven and one-half (37½) feet, thence north one hundred fifty (150) feet, thence west thirty-seven and one half (37½) feet, to the place of beginning. Being a part of Lots thirteen (13) to eighteen (18) in said Block.

THE NATIONAL BUILDING LOAN AND PROTECTIVE UNION,

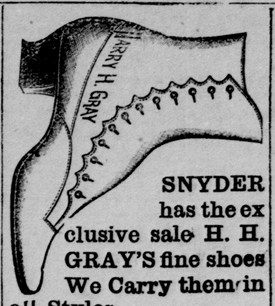
Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney of Mortgagee.
Dated January 30th, 1890.



No Cramping of the Foot

In Burt & Mears' shoes. Allow us to fit you properly with such shape as the anatomy of your feet requires, and we warrant in a little time to free you of suffering. Sold only by SNYDER, 6th Street, Bank Block.



SNYDER has the exclusive sale H. H. GRAY'S fine shoes We Carry them in all Styles.

Professional Cards.

A. E. VEON,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND PENSION ATTORNEY,
No. 19, 5th Street.
Will attend to any business in either line.

L. M. ROBERTS,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office Room 2, Hartley Block—over Slipp's Hardware Store. Residence No. 13, Third Street North, one square west of Court House.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block
BRAINERD..... .....MINN.

P. E. WHITELY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block,
BRAINERD..... ..... MINN.

G. S. FERNALD,
(Successor to Frater & Fernald,)
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 1 and 2 - - Bank Block

W. A. FLEMING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office Room 8.
SLEEPER BLOCK, - - - BRAINERD

M. McFADDEN,

INSURANCE AGENT.

Represents none but first-class companies.
OFFICE—ROOM 10 BANK BLOCK.
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Werner Hemstead, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Cor. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

The New Short Line!

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

[Duluth to Sault Ste Marie and Mackinaw City]

Running along the South Shore of Lake Superior and through the far famed iron and copper districts of North Michigan and Wisconsin in connection with

The Northern Pacific to Duluth,

—AND—

The Canadian Pacific from Sault Ste. Marie, The Michigan Central from Mackinaw City, and the Grand Rapids & Indiana from Mackinaw City

—FORMS THE—

Great Scenic Route!

From Brainerd to Montreal, Boston, Halifax, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York, and all points in Michigan, Canada and New England.

Over 100 Miles Shorter than any other line between the northwest and the east.

For tickets, rates, maps, and full information, address

H. H. MANDELL,
Brainerd, Minn.

G. W. HIBBARD, West. Pass. Agent, 29 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

W. F. FITCH, Gen'l Mgr. C. B. HIBBARD, G. P. & T. A.
MARQUETTE, MICH.

Minneapolis and St. Louis RAILWAY

AND THE FAMOUS

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.
from St. Paul and Minneapolis

To Chicago,

Without Change, connecting with the fast train of all lines for the

East and Southeast.

The direct and only line running through Cars between St. Paul, Minneapolis and

DES MOINES, IOWA

Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge. Also "Short Line" to Watertown D. T.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN

MINNEAPOLIS and ST. LOUIS

and the principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in Union Depot for all points south and Southwest..

MANY HOURS SAVED and the only line running two trains daily to Kansas City, Leaven worth and Atchinson, making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

Close connections made in Union Depo with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific St. Paul & Duinth Railways, from and to all points north and north west.

REMEMBER The trains of the Minneapolis & St Louis Railway are composed of comfortable day coaches, magnificent Pullman sleeping cars, Horton reclining chair cars, and our justly celebrated PALACE DINING CARS.

150 LBS. of Baggage Checked Free. Fare always as low as the lowest. For Time Tables Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest ticket agent or write to

C. H. HOLDRIDGE,
Gen'l Tkt & Pass. Agt. Minneapolis, Minn

WM. DRESSKELL,

Watchmaker and

JEWELER,

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN

SAINT PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, Or DULUTH.

And all Points in

Minnesota, Dakota Montana Idaho, Washington Territory OREGON, British Columbia, Puget Sound And Alaska.

Express trains Daily, to which are attached

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPER

AND

ELEGANT DINING CARS.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

ST PAUL AND PORTLAND

On any class of Ticket.

Emigrant Sleepers Free

The only all Rail Line to the

YELLOWSTONE PARK.

For Full imformation as to Time, Rates, Et Address,

CHAS. S. FEE

Yellowstone Park in October.



In conjunction with the ERIE SYSTEM operates DAILY FAST VESTIBULED TRAINS TO THE SEABOARD. You may travel in the most ELEGANT AND COMPLETE PULLMAN, VESTIBULED TRAINS ever constructed and SAVE $1.50 TO NEW YORK, BUFFALO and NIAGARA FALLS; $2.35 TO ALBANY AND TROY, AND $3.00 TO BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND CITIES.

NO RIVAL LINE OFFERS THE ADVANTAGES OF A SYSTEM OF THROUGH FIRST AND SECOND CLASS PULLMAN VESTIBULED DAY COACHES AND DINING CARS CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.

IT IS THE ONLY LINE OPERATING PULLMAN CARS TO BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND VIA ALBANY.

ENTIRE TRAIN IS LIGHTED BY GAS, HEATED BY STEAM, PULLMAN DINING CARS RUN THROUGH IN EITHER DIRECTION.

THESE LUXURIOUS TRAINS ARE OPEN TO ALL CLASSES OF TRAVEL. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR FAST TIME AND UNSURPASSED ACCOMMODATIONS.

For detailed information, tickets, and reservations in Pullman Cars, apply to your local ticket agent or the agency of connecting lines of railway, or to City Ticket Offices, 107 South Clark Street, Grand Pacific Hotel; Palmer House; Dearborn Station, or address,

G. M. BEACH, Gen'l Manager. F. C. DONALD, G'enl Pass. Agt. CHICAGO

Things Worth Remembering.

That it is dangerous to stand near a tall tree or spire during a thunder storm.

That the southwest corner of the cellar is the "cyclone safety point."

That there is no medicine so universally applicable to sickness as fresh air and sunshine.

That blowing out the gas before retiring is funny—to everybody except the one who tries it.

That you may swear as hard as you please, but it will not remove grease spots.

That the Wisconsin Central is the most popular line between Minneapolis and St. Paul and Milwaukee and Chicago.

That its fast train leaves Minneapolis daily at 6:25 P. M., St. Paul at 7:15 P. M., with through Pullman sleepers arriving in Milwaukee at 7:27 and Chicago at 9:59 the following morning, serving breakfast in dining car.

That before starting on a trip always get information from some reliable Ticket Agent, and that nowher will it be more cheerfully given than at the City Ticket Offices of the Wisconsin Central, No. 19, Nicollet House Block, Minneapolis, and 162 East Third street, corner of Jackson, St. Paul. Address letters to Chas. E. Dixon, Acting Cit Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Paul, F. H. Anson, General Northwestern Passenger Agent, Minneapolis, or Louis Eckstein, Assistant General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.

Wisconsin Central Line.

The Parlor Sleeping and Palace Car Route to Chicago.

Departing trains from	Minneapolis.	St. Paul
Chicago Day express:	A12:10 m.	12:45 p. m.
Chicago night express	A7:35 p. m.	8:15 p. m.
Prentice and Ashland	A7:35 p. m.	8:15 p. m.
Trains Arrive at	Minneapolis.	St. Paul
Chicago fast express.....	A7:50 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
Prentice and Ashland	A7:50 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
Chicago day express	A4:50 p. m.	3:40 p. m.

A Daily. B Daily except Sunday.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

All trains carry elegant day coaches, superb sleepers and luxurious dining cars without change between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. For tickets, rates, berths in sleepers, and all detailed information apply to the

CITY OFFICES

MINNEAPOLIS—No 19, Nicollet House Block, Corner of Nicollet and Washington Avenues. F. H. Anson, Northwestern Passenger Agent,

W. S. MELLEN, General Manager, JAMES BARKER, Gen'l Pas'r & T'k't A'gt Milwaukee.

ST. PAUL—No. 173, east Third street, Merchant's Hotel block. C. E. Robb, City Ticket Agent.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

MISS EVA M. BROWN, only daughter of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry fame, is the private secretary of Henry H. Faxon, of Quincy, Mass.

THERE are fifty manufactories of imitation butter in Germany. A factory in Mannheim produces daily 6,000 pounds from a preparation of cocoanuts.

THE highest individual taxpayer in Boston is Joshua Montgomery Sears, who in 1889 paid $50,950.55; next is Frederick L. Ames, who contributes $42, 172.67.

Two years ago it cost the Boston & Maine Railroad Company $100,000 to keep its tracks clear. This winter the snow plow has not made a single trip.

A BED of rock salt, over 100 feet in depth, has been struck by gas prospectors at Wadsworth, Ohio. The salt is 2600 feet below the earth's surface.

A SINGLE lemon tree in Caloosahatchie, Fla., has on it over 5,000 lemons, many of which weigh a pound each. It is predicted that Florida will soon become the greatest lemon-growing country in the world.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has consented to open the public library and art gallery building presented by Andrew Carnegie to the city of Allegheny, Pa. The ceremony will take place about the 11th inst.

THE Chicago Journal expresses the opinion that if Marquis de Mores doesn't have any better success in killing M. Dreyfus than he did in slaughtering sheep in Dakota there won't be much gore spilled.

SOMEBODY whose hand writing is unidentified grables a quotation in the following fashion: "It is easier for a poor man to get along with one suspender than to get through the eye of a needle."

ON the roof of the New York hospital building will be a garden, probably inclosed in glass, where patients can enjoy the cool breezes that blow over the house-tops. Here there will be flowers, plants, an aquarium, seats, and hammocks.

A BOSTON paper reports that within the last few days all the manufacturers of cordage and binding twine have formed an association that will have the effect of wiping out their differences, and will also help them financially.

JEREMIAH SMITH of Morgan county, Ohio, has a cat which is known by the neighbors as "solar spectrum." From the tip of its tail to the end of its nose there are distributed all the colors of the rainbow. Its nose shines like a carbuncle and there are several shades of violet on the fore legs.

AN anonymous donor has given $500,000 to establish a convalescent home for the London poor. He maintains that when a patient has gone through a severe illness in a hospital, it is only inviting a serious return of disease to send him or her back to their squalid home before having gained full strength.

WESTERN Pennsylvania real estate is always in danger of a heavy decline. A large section of land at the mining town of Plains, near Wilkesbarre, has settled into an exhausted mine, and the cemetery of the town is close to the edge of the big grave, and likely to tumble into it.

IN Georgetown, D. C., in a humble cottage which rents for $20 a month, lives the only surviving grandchild of Thomas Jefferson. Her name is Mrs. Septimia Randolph Meikleham, widow of David S. Meikleham, long since dead. She is now in her 76th year, a cultured, amiable, venerable old lady, with two daughters and one son in her household.

JUSTICE, a London paper, has been giving the results of some curious calculations, which, if correct, will make a fellow a little cautious about guessing on the size of a crowd, and offering to bet his last dollar that he is right. According to the calculator on the staff of Justice, all the people in the world, about 1,400,000,000, could stand in a field ten miles square, and, by the aid of telephones, could be addressed by a single speaker.

IT is telegraphed from San Francisco that one John Erickson, an ignorant Norwegian, has been favored of the Lord with visions of the destruction of San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda by a great earthquake tidal wave within eighty days. On the same day also Chicago will be destroyed by a wave from Lake Michigan. The date for these unpleasant occurrences is fixed for April 19. He says, by the way, that the divine voice sounds like one speaking over a telephone.

THE sun during January is 3000 miles nearer the earth than it is at midsummer. Winter cold is due to the fact that the sun's beams strike the earth less directly, while in summer they beam from nearly overhead at midday. It is, however, true that the sun's nearness in Winter moderates the cold weather to some extent, as its greater distance in Summer lessens the heat of that season. In the southern hemisphere these conditions are reversed and our Winter is their Summer, and vice versa. This explains why Africa, Australia and South America are in warm latitudes less suited for human habitation than are like Northern climes. Fortunately much the larger part of the earth's inhabitable surface lies north of the equator than south of it.

NEWS BREVITIES.

The Latest Telegraphic News Culled from Associated Press Dispatches.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

The coroner's jury in the Tracy fire at Washington has rendered a verdict that the cause of the fire is unknown, and that the loss of life was largely due to its exceptionally rapid spread.

President Harrison, Vice President Morton and all the members of the cabinet, in view of the recent affliction in the families of Secretaries Blaine and Tracy, have recalled all invitations to public receptions and dinners until after Lent.

RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

Two freight trains collided near St. Thomas, Ont. Engineer John Cook was killed, a number of other trainmen were seriously injured and about thirty cars totally wrecked.

James Bury, Fred Young and Frank Chapman, all residents of Sombra, Ont., were drowned by the capsizing of their boat while returning from Marine City, Mich.

A sad accident occurred in Carrolton, near New Orleans. Eight boys, all residents of the upper city, secured two pinnaces and started out to take a ride on the river. There was a strong current running at the time, and, despite their efforts, the yawls were hurled by the current against some barges, causing both boats to upset and seven of the eight youths were thrown into the river and drowned.

The water has receded far enough to permit a rough estimate of the damage done at Oregon City by the flood. While much of the machinery in the mills at that place is covered by sediment carried in by the current and it is impossible to obtain a correct estimate of damage, it is thought $125,000 will cover the loss. It is estimated by the Southern Pacific officials that it will take $1,500 men one month to repair the railroad track damaged by the flood between Roseburg and Ashland, a distance of about 140 miles. Six miles of track was completely carried out.

The worst storm in years has been raging throughout Western Pennsylvania. Snow, hail, rain and wind have been playing havoc. In the mountains the storm raged with terrific fury, and reports are coming in of serious damage to property. At Blairsville, Pa., the large glass factory was demolished by the wind. Charles E. Barr, general manager, and William Burney, one of the firm was instantly killed, and a workman, whose name could not be learned, was injured. Mr. Burney's body was immediately taken from the wreck. Mr. Barr's remains were recovered two hours later.

The four children of Jacob B. Slater were skating on the lake at Pinnewater, about six miles from Kingston, N. Y., when the ice, which was but a few inches in thickness, gave way and the little ones were precipitated into the water. Their shouts were heard by the members of the family, who lived near by, and the father and mother rushed to the resue. By the time they reached the lake the four children had disappeared beneath the ice. The mother, frantic with the thought of her drowning children, rushed upon the ice, which gave way with her weight, and she sank beneath the surface. Mr. Slater then attempted to reach his wife, and he, too, was drowned.

SINFUL SIFTINGS.

At Muncie, Ind., Eli Ladd, a notorious colored man threatened to kill a druggist but was himself killed by a posse, but not until after he had injured two of them.

W. E. Crowley, cashier of the Farmers' State bank, of Sullivan, Ind., stabbed himself and then fired his barn. Mrs. Crowsley is a raving maniac over her husband's act.

W. P. Belden was probably fatally stabbed by his brother-in-law, J. H. Wing, in Chicago. The street was filled with people on their way to the theater, and the bloody act they witnessed caused several ladies to faint.

A brakeman on the Northern Central left a switch open at Marsh's Run, near Harrisburg, Pa., and a passenger train crashed into a freight. Arthur Emerton of Baltimore was the only one killed.

Robert Moorman, who was confirmed by the United States senate postmaster at Newberry, S. C., shot and killed Lee Schultze, a well known railroad contractor, at Fishdam, S. C.

Written charges have been filed, alleging malfeasance in office and wrongful conversion of public money aggregating $2,000, against Mayor John A. Patterson of Creston, Iowa.

At Appleton, Minn., three drunken Indians engaged in a fight with knives and tomahawks. Two of them were seriously injured, one of them perhaps fatally. The person who sold the whiskey will receive the attention of the authorities.

Over $170,000 of specie bonds were stolen from the purser's safe during the voyage of the steamer Klat from Buenos Ayres to Antwerp. The money was part of a large shipment from the Argentine capital to Antwerp banks.

In a saloon row at Central City, N. Mex., Henry Brooks, a colored soldier, shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Dallin, a colored woman named Carrie Drug and seriously wounded a second man. Brooks was wounded himself in the affray.

The general store of Harding & Wolsey at Vincent, Iowa, was entered by burglars and several hundred dollars in silk goods and groceries stolen. The village is sparsely settled, and the theives evidently carried off their booty in a large wagon.

Charles Miller, son of a prominent farmer, was arrested for murder at Lebanon, Ind. The victim of the alleged murderer was Geo. Purdy, who was shot in October, 1888. Purdy was killed for shouting for one of the presidential candidates.

6Edmund Noonan, late clerk of the city court of Alton, Ill.; Frederick Valbracht, late deputy sheriff, and J. B. Thornton, late deputy sheriff, and J. B. Thornton, late deputy clerk of the same court, were arrested in Alton for illegally issuing naturalization papers.

An intoxicated man entered the Methodist church at Hudson, Wis., during services, and passing up to the pulpit offered the pastor, Rev. John Tressidder, a drink. The divine took the bottle and filed it away for future reference while the intruder was run off to the calaboose. The episode created quite a sensation in the house of worship.

A burglar entered the house of Ranson Floyd, a wealthy farmer aged seventy-three years, near Westport, N. Y., and struck the old man with a club, knocking him senseless and murdering his wife. The house was ransacked, but nothing was taken, as the burglar was evidently frightened by his awful deed. There were two certified checks, amounting to $2,275, and $275 in money left untouched in a bureau drawer.

During services in a Virginia country church about thirty miles from Sparta, N. C., Rev. Joseph M. Stook said: "There is a man in this congregation who is so mean and unfaithful to his wife that it is a wonder God does not rain down fire and brimstone upon his head and consume him." Thomas Coleman resented the speech, when a riot ensued in which Coleman and Deacon Jeremiah Ferguson were killed and Deacons Edward Clausen, Robert Edwards and John Peeby were injured.

The Cincinnati Cremation society has discharged its superintendent, Valentine Heiman, and he has been put under bond by a magistrate to answer to the charge of grand larceny. The articles stolen were coffins. At the crematory the bodies are removed from the casket, and it has been the understanding that the caskets were broken up and burned. Recently it has been discovered that, instead of burning them the thrifty superintendent has sold them, sometimes as low as $1 each, to thrifty village undertakers.

1 A man was found hanging to a tree in the woods about two miles from the county line in St Louis county, Minn. About all that could be learned the man was apparently about forty-five years old, with a big black beard. The upper part of the face had turned black, giving the idea that the body had been hanging some time. From appearances it is believed that the man committed suicide. Nobody is missing from Northern Pacific Junction and no further details can be secured.

Postoffice inspectors at Chicago have arrested D. O. Gallear, J. O. McFadden, G. E. McFadden, G. E. McFadden, Jr., and Annie Burns, who are charged with carrying on several schemes for defrauding innocent country people. They have several names under which they operated. They received a great deal of mail, and have defrauded a number of people. The postal authorities have received more than one thousand complaints from various parts of Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana.

Four bodies were found thirty miles south-east of Purcell, Kansas, by two cowboys. Near by was a mover's wagon and harness, the horses having been taken away. The corpses were those of a man apparently fifty years old with four bullet holes; a woman apparently about the same age with two bullet holes; a young woman apparently twenty years old shot through the head, and a boy of fifteen shot in the forehead. The cowboys report that the killing probably occurred ten days ago.

FOREIGN CULLINGS.

Cardinal Pecci, brother of the pope, who has been ill for several days with pneumonia, died at Rome.

A mob made a demonstration at Rio Janerio, Brazil, before the residence of Gen. Da Fonseca, president of the provisional government, in favor of a dictatorship. They urged Da Fonseca to assume the position of dictator for a period of five years. Gen. Da Fonseca did not put in an appearance, but caused the mob to be dispersed by the police. Among the mob were many soldiers. The president, in a subsequent interview, said he was opposed to a dictatorship, and that the demonstration was distasteful to him.

Details of a fatal water spout near Nanking, China, last month, which caused the loss of 100 lives were brought by the China steamer. Nanking is located on the great Yang tse Kiang river. One day in the early part of January the people along river were alarmed by hearing a great rushing noise as though a reservoir had suddenly given away. A moment later they saw the sun obscured by two black clouds and a thick fog enveloped them. The rush of these clouds raised enormous waves in the river. They moved up the stream at lightning speed until they reached the town of Tset Lichow, where they burst asunder with a report like the discharge of artillery. The river at that time was full of junks and sampans, which were swamped and their occupants thrown into the water. Over 100 were drowned before help could reach them but 50 were rescued.

By prompt action the French government nipped the bud what was apparently intended to be a royalist coup d' etat modeled after Louis Napoleon's mad descent upon Boulogne, and the only consequence is that the duke of Orleans, eldest son of the court of Paris, is now in custody. The duke arrived in Paris, bearing a letter written and signed by the count de Paris, announcing to the faithful and to all others the coun't abdication. He also had with him a manifesto addressed to the people of France. The count of Paris abdicates the throne he never possessed. He consequently abdicates his claims as pretender, and, in virtue of his abdication, all his claims, rights and titles descend to his eldest son, the young gentleman now in the hands of the authorities—Philippe Louis Robert, duke d' Orleans. This gentleman is therefore not merely one of many vagrant princes, but the actual pretender to the throne in virtue of his claims as the heir of Louis Philippe, and also as the heir of the old Bourbon line.

IN GENERAL.

The affairs of the three wrecked New York banks have been straightened and will resume business.

John Reid & Co., one of the oldest ship building firms on the Clyde, have failed, with heavy liabilities.

Maj. Liebert, ten lieutenants, two doctors, and twenty-nine sergeants will shortly leave Berlin for East Africa, where they will join the forces under command of Maj. Wissmann.

It is reported that the water in the St. Lawrence river has risen so high that there is six feet of it in some of the streets of La Prairie. A serious flood is anticipated.

One hundred citizens of Point township, near Chillicothe, Ohio, tired of an epidemic of crime, organized into a jailing club and in one night made thirty-six arrests.

At Mount Carmel, Ill., the Alaska shaft, the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company's largest colliery, closed indefinately. One thousand hands are thrown out of employment.

An appeal has been received at Richmond, Va., signed by 350 citizens of Granville county, which says the farmers are suffering for the necessaries of life, owing to the failure of the crops.

Republicans of the Fourth Pennsylvania congressional district have nominated State Senator John E. Rayburn for the vacancy in congress caused by the death of William D. Kelley.

Frank M. Clark, a Chicago lawyer who would like a $2,000,000 slice of Duluth, said that he was associated with several others who were furnishing the means to prosecute the case. He was convinced the plaintiffs would win, and said the present claimants had no basis for their alleged ownership of the property.

An assistant United States attorney is at Gorden Ohio investigating a fraudulent pension case. Some time ago a pension was granted to Nancy Smith, because she was the widow of a soldier. Not long ago the district attorney was informed that Nancy Smith was not the widow of the soldier in question, but had been divorced from him many years before his death.

Dispatches received from Minnesota at New York announcing the collapse of the American National Building and Loan association gave great satisfaction to the building association officers of that city and Brooklyn, who have for some time been warring against this and other speculative concerns which have been trading on the good name of the local building associations everywhere.

The Methodist church intends to found a national university in Washington City and arrangements are making for the purchase of a ninety-acre tract of land on the Tenallytown road, near Oakview, ex-President Cleveland's country home, as a site for the university. Bishop Hurst, whose residence is in Washington, is at the head of the movement, and has paid an option of $1,000 on the property, which is to be sold for $100,000.

All county treasurers in Iowa have had notices served upon them that an injunction has been issued from the United States court restaining them from collecting taxes levied against the Pullman Palace Car company. The company has been fighting these assessments for several years, and this injunction is the result of a test case brought by treasurer Ryan of Webster county. The assessment against the Pullman company is $50 per mile on all roads over which their cars run, and the suit involves thousands of dollars in annual taxes.

THE MARKETS.

The Latest Quotations from Western Markets.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—No. 2, Spring, 75⅛c.; No 3 Spring 62@72c.; No. 2 red, 75⅞c.
CORN—No. 2, 28⅝@29c.
OATS—No. 2, 20½@30c.
RYE—No. 2, 44c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 55@57c.
FLAX SEED—$1.35½.
BUTTER—Quiet and unchanged.
EGGS—Quiet at 13½c.

ST. PAUL.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 78@79c.; No. 1 Northern, 76@77c.; No. 2 northern; 74@75c.
CORN—No. 3, 27½c.
OATS—No. 2 mixed, 20c.; No. 2 white, 21c.; No. 3, 19½c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 45@50c.; No. 3, 38@42c.
RYE—No. 2, 34c.
GROUND FEED—No. 1, $10.50@11.25.
BRAN—Bulk, $6.50@8.
HAY—Upland prairie, $6@6.75; No. 1, $5.50; timothy, $8.
EGGS—Fresh, $4.80@5.10.
BUTTER—Extra creamery, 20c.; dairy 14@15c; roll and print, 8@10c.

MINNEAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 79c; No. 1 Northern, 77@77½c; No. 2 Northern, 73½@75c;
FLOUR—Patents, sacks to local dealers, $4.75@4.80; patents to ship, sacks, car lots, $4.15@4.50; in barrels, $4.30@4.60; bakers' here, $3@3.40; superfine, $1.70@2.25; red dog sacks, $1@1.20; red dog barrels, $1.25@1.50.
CORN—Samples, 25@26c;
OATS—Mixed, 19@20½c; white 20@22c; No. 2, 21½@22c.
BARLEY—23@44c.
HAY—Upland prairie, $7.50; common wild, $5@6.50.
BUTTER—Fair to fancy creamery, 14@20c. per lb; dairies, medium to fancy, 10@12c.; grease and packing stock, 4@5½c.

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 72@74c; No. 1 Northern, 81c.
CORN—No. 3, 28c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 23½@24c.
RYE—No. 1, 44c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 42½c.
EGGS—Fresh, 14c.
BUTTER—Dairy, 15@17c.
CHEESE—Cheddars, 9@9½c.

Prohibition Decision in North Dakota.

The anxiously awaited verdict of the supreme court in the case of Frank Ohlquist vs. The Sheriff of Grand Forks County, being nominally the test liquor case, was handed down Fargo. The syllabus is as follows:

Where a party was held by a magistrate for a violation of the law against selling intoxicating liquor as a beverage, without license, in force on that subject when the constitution was adopted, and committed in default of bail, and brought before the court on habeas corpus proceedings, claiming that he was unlawfully restrained of his liberty because all pre-existing laws against selling intoxicating liquor without license were repealed by an article 20 of the constitution (being the prohibition article), as being repugnant thereto, held:

First—That, if article 20 of the constitution by self-executing, and operating, it repeals the present existing license law, including penalties.

Second—But held, further, that said article is not self-executing; that it cannot be enforced by the penalties in the former license law; that the provision in that article that "the legislative assembly shall by law prescribe regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of this article, and shall provide suitable penalties for the violation thereof," clearly indicates the intention of the constitutional convention that supplemental legislation should be the means of enforcing said article.

Third—Further, that until said supplemental legislation is had article 20, while prohibitory in form, is in fact a declaration of principles only, and without force to repeal the prior license law. Hence the relator's restraint is not unlawful, and he is remanded back to custody.

SIOUX RESERVATION

It is Opened at Last—The President's Proclamation Issued.

Tremendous Rush of People For the Coveted Indian Lands.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram.—The president issued his proclamation throwing open to settlement the great Sioux reservation in South Dakota at noon to-day. The rush for "the ground floor," which made trouble at Oklahoma, has been anticipated by the government. At the department of the interior, which now has on its list about 8,000,000 acres of the public domain which it did not have this morning, the event of the proclamation made a visible stir. Trouble is expected, but preparations have been made to reduce it to a minimum. Four chiefs of divisions will be sent at once to organize the land offices at Pierre and Chamberlain. Six special agents of that department will have watch of the police regulations. The war department is ready to send troops from Fort Pierre if the emergency demands it. This, however, is not anticipated. The president has by an executive order divided the old land districts somewhat, so that when the offices are established at Pierre and Chamberlain work on surveyed lands can begin at once. The order takes Brule county out of the Mitchell district and adds it to

CHAMBERLAIN DISTRICT,

and takes Hughes and Sully counties from the Huron district and adds them to the Pierre district. These three counties are thinly settled and the lands are all surveyed. They will be taken early in the game, it is expected, and as the survey lines are drawn the land office can begin business there at once. Meantime surveyors in large force will be sent into the reservation to keep ahead of the settlers. It was said at the interior department to-day that the new land offices would be ready to do business within ten days. Secretary Noble sent word to the senators and representatives from South Dakota that recommendations for receivers and registers for the land offices must be made at once, that the appointments might be sent to the senate to-morrow if possible. That delegation met in caucus to-night and discussed candidates. They will reach a conclusion at another meeting to-morrow morning. The four officers will be selected from the following candidates: Aiken of Sully county, Moore of Benson county, Bailey of Faulk county, Royer of Jerauld county, La Follette of Aurora county, Milan of Hand county and Robinson of Hyde county.

THE NEW LAND DISTRICTS.

By executive order issued to-day two land offices have been established for the territory recently ceded to the United States by the Sioux Indians. The land office for the northern district is located at Pierre, and for the southern district at Chamberlain. The boundaries of the Chamberlain district are as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southern boundary of the State of South Dakota at the southeast corner of the Black Hills land district; thence from the eastern boundary of said land district to a point where the line of the second standard parallel north extended west from the Missouri river intersects said eastern boundary of the Black Hills land district; thence east on said standard parallel to the east bank of the Missouri river; thence following the bank of said river down to a point where the second standard parallel intersects said river at a point in range 73 west; thence east on said parallel to the northeast corner of township 108 north, range 68 west; thence south to between townships 67 and 68 west to the southeast corner of township 106 north, range 68 west; thence east on the line between townships 105 and 103 north, to the northeast corner of township 105 north, range 67 west; thence south on the line between ranges 66 and 67 west to the base line between townships 100 and 101 north; thence west on said base line to the Missouri river; thence along the same, southeasterly, to the 43d parallel, thence crossing the Missouri river and running due west to place of beginning.

The boundaries of the Pierre district are described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the north bank of the Missouri river in township 109 north, where the range line between ranges 73 and 74 west intersects the same; thence running north on a line running between ranges 73 and 74 west to the third standard parallel north; thence west to the east boundary of the Fort Sully military reservation; thence south to the southeast corner of said reservation to the Missouri river; thence up the east bank of said river standard parallel when extended to the 102d meridian; thence south along said meridian to the northern boundary of the land district as last above described; thence along said north boundary of said last named land district to the place of beginning.

All that part of the ceded lands south of the forty-third parallel, north latitude, is added to the O'Neill (Neb.) land district, and the jurisdiction of the State of Nebraska is extended over it. The Black Hills, the Huron and the Mitchell land districts are changed so as to conform to the districts above described.

Indian Inspector Armstrong will leave Washington to-night for the Sioux reservation. It will be his special duty to see that none of the settlers who enter the reservation under the president's proclamation intrude upon the diminished Indian reservation lands.

THE MAD RUSH.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Special Telegram, —The loud intonation of a cannon this afternoon startled the crowd of people camped here awaiting an opportunity to get upon the Sioux lands, which turned out to be a signal that the proclamation had been issued and was intended as a warning to the crowd of town site boomers secreted in the heavy timber on American island to get upon the coveted bottom on the west side of the river. Immediately representatives of the various combinations sent here for the purpose of securing this tract were in motion, and teams of lumber were at once started on a dead run across the river, but it was plainly evident that the local town site boomers had secured an important advantage by reason of their closer proximity to the lands. It was a grand sight viewed from the high bluffs on the east side of the river to see the stream of teams bearing great loads of lumber dashing on a dead run across the river up on to the American island, which lies between this city and the reservation, and finally lost sight of in the heavy timber which covers the island. Several thousand people gathered upon the bluff to see as many more take part in this exciting scene. The Indian police, to the number of nearly one hundred, who had been placed as a guard to prevent any premature invasion, stood dazed and stunned as they viewed the great and irresistible rush for the reservation. They were perfectly powerless to prevent it. But the most novel sight of all was the moving of reasonably large buildings, under which had been placed heavy timbers and wheels, on a dead run for the coveted lands. It took but a few minutes for the several sections of land on the valuable bottom to be literally covered with claimants, and it will take a score of Philadelphia lawyers to solve the problem as to who are the rightful owners.

NORTH DAKOTA SAVED.

The Iniquitous Lottery Bill is Indefinitely Postponed by its Friends in the House.

BISMARCK, Special Telegram.—The lottery scheme suddenly culminated to-day. Leading friends of the bill agreed during the forenoon that they would kill it themselves. At the afternoon session George Walsh of Grand Forks, to the great surprise of the minority, the audience and many of the supporters of the bill, moved that it be indefinitely postponed and the senate so advised. E. A. Williams advocated the adoption of the resolution. It was unanimously adopted and the bill indefinitely postponed. This unexpected movement can be attributed to the inabilsty of the friends of the scheme to get two-thisds of the house, and the folly of passing it without two-thirds. The indignation meetings, protests and newspaper attacks contributed to defeat the bill. It is true, however, that the claim of the lottery advocates did not exceed forty out of the necessary forty-two, and the vote in the house on preliminary motions did not show more than thirty-seven favorable. Both sides seemed pleased that they are rid of the elephant. C. Wilson, passing as a correspondent of the Chicago Times for a month past, turns out to be a Pinkerton detective. It is supposed that he has been keeping "cases" on the members of the legislature and all others concerned in the lottery. As a sequel to this departing sensation, the senate has gone into the investigating business on a wholesale scale.

SEVERAL THINGS TO BE AIRED.

Senator Bell of Walsh county introduced the following, which was adopted with one dissenting voice, Rowe of Cass:

Whereas, It has been frequently stated and rumored that corrupt means and money have been used to nominate and elect the state officers and United States senators and the passage of Senate Bill 167 in the senate (lottery bill), be it

Resolved by the senate, That a select committee of five, to consist of three Republicans and two Democrats, to-wit: Senators Robinson of Trail, Haggart of Cass, McBride of Cavalier, Harmon of Morton and McCormack of Grand Forks, be appointed to investigate the election of United States senators, the nomination and election of the state officers, and the passage of Senate Bill 167, and that the committee is hereby empowered to send for persons and papers and to administer oaths, and they are further instructed to enter at once upon their duties and report at the earliest day possible.

BECKER LEAVES HELENA.

Democrats Provide a Special Train, and the Senator is now Safe in Spokane Falls.

HELENA, Mont., Special Telegram, —Before Senator Becker was excused from paying his fine Saturday night he made a voluntary and unconditional promise that he would be here and attend the session of the senate this morning. On his word of honor freely given, he was released from custody and allowed the freedom of the city after the senate adjourned. When the senate met this morning he was absent, and inquiry soon developed that the Democrats had induced him to go West last night by special train, and at 7 o'clock this morning he had crossed the Idaho boundary and was beyond pursuit. The Democrats are rejoicing over his escape, but the Republicans are indignant and chagrined at being so easily duped. The Democrats justify Becker's flight by saying that his promise was a political one, and not binding. The effect of his flight will be to throw doubt on the legislation enacted Saturday night. None of the bills passed have yet been signed, and the Democrats claim that they cannot now be legally signed by the lieutenant governor, inasmuch as the law says that the president must sign all bills in the presence of the senate, and argue that this requires a quorum. The Republicans, however, argue that the signing of bills is a business that not eequire a quorum, and the probability is that all laws passed Saturday night will be signed to-morrow by the presiding officers of both houses and presented to the governor. Of course he will not sign them, nor can he veto them without officially recognizing the Republican legislature. In case he does neither they become laws by limitation in five day after he receives them. Ultimately it is expected the Democrats will test them in the courts. The gratifying fact remains that the state expenses are provided for and will be paid as they come due. It is said to-night that Gov. Toole will call an extra session of the legislature as soon as the present session expires on the 20th inst.

TO GO FURTHER WEST.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special Telegram, —Five of the delinquent Montana senators have been in Spokane Falls since Thursday of last week. This morning Senator Becker made his appearance among them. Those now here are as follows: Senators Becker, Thornton, Hennesey, Reed, Parberry and Baker. The senators will leave in the morning for Tacoma.

ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

Something About the Condition of North Dakota Farmers.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Special Telegram, —Hon. H. T. Helgeson, state commissioner of agriculture, has just issued an address to the public explaining the situation in the drouth-stricken counties at some length, and making an appeal for assistance. He says the suffering for want of provisions, clothing, fuel and feed for stock in several counties is unprecedented and needs some authoritative explanation. He says:

The destitution is most exclusively confined to the newer portions of the state, where the settlements date back only two, three and four years, except Nelson and Ramsey counties, which have been settled acout six years. These new settlements were, like the earliest settlements of most new countsies, composed largely of people whose resources would have been largely taxed to succeed and keep themselves above want with favorable seasons. But just as they were becoming started in their new homes an unprecedented train of disasters overtook them and swept away the results of their labors. The assessed valuation of the state, about one-third of the true valuation, was last year $66,857,436.30, not including the $20,000,000 in railroads not assessed. It should also be noted that only a little over 10,000,000 acres of 47,500,000 in the state are assessed, and then at the low average of $4 an acre. Millions of acres are not assessed, though often highly cultivated and containing good buildings, because the occupants have not proved up homesteads, etc., lands not being taxable until patents are issued and settlers being allowed seven years' occupancy of the land before proving up. From this it will be seen that the state has an enormous reserve fund, and there is something to show for every dollar of indebtedness. In the counties named there are not less than 5,000 people dependent wholly or in part on outside help for this winter and until they can raise another crop, and a still larger number are needing some assistance in the way of feed for stock. The railroads will bring supplies free of freight charges from St. Paul. All supplies contributed should be shipped in care of the commissioner at Grand Forks, who will distribute them according to needs of destitute.

SOUTH DAKOTA SOLONS.

A Number of Important Measures Passed by the House.

PIERRE, S. D., Special Telegram, —A number of bills passed the house to-day, the most important being as follows:

For the taxing of land chattels in the name of the real party in interest; to provide for the mortgaging of real estate by guardians; to create a bureau of labor statistics; to encourage the construction of artesian Wells; to amend the Laws of 1887 relating to the advertising of delinquent tax on real estate; asking the members of the legislature to donate one-half their per diem, making a total of $52,350, to be placed in the hands of the governor for distribution.

In the upper house to-day but little business os general interest was transacted. A bill was passed prohibiting the sale of tobacco to children under sixteen. The governor sent in a message announcing an opinion of the supreme court that the state indebtedness cannot be created for the purpose of buying seed wheat for the needy. A bill was then introduced providing for liens upon crops and for the levy of a tax to secure the payment of the price of seed grain.

Object to a Slot Machine.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Special—Thirty-two conductors, the entire force of the People's Street Car company, struck to-day. The cause of their grievance was that the company instructed them to use a cash fare register shaped like a coffee pot. The company gave orders for the men to present the muzzle of this peculiar contrivance to the passenger, who would drop his nickel in the slot.

Their Minds Relieved.

FERGUS FALLS, Special, Telegram—Robert Acola, the young Finn who shot his father dead some time ago and was found insane, has just died at St. Peter of pneumonia. His friends have always been afraid he would escape from the asylum and kill some more of the family, and are not a little relieved.

To Interest St. Paul Capitalists.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special Telegram, —L. C. Dillman, a leading real estate and mining operator of this city, left to-day for St. Paul to confer with capitalists of that city concerning a mining enterprise of immense magnitude. The scene of the proposed operations is in the Kootenai district.

Seven Buildings Burned.

MORRIS, Special.—Early this forenoon a fire originated in the grocery store of F. A. Hancock, destroying seven buildings in a business row. The contents of two buildings are a total loss, but the contents of the others were saved. Loss, $43,200; insurance, $19,800.

Found Dead in Their Rooms.

FERGUS FALLS, Special, Telegram—Catherine Buckholz, the servant girl in the family of George Miles, was found dead in her room. A short time ago the servant in the family or Jacob Nichels was found under quite similar circumstances. There is no evidence to sustain a theory of suicide.

Perished in a Blizzard.

WILLOW CITY, N. D., Special Telegram, —Barnard Vollmer, seventy-five years of age, was lost in the storm Thursday night and was frozen to death. Mrs. Cota of Dunseith was frozen to death the same evening.

KEPT OFF BY TROOPS

Boomers at Pierre Turned Back From the Reservation by the Military.

Attempts to Cross the River Result in the Wounding of a Settler.

PIERRE, S. D., Special Telegram, —The situation here over the proclamation opening the Sioux reservation to-night and to-day has been nearly the same as last night. The crowd continues to mass along the river, with no signs of abatement in the excitement. The evening trains brought in a large addition to the throng, the cars being loaded down, and many being compelled to ride outside. The weather continues warm, and all circumstances seem to combine to make the situation exciting and make everything favorable for the settlers and boomers. Last night the attempts to cross over on the promised land were kept up all night, and it seems that the boomers never sleep. The soldiers are being constantly taxed to their utmost in their attempts to keep the excited crowd at bay, and unless reinforcements are had immediately there is no possibility of them holding out. Another attempt was made by the South Pierre boomers last night about 11 o'clock. They had over twenty-five teams with wagons loaded with lumber and supplies, and managed by closest secrecy to entirely cross the ice about one mile below this city and just above what is known as Farm island. They were discovered by a sentry just as they were driving up a steep hill near the bank of the river. The sentry attempted to raise the alarm, but was siezed from behind by parties who had been lying in ambush, and was carried to the wagons and bound hand and foot and laid in the bushes. The boomers steadily proceeded over the hill to the number of about 500, and had almost succeeded in getting beyond the lines when they were discovered. The skirmishing party

COMMENCED AN ATTACK

to raise the alarm and fired over the heads of the boomers. Immediately a company of mounted infantry were dispatched from Fort Pierre, and were soon in hot pursuit. The boomers commenced to scatter in all directions, but were nearly all captured. One was shot in the leg—V. E. Prentice, a great town site boomer who has five additions to this city and is a real estate partner of Senator R. F. Pettigrew. Prentice was taken to the guard house at Fort Pierre, and the military authorities refuse to give him up to friends in this city. The boomers returned to this side all worn out and somewhat discouraged with the loss of ten teams and wagons loaded with supplies. About the same time the South Pierre boomers were making this attempt another crowd, though somewhat smaller, made a desperate effort about a half mile north at the boat landing. This crowd were all on foot, and were accompanied by only five light wagons and about twenty on horses, nearly two hundred in all. They succeeded, finally, in making the other bank. When discovered the boomers made a grand rush up the river bank and scattered in all directions. The wagons all escaped into the interior of the reservation, and about half of the boomers are scattered over the lands. The other half of the boomers were returned to the city, and were used very roughly by the soldiers. After this all was quiet. Your correspondent crossed at the mouth of Bad river and went through the brush on hands and knees, and up through the streets of Fort Pierre. Guards were all around, and the people of Fort Pierre were asking for permision to cross the river and get food and delicacies, but

THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES

refused to allow the permission. Soldiers have looted stores in the village and bulldozed the citizens to give them eatables until the citizens are in bad shape. The correspondent learned that the military are losing confidence. The boomers are getting too numerous, and the soldiers are getting worn out doing double duty. Many are sick with the grip, and, to one not used to the conditions, constant watching has overdone them. Officers say that unless reinforcements arrive the boomers will not have much trouble to evade the guards. Your correspondent went over to learn the exact situation. No one is allowed to cross the river either way, and a strong guard is kept opposite the city. One line is along the bank of the river, and the other is on the ice. I managed to evade the first guard my crossing in the center of the stream over a portion of the ice marked dangerous. Twice it broke through, and it will not be able to withstand the rush of boomers to-morrow. The correspondent sneaked back of Fort Pierre and found many houses dotting the land west of the mile square, built by Indians and half-breeds, who will claim all the land adjacent to the mile square. I found several boomers building houses on the quiet, but all were burned by the soldiers this morning. All night long boomers were sneaking over in ones and twos, and many escaped the guard. Prominent citizens of this place were caught and returned to the city, the guard house at Fort Pierre being full. This morning a squad of Indian police found a colony of boomers ten miles west of here. The police burned the houses and effects of the boomers, and carried their prisoners up to Fort Sully. The boomers are getting anxious, and it is expected that an order will be received to-morrow afternoon by the officers of the military to allow the boomers to go on the land. United States Marshal Fry arrived from Chamberlain to-night with forty deputies to assist in keeping the crowd back, and a desperate attempt will be made to-night and to-morrow not to allow any boomers to escape on the land.

COMING BY THOUSANDS.

Flat Cars Have to be Used to Furnish Boomers With Transportation.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Special Telegram, —Every incoming train is heavily loaded with settlers bound for the reservation, and the stream of humanity crossing the river is almost continuous. Several thousand have already selected claims and begun the erection of homes, the new arrivals being forced to go further into the interior or onto the town site opposite this city. The saw and hammer were plied diligently all night, and to-day several hundred buildings of a temporary nature dot the prairie. Stocks of lumber and provisions are being crossed over and by to-morrow many business houses will be in running order. Agent Anderson has ceased to attempt to remove settlers, having received instructions from Washington, but he is determined to guard the interests of the Indians intrusted to his care, and he says that if all buildings erected by settlers on lands filed upon by Indians prior to the issuing of the proclamation are not removed by sunset he will burn every one of them to the ground. The nearest approach to bloodshed yet reported was the drawing of a revolver on an Indian policeman by an excited settler when the police attempted to obstruct his entrance into the reservation. The only thing that averted

RESORTING TO EXTREMES

was the yielding of the police, or there would certainly have been a shooting affray. One interesting event to-day was the arrival of a mixed train with a number of flat cars absolutely packed with settlers, there not being a sufficient number of coaches available at this end of the line to accommodate the great crowd moving for the reservation. A special train arrived to-night containing more than 500 persons, and reports are being received from innumerable localities of the forming of colonies to start at once for the reservation. People have been disappointed so often regarding the opening of the reservation that they have been a little conservative, and the rush a week hence promises to be greater. Even with the rush at present the influx will increase from day to day. The Indians at Lower Brule, which agency contains about 2,000 red men, are in the best of humor, and enjoy hugely the incessant strife between white men for possession of lands ceded by them. The agency is on the bottom, where the great struggle is going on for possession, to be used for town site purposes. The settlers thus far have been of a desirable character, the tough element so common on the border not having put in appearance as yet, but this crowd will undoubtedly drift in as the opening of the reservation becomes generally known. Every effort is being exerted by United States Marshal Fry and his force of deputies to preserve order, and thus far excited settlers have been held in check. The reservation is being settled rapidly, but in a very orderly manner.

A LARGE PARTY

left this morning with a large stock of lumber and provisions for a point on the survey of the Milwaukee road about sixty miles in the interior, where they expect a town of respectable proportions will be built during the next few weeks. The rush continues for the west side of the river, little attention being given to the Crow creek reservation. Many of the original settlers on that domain, who are given priority by the Sioux bill, are returning and re-establishing their residence. Many return to find that during their absence new arrivals have taken possession of their lands. All of these will be compelled to vacate in favor of the settlers of 1885. In some cases there will be trouble, the new settlers manifesting a determination to stick to the land. They can accomplish nothing by this, however, as they are sure to be beaten when tried by the land office officials. A party of old timers, persons thoroughly acquainted with the reservation and who are positive that they know of the existence of coal, started out this afternoon for the purpose of prospecting and locating claims on the White river at a point about forty miles from its mouth, where they claim coal can be found in inexhaustable quantities. The Indians have frequently brought in specimens, but white persons have of late been prevented from prospecting for the mineral. The rush is on the increase to-night and interest unabated. At the present rate of settlement it would not take more than three months to settle the entire 10,000,000 acres acquired by the government.

DENIED THE MOTION.

Final Decision in a Celebrated Land Case in North Dakota.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram.—Secretary Noble to-day denied a motion for review of the case of P. McWeeney vs. Charles W. Greene, involving title to land in section 35, township 154, range 64, of the Devils Lake, N. D., district. This case was decided last summer, when a review was asked by Mary McWeeney, the wife of P. McWeeney. The land is almost in the city of Devils Lake. McWeeny held another tract when the Ward boys of Chicago were killed. He was one of the twelve who killed the Wards, and while his trial was pending was in jailat Devils Lake, Mary McGillecudy became attached to him there and married him. When McWeeny was released they went to Devils Lake. He was appointed a special officer, and was killed by Billy Oswald. The latter was sentenced to twelve years, but was pardoned by Gov. Mellette a short time before he ceased to be governor of Dakota Territory. Greene, who was in this suit, was opposed to the Creel gang, and the land in question was claimed as part of the Creel heritage on Devils Lake. After McWeeny's death his widow carried on the suit, but the last hope of securing the property vanished with the decision announced to-day. Assistant Secretary Chandler to-day ordered a hearing in the matter of the appeal of William Forsyth from the decision of the general land office canceling his homestead entry on the southeast quarter of section 30, township 149, range 44, in the Crookston, Minn., district.

AN IMPORTANT RULING.

A Land Decision Reversed in Favor of a Railway Company.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, —Secretary Noble has reversed the decision of Commissioner Stockslager in the case of Frank P. Olney against the Hastings & Dakota, the case involving title to a quarter of section 15, township 120, range 43 of the Benson, Minn., land district. The land was entered for settlement by a man named Olney, before the land had been surveyed, but not until after the company had filed its map of definite location. Secretary Noble rules that lands which were within the limits of the grant and had not been withdrawn from the public domain at the time of filing such map, could not be excepted from the grant, and so the company gets the lands. Although there are few acres in Minnesota that come under this ruling, it is considered an important one. Commissioner Stockslager held that such lands came under an act of 1876 and reverted to the settler. Secretary Noble says in so many words that the act of 1876 has nothing to do with the case.

MORMONS DEFEATED.

The Election in Salt Lake City a Victory for Gentiles.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Special.—The municipal elections in this city passed off quietly contrary to the general expectation. Six arrests were made for attempting to vote illegally, and these were made without any demonstration from either side. The Mormons have nothing to say on the result except that the election was carried by fraud and that they will surely contest it. They admit their defeat, but claim that the majority will not exceed 400. Official returns give George A. Scott, mayor, a majority of 800; Louis H. Yams, recorder, 539; J. B. Walden, treasurer, 635; E. R. Clute, assessor, 466; J. M. Young, marshal, 773. All are Gentiles. The remainder of the Gentile ticket, including fifteen councilmen, are elected by majorities ranging from 300 to 400. This gives them control of the municipal council for the first time in the history of the city. Mormon papers charge fraud of every description.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, Special.—The queen's speech was read at the opening of parliament to-day. It opens with a reference to the cordial relations existing between her majesty's government and all foreign countries. Portugal, it says, has acceded to the request of England in regard to Central Africa, and the Portuguese government is doing its best to maintain the friendly relations that have always existed between that country and England. The Samoan settlement is briefly alluded to, and there is a promise to lay before parliament all the papers relating to the Samoan conference and to the extradition treaty with the United States. Her majesty expresses hopes for good results from the federation movement in Australia. In home legislation Ireland will demand a prominent place in the attention of parliament.

Massacre of Exiles.

PARIS, Special.—At Kara, Eastern Siberia, the director of a prison insulted Mme. Siluda, a woman of noble birth who had been exiled for a political crime. She resented the insult and was stripped and flogged. Fearing further punishment she committed suicide, as did several of the other female political prisoners, who were fearful of receiving similar treatment. A few miles from the women's political prison at Kara is that occupied by male political convicts, who, on hearing of the tragedies, revolted en masse. Troops were called out and awful scenes followed—shooting flogging and torturing going on by the wholesale. Up to this time the Russian authorities have been able to suppress all news of the occurrence.

Will Again Be Banished.

PARIS, Special.—In the chamber of deputies a motion to repeal the law banishing pretenders to the French throne from the country was rejected—328 to 131. It is reported that the government has decided that the duke of Orleans shall be sentenced Wednesday to two years imprisonment, whereupon President Carnot will immediately pardon him and he will be escorted to the frontier and shown out of the country. The countess of Paris, mother of the imprisoned young duke, has arrived in this city. It is announced that the count has abandoned his proposed tour of America, and will return to England.

Dispersed by Police.

LISBON, Special.—An enormous crowd assembled to-day in the Place Dom Pedro, and republican orators endeavored to harangue various groups, but the police and cavalry charged the mass, which was dispersed after some fighting. Twenty-eight persons were arrested. It is a month to-day since the English ultimatum was presented to the Portuguese government, and since Portugal immediately accepted it. The demonstration planned was intended as a celebration of the desperate objection to it. The shops are partially closed, and the streets patrolled by cavalry. Agitation, smothered for the moment, is smoldering.

Wants More Than a Prison.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, —The governor and marshal of Montana sent a request to congress that an appropriation be made for a government prison in Montana. Members of the appropriation committee asked Mr. Carter about the matter, and he told them there were other appropriations that Montana wanted more than one for a prison.

Agreement With Indians.

WASHINGTON, Special—The house committee on Indian affairs to-day authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Hansbrough to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Indians of the Fort Berthold agency, North Dakota. For the purpose of carrying out the terms of the agreement the bill appropriates $80,000 to be immediately available.

Another Sugar Trust Decision.

NEW YORK, Special.—Judge O'Brien to-day handed down his decision in the celebrated sugar trust case. He decided that the company should be allowed to continue its business, but continues the injunction restraining the trust from transferring its property or assets.

Doctors at Maiden Rock, Wis., have been working five days to restore Charles Schroder to consciousness, who had a very narrow escape from being buried alive. While working at Plum City, he suddenly became unconscious and was pronounced dead. The body was taken home and two days later the funeral services were held. As he was well-known and respected a large number of people attended the services and followed the body to the grave. Just as the coffin was about to be lowered the young man's mother asked that the coffin be opened to let her take a last look at the remains. She and others immediately noticed the natural appearance of the face, and the mother declared that he was not dead. A pin was inserted in the arm and warm blood flowed when it was withdrawn. The coffin was immediately replaced in the hearse and the young man was taken back to his home. He is still unconscious and there has been no change in his appearance, but the doctors believe that he is alive.

He Was in the Style.

One day, when Thomas Cratty, the Chicago lawyer, was a young man, he received an invitation to a swell ball. In the lower left hand corner of the invitation were the letters "R. S. V. P.," and they were too much for Cratty. He puzzled over them for a while and then went to a friend.

"What does 'R. S. V. P.' stand for?" he asked.

"Respondez s'il vous plait," replied the friend.

"Responde silver plate!" exclaimed Cratty. "What does that mean? Have I got to send my regrets on a salver?"

"No; it means 'Respond if you please.' The hostess wants an answer."

"All right. I'll send one."

Cratty went out and bought some cream colored note paper and then penned his regrets. They read:

"Mr. Cratty regrets his inability to accept Mrs. Blank's kind invitation.
"T. H. N. C."

Of course the hostess was puzzled. She couldn't make head or tail out of T. H. N. C., and so submitted the strange missive to her husband. He promptly gave it up, but resolved to secure an explanation. He Cratty and asked him about it.

"Oh, I like to be in style," said Cratty. "Proper thing to put letters down in the corner, you know."

"But don't they mean anything?"

"Of course they do. T. H. N. C.—Tom Has No Clothes."—Chicago Tribune.

The Angle Worm.

There is nothing especially interesting about the angle worm itself. It is the effect it has upon the lives of mankind, and boykind especially, that weaves a halo of interest about this otherwise uninteresting object. There are many different breeds of the angle worm, but those who need them in their business do not examine into the pedigree of those that come to hand first. Any smooth, flat, wiggly worm will do, be it mongrel or thoroughbred.

Why the denizens of the two most unstable elements, air and water, should have an appetite for the humble worm, is one of the great mysteries of nature. It is lucky for the worm that it is neither a swimmer nor flyer, and it can also thank its stars, if it ever had any, that birds and fish cannot handle a spade. If the worm would give up its habit of going to meet the early bird it could pass its life in comparative safety in the depths of its sub-cellar.

The man who discovered that fish liked worms is responsible for considerable juvenile and masculine depravity. Fishing cannot be successfully carried on without the worm. Any old tin can will do to carry the worms in.

It is almost an infallible omen when a boy is seen with a spade and can that he will be missed at school on the morrow, or when a man is seen with the same implements Saturday evening, that he will be missed at church next Sunday. It is not right to dig for angle worms on Sunday.—Texas Siftings.

A Question of Time.

A story is going the rounds about a local juryman, an Irishman, who cleverly outwitted a judge, and that without lying.

He came breathlessly into court, saying:

"Oh, my lord, if you can excuse me, pray do! I do not know which will die first, my wife or my daughter."

"Dear me! that's sad," said the innocent judge; "certainly you are excused."

The next day the juryman was met by a friend, who, in a sympathetic voice, asked:

"How's your wife?"

"She's all right, thank you?"

"And your daughter?"

"She's all right, too. Why do you ask?"

"Why, yesterday you said you did not know which would die first!"

"Nor do I. That is the problem which time alone can solve."

Old Settlers.

A certain senator from one of the new states says it isn't thought any honor in his locality to be known as an "early settler," for the reason that these early settlers were noted for other things than honesty and refinement. To illustrate this point he tells the following story: Among the members of the first legislature, which met under the new state constitution, there was an eccentric old gentleman who wishing to become acquainted with another member of the assembly representing the district adjoining his own, inquired of him as to where he was from. "Massachusetts," replied the member. "Massachusetts? Ah," said the judge. I escaped from Maine."

General Master Workman Powderly has instituted a suit for criminal libel against Hon. Edward Callaghan of Scottdale, Pa., growing out of matter written by Callaghan during his recent trouble with Powderly. Callaghan will be arrested.

It Don't Pay

to experiment with uncertain remedies, when afflicted with any of the ailments for which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is recommended, as it is so positively certain in its curative effects as to warrant its manufacturers in guaranteeing to benefit or cure, or money paid for it is returned. It is warranted to cure all blood, skin and scalp diseases, salt-rheum, tetter, and all scrofulous sores and swellings, as well as consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs) if taken in time and given a fair trial.

Don't hawk, hawk, blow, spit and disgust everybody with your offensive breath, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it.

Edward Williams Corlies, president of the Bank of America, is dead in New York.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl street, New York.

The Iowa deadlock may not wash but it certainly wears well.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, strengthens the nerves, and builds up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such is its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time, and Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. It is sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

"Serve God and Whistle."

From the Louisville Times.

Old Uncle Winchester Wallace was standing opposite the new Custom House yesterday, whistling an old-time lively melody and watching a goat lick off a freshly pasted illustrated theater poster off the bill board. Col. Colin Alfriend happened along just then, and he paused to listen to the darky's merry melody as with a twinkle of delight in the whistler's eyes he watched the goat skinning the poster off the fence with his tongue. Presently Colin approached old Winchester, and, laying his heavy hand upon his shoulder, said to him:

"Old man, I've known you for many years, and I always wondered why it was that you was always in a good humor and whistling. Are you ever worried or bothered about anything? I'd like to know the secret of your happiness.

"Nuffin' don't nebber bodder me, Marse Collin, an' dey ain't no secret 'bout me bein' in er good humor all de time. I jes go on doin' two things."

"Well, what are they?"

"Serve God an' whistle. An I al'ays feels sorry fo' de man dat won't do de one an' can't do de tudder," and the gallant colonel shook hands with him and came on down the street, leaving old Winchester watching the goat and whistling that good old tune, "I'm er Gwan ter Git ter Hebben Bime By."

A QUEER ordinance was passed by the McConnelsville (O.) council recently. The substance of the ordinance was to provide for building a high fence around a certain saloon in town known as the "Blue Goose," which appellation is suggested by the peculiarly bright color of its front. The fence will be placed there so as to prohibit entrance from any other than the front door, which faces the public square, the most prominent portion of the village.

A French newspaper states that a loan of 850,000,000 francs will shortly be issued.

Worth, of Paris, has decided in favor of hoops, but they come in use slowly. In this country every body has decided that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best remedy for coughs and colds, and it's coming fast into general use. Price 25 cents.

Salvation Oil is the greatest pain-destroyer of any age or clime. For the cure of neuralgia and rheumatism it has no equal. Price only 25 cents.

Gov. Gen. Salamama of Cuba is seriously ill in Havanna.

FOR COUGHS AND THROAT DISORDERS use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—"Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

Cardinal Pecci, brother of the pope, who is suffering from pneumonia, is dying.

Nearly every article sold is cheapened, in cost of production, at expense of quality. Dobbin's Electric Soap is exactly to-day what it was in 1865, absolutely pure, harmless and uniform. Ask your grocer for it. Look out for imitations.

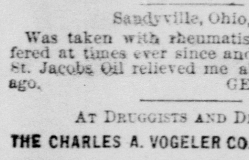
Henry M. Stanley has been elected a member of the Russian Geographical society.

A box wind matches free to smokers of "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

Six thousand people attended a reception to Dr. Talmage in Brooklyn on his arrival home.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

THE OLD ENEMY.



It is known as a painful inflammation affecting the muscles and joints of the human body, the symptoms of which are swelling of the joints, acute pains and aches. St. Jacobs Oil cures promptly and permanently this enemy which is:

RHEUMATISM.

Sandyville, Ohio, June 18, 1888.
Was taken with rheumatism in 1861; suffered at times ever since and used crutches. St. Jacobs Oil relieved me about two years ago. GEO. L. NIXON.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
Price 25 Cents.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SCOTT'S EMULSION



Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the *Cod Liver Oil* and *Hypophosphites* are the recognized agents in the cure of *Consumption*. It is as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion *is a perfect Emulsion. It is a wonderful Flesh Producer. It is the Best Remedy for* CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds. Ask for Scott's Emulsion and take no other.

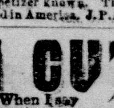
PATENTS F. A. LEHMANN Wash'ton, D.C. Send for circ'l

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN POULTRY? Send your name and address for a sample copy to Poultry Herald St. Paul, Minn.

STANLEY in the wilds of Africa. AGENTS Everyone wants the book. WANTED For special terms &c., write at once to EMPY. REAL PUBLISHING HOUSE, St. Paul, Minn.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS of late war who have not applied for pension should write for information to WILLIAM S. BROCK, Washington, D. C.

COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS CURED BY North Star Lung and Throat Balsam. For sale at druggists, or for it. SPINK & KEYES DRUG CO., Minneapolis, Minn.



BALDNESS positively cured by using NORALD discovered remedy. $1 per bottle. Sent by mail to all parts of the country. Address, Th. W. Zeil, Druggist. 100 E. Market St., Indianapolis, Ind. Agents wanted.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. Allen, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St. New York.

BURIED A TOWN.

Avalanches Destroy the town of Burke in the Cœur d'Alene District.

High Water Causes Much Damage in the Fertile Willamette Valley in Oregon.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Special.—The town of Burke, Idaho, in the Cœur d'Alene mining district, has been nearly destroyed by disastrous avalanches. Half of the business houses are in ruin. Three men were killed, and the terror-stricken inhabitants have fled to the towns of Gem and Wallace, fearing a repetition of the disaster. Particulars are meager, as the wires to all the points in the mines have gone down, leaving no means of communication. The disaster occurred yesterday afternoon, and this morning. With scarcely a moment's warning, a tremendous mass of snow and rocks swept down upon the town from the east side of the narrow gulch in which it is situated. Five men were buried beneath the snow. Two were rescued, but the others are dead and their bodies have not yet been recovered. The ill-fated town lies in a narrow gulch, through which Canyon creek pours its waters into the south fork of the Cœur d'Alene. It had about 200 inhabitants, who have deserted their wrecked or menaced homes and places of business. The nearest town is Gem, also upon Canyon creek and three miles down the stream. Yesterday another disastrous avalanche swept down a boarding house connected with the Custer mine, which is situated upon Nine Mile creek, about five miles from Burke. The boarding house was full of miners, six of whom were killed. The others had a narrow escape, and a number were more or less injured. The disasters are not a surprise to those familiar with topography of that section. The towns are situated in very narrow gulches, on either side of which abrupt mountains arise. The snowfall this winter has been unprecedented in the history of the country. Within the last few days it has been raining hard, which had the effect of loosening the deep snow banks and precipitating them upon the town and the houses below.

PORTLAND FLOODED.

Unprecedented High Water in the Willamette Causing Much Damage.

PORTLAND, Or., Special—The Postal Telegraph and Cable company furnishes the following information to the world regarding the unprecedented floods in Oregon and Washington: The Willamette river at this city is higher than it has been since the great flood of 1861. The rise is caused by the unusually heavy rains, and the melting of snow in the mountains. In this city all the merchants along the water front, and for two streets back from the river have been compelled to suspend business, and move their stocks to higher places. The water rose so rapidly that many of them were unable to move their goods out, and in consequence heavy damage will be the result. The only means of travel on Front street, the principal wholesale street of the city, is by boats. Throughout Willamette valley heavy losses are reported. Many bridges have been washed away and a large amount of grain stored in the warehouses along the river has been ruined. The wagon bridge across the Willamette river, at Salem was swept away Monday night. The structure was about one thousand feet long. It cost in the neighborhood of $75,-000. No less than 10,000,000 saw logs

HAVE BEEN SWEPT AWAY

on the Willamette and Columbia rivers in the last few days. Large quantities of sawed lumber and a number of saw mills on the river have also been carried away. The situation on the Southern Pacific road between here and California remains virtually unchanged, and the officials do not venture an opinion as to when the road will be open. All communication south and east of here has been cut off for five days, and no trains are arriving over the Southern Pacific or the Union Pacific. The trains are running to Tacoma, Wash., over the Northern Pacific, but a heavy storm in the Cascade mountains has cut off communication to the East. It is impossible to closely estimate the damage at present, but it will probably reach $500,000. The rain has ceased throughout the Willamette valley, but the river at this point is still on the rise. The river is still rising to-night, though reports from south as far as Corvallis state that it began falling at noon, and the weather is cold and clear. The water is rushing through Front and First streets very rapidly, and this makes navigation by means o boats very dangerous. Many of the

SIDEWALKS ARE FLOATING,

and several accidents have occurred by pedestrians falling through holes in sidewalks. The Oregonian and Telegram were compelled to move their business offices further back from the river, there being at present several feet of water on the first floor. The editorial rooms, which are on the second floor, are reached by boats. Great anxiety is felt for two bridges which span the river at this point. The Morrison street wagon bridge is liable to be swept away at any moment, and in case this bridge is carried down stream against the steel bridge of the Union Pacific railroad, the latter is almost certain to go out as the space between the bridge and the water is not sufficient to permit any large drift to pass under. The river at present is comparatively free from drift, it having been carried down before the water became so high. The associated Press reporter in order to file dispatches is compelled to wade through water three feet deep. A dispatch from Mc Minville, Or., states that the town of Wheatland is almost swept away, much stock drowned and a large amount of grain has been destroyed.

AROUND JACKSONVILLE.

JACKSONVILLE, Or., Special—A phenomenal rain storm has prevailed in Southern Oregon since Friday, which, in connection with the melting of the snow in the mountains, has caused the greatest flood known since the country was settled. The damage to Southern Oregon cannot be estimated as yet, for postal communication is so uncertain and limited that only surmises can be made of the ravages of the water on the line of the numerous tributaries of the Rogue river.

THE PEOPLE TERROR-STRICKEN.

Later reports from Burke indicate that no lives have been lost there. Mr. and Mrs. Wise, Jack Wait and wife were buried in the snow slide, but all were rescued with slight injury. At Custer mine, however, the disaster was worse than at first reported. Six men were killed outright. Among these were Jack Galbraith, foreman of the mine; Mike Flynn, cook, and Tom Mahoney, a young miner. Forty men are employed at the mine in two shifts, one shift was below and the other was eating dinner at the time of the avalanche. rushed upon the boarding house. Many other avalanches have occurred in the Cœur d'Alene district. Canyons are full of snow, rocks and great trees. The people of that whole section are terror-stricken and are not asleep to-night.

TWO MINERS KILLED.

HECLA, Mont., Special—Lyon City, a mining camp which lies at the base of Lyon mountain, has been completely buried by a snow slide. Two miners were killed and a large amount of property destroyed.

LAID TO REST.

Mourning Friends Assemble at the White House for the Funeral Services of Mrs. and Miss Tracy.

WASHINGTON, Special—The beautiful, historic east room of the executive mansion, the scene of so many varied spectacles of brilliant ceremony or social gayety, was to-day devoted to the sadly contrasted and solemnly impressive purpose of a funeral. Very seldom has any similar scene been witnessed at the White House, and never since 1865, when the remains of the lamented Lincoln reposed among the same surroundings. The services over the remains of the wife and daughter of the secretary of the navy were appointed for 11 o'clock, but long before that hour the east room was crowded with people desirous of paying their last tribute to their departed friends. It was a most distinguished gathering, and included everybody of prominence in Washington. It is estimated that there were nearly a thousand persons in the house. As far as possible admission was confined to the personal and official friends of Secretary Tracy and his family, and consequently very few strangers were present. The caskets containing the dead were placed side by side under the central chandelier and directly opposite the main corridor. They were distinguished only by the greater size of the one containing the body of Mrs. Tracy.

Dr. Douglas immediately began the Episcopal burial service, "I am the Resurrection and the Life." At its conclusion the choir sung the hymn "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." The Scripture lesson was read by Rev. Mr. Elliott. It began at the twentieth verse of the fifteenth chapter of First Corinthians: "But now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept. For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead." The choir then sang "Rock of ages, cleft for me." A prayer, read by Dr. Douglas, concluded the services. The president, with Secretary Tracy on his arm, first passed out of the room, and next to them came Frank Tracy, the son, who was so overcome that he had to be supported by two of the ushers. Following the procession came the choir, singing as a recessional hymn, "Abide with me, fast falls the evening tide; the darkness deepens; Lord with me abide." The bodies were removed to the hearses and the funeral procession was formed, the cortege moving slowly to Rock Creek cemetery, just beyond the soldiers' home, where the bodies were placed in a receiving vault to await Secretary Tracy's determination in regard to their permanent resting place. Secretary Tracy did not go to the cemetery, as it was feared the task might prove too much for his strength.

PAY A PREMIUM.

St. Paul People Buy the Stock of the Heckla Fire Insurance Company.

MADISON, Wis., Special Telegram.—The troubles which have been disrupting the Heckla Fire Insurance company of this city for the past two months culminated to-night in the practical sale of the Heckla's business to the St. Paul German Insurance company. All the details of the bargain were completed and all that is left to be done is the formalizing of the papers to-morrow and the ratification of the deal of the Heckla stockholders at a special meeting to be called for Feb. 13. The St. Paul company obligates itself to take, if it is offerred, the whole of the $300,000 of stock of the Heckla company, paying therefore $318,-000, or a premium of 6 per cent. The Heckla directors bind themselves to procure and turn over to the St. Paul company at least a majority of the Hecla stock, thus giving the purchaser full control over the Heckla affairs. The St. Paul company assumes every asset and liability of the Heckla company. The latter has now outstanding over $20,000,000 of risks, and its surplus at the end of January was $14,-000, while in December $15,000 in dividends were paid. It is the intention of the St. Paul company to reinsure all the Heckla risks outside of Wisconsin in the St. Paul company and to continue, for the present at least, the risks in this state in the Hecla company. Albert Scheffer, president of the St. Paul company, and W. C. Bredengagen, vice president of the company, made the deal for their corporation, which is only nine months old, but which to-day's purchase is expected to boom tremendously. The Rockford and various other companies made bids to reinsure the risks, but the Heckla preferred the clean-cut offer made by the St. Paul company. To-day's deal is a defeat for the faction of Heckla stockholders led by President Halle Steensland, and a victory for Vice President John A. Johnson.

CLEVELAND'S CHARACTER.

Testimony in the Ball-Post Libel Suit.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Special.—There was a large attendance in the supreme court this morning when the Ball-Post libel suit was again taken up before Judge Daniels, several ministers being present. The Rev. Dr. Ball continued his evidence. He was asked where he got his information leading him to characterize the Beaver Island club as a disreputable institution when respectable citizens were in the habit of taking their families there. The doctor replied that he got the opinion from certain remarks he had heard on a river steamer. Dr. Ball confessed that he visited a negress who had been janitress of the building in which Mr. Cleveland's office was located for the purpose of getting points about Mr. Cleveland. He said that what he had done was at the solicitation of ministers who wanted the information. The evidence then led up to the terrible tale, which, the witness said, was not written by him, but the facts of which he admitted were furnished by him. He gave the points to the editor who wrote the article. The letter written by Dr. Ball to Rev. Mr. Abbott, editor of the Christian Union, was read. In it Dr. Ball charged Mr. Cleveland with seduction, and also stated that while Mr. Cleveland and two other gentlemen were returning from down the river, all being drunk, one of them fell out of a carriage and was killed. There were other statements of a serious nature reflecting upon Mr. Cleveland's character. Dr. Ball said he learned later that Mr. Cleveland was not with the party at all, and had printed a statement in the public press to that effect.

ROAD TAXES IN CASH.

Wiconsin Agriculturists Show a Disposition to Try That Plan.

MADISON, Wis., Special Telegram.—At the farmers' convention Mr. Merrick of Madison created a spirited discussion by advocating the payment of road taxes in cash rather than permitting it to be worked by labor as now. Aaron Broughton of Brodhead fired a bombshell by stating that if the recommendation was carried out we could have Roman roads, but Roman taxation to pay for them. Farmers work their own roads and make them at a reasonable rate. He thought if swell villagers wanted good carriage roads in the country they should pay for them. Broughton's views were violently attacked by several speakers and the prevailing sentiment was plainly in favor of at least a partial cash system. F. E. Parson of Lake Mills contended in favor of an ideal horse, which must be lighter than the present draft horse and heavier than the trotter. Gen. A. C. Parkinson of Columbus presented an interesting paper from Minister John Hicks, descriptive of agriculture in Peru. To-night Gen. George E. Bryant of Madison lauded the Jersey and G. E. Gordon of Koshkonong the Guernsey, while Gov. Howard, H. C. Thom, Prof. W. A. Henry and others spoke on different phases of dairying.

In the Interest of Workingmen.

BERLIN, Special Emperor William in a rescript to Prince Bismarck refers to his desire to ameliorate the position of the workingmen. He desires that the ambassadors of France, England, Belgium and Switzerland shall be officially asked whether their governments are disposed to enter into a national agreement with Germany with a view to meeting the needs of workmen, as revealed in the recent strikes and labor disputes. When the principle of the emperor's proposal is accepted Prince Bismarck is empowered to invite all the nations interested to attend a labor conference. The emperor has issued an order to the minister of commerce directing him to take immediate steps toward the extension of the workingman's insurance and to institute an exhaustive inquiry into the trade laws affecting factory labor. However valuable, the emperor says, the present measures for improving the position of workingmen may be, they are by no means equal to the task he has undertaken of bettering their condition. In pursuance of this work, the staatsrath will assemble to consider preliminary questions, and a large number of experts have been summoned to give testimony. The conference will be presided over by the emperor in person.

Poking Fun at Battenberg.

LONDON, Special. The morning papers are carefully inspecting advertisements offered for insertion; that is, those of a personal nature. Some of them printed affecting appeals to "H. B." to return to his afflicted relatives, promising that if he displayed a contrite disposition "all would yet be well," the notices being signed "V. R." The obvious allusion to Henry of Battenberg and his imperial mother-in-law was too transparent to escape attention long, and the advertisements were hastily killed after they had afforded considerable amusement. Prince Henry, it is said, has vowed that he will never again visit Balmoral; never again wear kilts, and that he will speak to his brother Alexander in spite of all the queens in Christendom.

Wholesale Malpractice.

MALDEN, Mass., Special.—The chief of police to-day arrested Miss Dr. Ludgate of Boston, alias Miss Etta H. Harris, of Linden. The charge is keeping a lying in hospital without a license, but a warrant for a more serious crime will be sworn out. Armed with a warrant, Chief Richards, with City Physician Griffin, visited the house and took the alleged proprietor into custody. Five young women patients were found, all of them, according to the physician, recovering from malpractice. Two of them have confessed to operations performed by Miss Ludgate at her Boston office.

Convicted of Murder.

MANKATO, Special Telegram.—The jury has returned a verdict of guilty against William Lenz. The charge was murder in the first degree, for killing John Schwartz in Pleasant Mound last July. The verdict was a genuine surprise, as most people looked for acquittal or a disagreement.

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

MINNESOTA.

Wm. Rose, under sentence of death at New Ulm, died with the influenza.

Prospects are good for the erection of a $12,000 opera house at Luverne the coming season.

Morrison county will have a new court-house located at Little Falls, and costing $40,000.

"Jim" Hill, the railroad magnate, offers to donate $50,000 toward a public library in St. Paul.

Bruce, Rock county, is without a saloon, the last venture to establish one in that place having proven a failure.

The livery stable of P. Thereau, at St. Paul, containing eighteen head of horses, was consumed by fire. Loss, $6,000; fully insured.

At the Duluth land office during the month of January there were thirty-two cash, twenty-three homestead and twenty pre-emption entries.

Arrangements are being made to start up the Red Wing Wagon Company's works again and turn out at least 500 wagons this season, the stock on hand being disposed of.

Edith McNary, a 14-year-old girl residing near Red Wing, deliberately placed a revolver to her temple and pulled the trigger, dying almost instantly. No cause for the act is known.

Shaw-bosh-king, the oldest Mille Lacs chief, died at his home at the outlet of the lake with the grip. Several more are sick at the reservation. The chief's brother is down with it and is not expected to live.

William Brooker, who on the 24th of last November, at Pine City, so atrociously murdered William Coombs and wife, has been sentenced to be hanged April 30. He will be canfined in the Stillwater penitentiary until the day of his execution.

John Falen, an engineer on the Omaha road, while passing under a bridge near St. Paul, was struck by a falling beam and knocked from his engine. He fell under the train and was run over, his right leg being badly crushed.

A number of farmers living around Kenyon, together with the business men located there, having organized an association having for its object the holding of stock fairs at Kenyon at regular intervals for the sale of live stock of all kinds and especially of horses.

Martin Schmaudt and two workmen were horribly injured near Hutchinson by the bursting of the boiler of a threshing engine which they were using to run a saw mill. The accident was caused by the water being allowed to run low in the boiler. Schmaudt may die.

A horse belonging to S. D. Peterson of New Ulm, was killed in a very peculiar and unusual manner. Along with some other horses the animal was turned loose in the yard, and in frisking about was kicked by another in the forehead so that he fell to the ground in an instant dead.

Mrs. James McNeil, who shot her children at Cannon Lake a short time ago and then took carbolic acid is improving slowly. The baby, who was shot through both lungs, is also doing well, as is also the girl to whom she gave the carbolic acid. She was temporarily insane at the time of the tragic occurrence.

C. F. A Maas, a young German farmer residing near Mazeppa, loaded a sled with sacked flax for market and attempted to run it by hand a few rods from the granary, having hold of the tongue. The sled got the start of him, and, it being too icy to guide it, he was pushed by the load down an incline against a barbed wire fence with such force as to break several ribs, and, it is feared, injure him internally. His young wife is very low with consumption and not expected to live but a short time.

Hon. Gorham Powers, of Granite Falls, was appointed by Gov. Merriam to fill the judgeship of the Twelth judicial district, recently made vacant by the death of Judge John H. Brown. Mr. Powers is a native of Maine, and a brother of ex-Congressman Powers of that state. He graduated from the Albany Law School in 1865, and soon afterwards came to Minneapolis, where he studied law for two years with Wilson & McNair. After practicing his profession for several years, he removed to Granite Falls, where he has since resided.

Hon. D. J. Knox died at his farm, on Mille Lacs lake, after a short illness. His remains were immediately brought to his home at Aitkin. He was a member of the lower house of the legislature during the sessions of 1885 and 1887 from the Forty-sixth district, and would perhaps have received the Republican nomination for senator from the new district as divided by the apportionment bill adopted last session. The entire community is in mourning. He leaves a widow and young daughter, as well as an aged father and mother.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The farmers elevator at Mayville, it is said has handled one-half of the wheat shipped from there.

The Bismarck Tribune company has been sued for libel in the sum of $15,000 by County Commissioner Healy who was recently tried for multlating county records and acquitted.

George Elmslie of Webster, N. D., has been recommended as inspector of recorded indebtedness for the coming census. His appointment and that of H. P. Rucker of Grand Forks are expected in a few days.

The supervising architect of the treasury has recommended that a public building be erected at Grand Forks, to cost $125,000 if the United States court is located in that city and $10,000 if it is not. Senator Pierce hopes to get the appropriation.

Rain-in-the-Face, the noted Sioux chief, has made application to be put on the police force at Bismarck. Rain-in-the-Face gained most of his notoriety from boasting that it was by his hand that Gen. Custer met his death.

Christ Holbreck is a Ramsey county farmer whom failure of crops has not seriously affected. He raised little wheat last year, but he raised five colts and twelve or more calves, and made 500 pounds of cheese, and now has horses and calves to sell.

Mrs. Short, of Inkster, is one of the successful farmers of North Dakota. While her husband is railroading, she superintends the farm, including 19 head of stock. All the farmers of that locality envy her success in farming.

During the women's raid on the saloons of Hatton, Traill county, about two weeks ago, an old man named Peter Lomen, who was in one of the saloons at the time, was struck on the head with a hammer by one of the infuriated women and his skull fractured. He is expected to die from the effects of the blow.

The North Dakota legislature has passed a law setting the date for commencing the shooting of prairie chickens at October 15—the same date as in Minnesota. This prevents Minnesota sportsmen from having the best of the shooting in their own state and then going out into North Dakota at the commencement of the season there, as was formerly the case.

If the Northern Pacific railroad would haul a train load of lignite coal to Fargo, consisting of twenty cars, with fifteen tons of coal each—a total of 300 tons, for $1.25 a ton—say $375 for the train—the people in Fargo would for once in their lives get a very cheap fuel. That coal could be retailed in Fargo for $3 by the single ton, or $2.75 by the car-load delivered.—Pioneer, Mandan.

Attorney General Goodwin, of North Dakota, gives an opinion that "all persons having made any sales of intoxicating liquors since the adoption of the constitution or who do so hereafter, are liable to arrest and punishment therefor, and that the passage of the prohibition bill by the present legislature has no bearing whatever upon past or future offences, until it goes into effect, July 1st, 1890."

There has been a lively fight in the post-office department at Washington over the appointment of a postmaster at Sheldon. Kling and Allen are candidates. Representative Hansbrough recommended one and the friends of the other appealed to Senator Pierce. They could come to no agreement, and the postoffice department decided to send an inspector there to see who should be appointed, and upon his recommendation one of the men will be named. Senator Pierce says he wants it understood that the senators have nothing to do with fourth-class postmasters, and that it is a matter that representatives take charge of and make the recommendations.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The Spearfish flouring mill, which has been shut down for some time, has again started up.

South Dakota has thirty-six and North Dakota eight assemblies of the Knights of Labor.

Counterfeit 25-cent pieces are numerons in Deadwood, and it is thought that a private mint is in operation.

The dates for the state fair at Aberdeen have been fixed for September 15 to 19, a week earlier than last year.

All building improvements at Fort Pierre have been suspended, presumably on orders from Washington.

Applications for pensions and pension claims are rolling in upon Congressman Gifford from all parts of both Dakotas.

The Huronite says the Chicago and Northwestern will put down about ten artesian wells along its line in Dakota the coming season.

The appaintment of Col. A. B. Smedley, of Milbank, to the position of statistican of South Dakota has been recommended by Senators Pettigrew and Moody.

The case of Wades, the banker, on trial at Gary, has resulted in a verdict of not guilty. There was apparently no evidence against him.

A young man named Bennett, living near Emmett, Union county, was shot in the thigh by the accidental discharge of his gun and died of his injuries.

John Lastman and Ruth Lee, two full blooded Sioux Indians, were married in the Congregational church at Pierre. Both are Christianized and have fair educations.

The controversy between the Miller and York Neb., hook and ladder companies has resulted in the former challenging the latter to race for from $1,000 to $2,000 a side, with Yankton as the battle ground.

At Hill City, in a dispute over the cooking of a beefsteak, Louis Hughes was stabbed and fatally wounded by a man named Van Gilder. The men were "pardners" and occupied a cabin together. Van Gilder was arrested.

The assignment of the contractors of the soldiers' home at Hot Springs has not in any way interfered with the progress of building. The workmen are steadily employed and the work is being rapidly pushed.

The reports of the regents of the university of South Dakota shows a list of thirty-one professors, instructors and employes, with an aggregate salary of $27,690. The estimated expenses for 1890 is put at $40,-450.

A four and one-half inch artesian well furnishes power enough to run the Hitchcock roller mills, which have a capacity of forty-five barrels of flour per day, and to grind feed and propel a dynamo for lighting the mill with incandescent lamps.

The farmers of Hand county have requested the board of county commissioners to petition the legislature to secure the necessary seed wheat for that county by allowing the county to issue warrants instead of long standing, providing a market can be found for the warrants.

An action to recover $1,500 has been brought by the Yankton board of trade against G. A. Archer. The citizens of Yankton, through the board of trade, gave a bonus of the above amount as an inducement for the construction of a linseed oil mill, with the promise that the mill should be operated for five years. After running about two years the mill burned down, and as Archer has made no attempt to rebuild the mill action has been brought for non-fulfillment of contract.

WISCONSIN.

Ice is being shipped from Madison at the rate of 125 carloads per day. Men are engaged night and day in cutting.

The milk condensing factory at Monroe has a daily output of 4,000 pounds. Its full capacity is from 6,000 to 8,000 pounds.

Porter Hopple was killed at Chippewa City, five miles from Chippewa Falls, while unloading logs.

The grip has prostrated about two-thirds of the inhabitants of Oconto Falls. The first fatal case was that of a 13-year-old daughter of Louis Rusch.

John Andrews, of Minersville, says he was held up and relieved of $230, by a party of roughs while he was walking through Ellis Park, at Ashland.

A. S. Sullivan has been arrested at Ashland on the charge of forging the "mark" of an Indian woman to an order for money due for logs. He was held to trial in $5,000 bonds.

Ole Husit, register of deeds of Jackson County, died at Black River Falls on the 3d inst., aged 40 years. Death resulted from consumption, aggravated by la grippe.

A renewal of the fight between Frederick Weyerhaeuser and the Knapp, Stout & Co., may result over the proposed dam at Beef Slough.

Peter Schneeberger, of the town of Auburn, Fond du Lac county, mourns the death of three grown-up children within the past two weeks, aged 16, 22 and 26 respectively, all victims of malignant diphtheria.

A laborer named Cummings was pushing a car loaded with stone across a temporary trestle at Baraboo, when the structure gave way. Man and car fell thirty feet, but Cummings escaped uninjured.

Mrs. Mary Curry of Mineral Point, has secured back pension money amounting to $3,300 and a regular pension of $12 a month on account of her son Thomas' services in the union army.

The Stevens Point Grand Army Post has decided upon the design for a soldier's monument, and the contract has been let to Mitchell of Chicago, at a cost of $2,500, to be completed by the last of May.

John Hessler, the stranger found dying in a Fond du Lac barn, was an Odd Fellow from Monroe, Mich., and his body has been sent to that place. He left a train while insane and finally wandered to the barn.

Herman Fredericks, the young German who killed his girl because she would not marry him, and then attempted to take his own life, a short time ago, in the town of Settin, Marathon county, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to state prison for life.

During the past few months several rich veins of dry-bone and lead have been discovered near Potosi, and all of them are good paying mines. The prospects are so favorable that a company from Galena intend to put in smelting and zinc works at Potosi.

Current Literature, in a brief sketch of Miss Elizabeth Beall Ginty, daughter of Gen. Ginty, of Chippewa Falls, says the talented young lady is known both in London and New York as a clever writer of tales and essays. She is at present engaged on a novel which will be published in the spring.

It is thought, at Black Earth, that William Harris, who took a sailing vessel from New York for England, has gone to the bottom with the ship. The boat on which it is supposed he sailed is reported to have foundered at sea and gone down with all on board.

Johnnie McShane, the 13-year-old boy hurt at Janesville on the 26th inst., died the following day. The boy was riding a horse, which became frightened and threw him from the saddle. The little fellow's foot caught in the stirrup and he was dragged some distance. At every jump of the frightened horse the sharp-shod hoofs struck the boy in the side and abdomen, literally lay bare the heart and lungs. The boy lived eighteen hours after the accident occurred.

O. L. Carr, of Gettysburg, has a cow that for some time past, with no apparent reason, has been short in her accounts—that is in the quantity of milk she was supposed to furnish to the family. The gentleman suspected thieves, and determined to keep a watch. The other night he caught the depredator in the act. In the same stable with the cow was quartered a full-grown pig, and he discovered that the animal had been in the habit of appropriating the lion's share of the milk, apparently with the full sanction and consent of the cow.

IOWA.

Gay Long, a Keokuk Chinaman, is a happy father. His wife is a colored woman.

Harry Nye, a 14-year-old Primghar boy, broke his arm while throwing a snowball at another boy.

The contractors have filed a bond of $3,000 to complete one and a half miles of street railroad in Oskaloosa by August 1.

Mrs. Gus Boog, of Lincoln township, Pocahontas county, increased the population by three recently—two boys and a girl.

During the year 1890 there were 25,092 certificates granted to teachers in the state, 19,979 being to female teachers. The number of applicants rejected was 3,842.

S. F. Prouty, of Pella, has shipped over 1,200 carloads of walnut logs during the past five years to England and Germany, most of which he had gathered in this state.

In placing the clock in position in the government building at Keokuk, it was discovered that twenty-three feet of the tower are three inches of plumb.

Emma Myer, a Davenport girl 19 years of age, committed suicide in Kansas City while on a visit to relatives, by taking an overdose of morphine. Despondency over a quarrel with her lover was the cause.

Miss Rilla Walker, of Keosauqua, has mysteriously disappeared. Several weeks ago she left her home for Farmington, where she had been tendered a position in a millinery store. She has not been seen since.

A citizen of Warren county played a prohibition joke on some old topers and at the same time made a few shekels for himself. He filled some twenty-two bottles with tea and sold them for $1 each, the customers supposing them to be filled with whisky. A kicker gave the snap away.

W. E. Chapman, foreman in the McCosh iron works at Burlingson, while adjusting a belt was caught in the shafting and whirled around the rod halt a dozen times with frightful velocity. When rescued it was found that he had suffered a compound fracture of the left arm and several bad bruises. His escape from death is considered miraculous.

John Munko was granted a verdict of $3,050 against the city of Clinton from injuries received from falling into a vat of boiling water which had been left in the middle of a street. Last July a bleacher in the Lyons paper mill blew up, killing two men. Munko, at 12 o'clock the same night, visited the scene of the accident and fell into the vat from which the exhaust from the engine was turned.

Miss Schumann is a handsome Burlington girl, and up to Friday night possessed a head of beautiful golden hair. While on a shopping trip that evening she was seized on one of the principal streets by a strange man, who held her round the waist with one arm while he rapidly run a knife around her head, cutting off her hair as smooth as a barber could have done it. The thief then dissappeared and has not yet been apprehended.

Several years ago Jennie Nelson had trouble with her wealthy father, in the southern part of the state, and left her home, going to Mason City, where she changed her name to Mary Nelson, and went to work as a waiter girl in the Park Hotel. Recently her father died and willed her the bulk of his fortune, but without her knowledge. Recently a stranger, who was stopping at the hotel, recognized her and told her of her father's death and of the fact that she was an heiress. She returned to her home with the stranger.

Hessian, the Humboldt county man who swindled an insurance company out of considerable money a short time ago on a bogus fire loss, is again in trouble. His wife has brought suit against the Northwestern Railroad company for damages for injuries sustained in an accident on a railroad crossing. The company hopes to prove that Hessian conspired against the company to collect damages, and left a wagon on the crossing purposely while his wife sat on the edge of the cut to lend effect to the case. Judge Cook, for the company, says that they will furnish positive proof to this effect.

An ingenious burglar "worked" the "Ladies' Cottage" at Grinnell in broad daylight. He appeared at the door "dressed in his old suit of clothes," with a monkey wrench and a screwdriver in his hand and told the matron he had come to inspect the steam pipes and radiators. She admitted him and he went around the different rooms, tapping the radiators with his wrench, tightening up screws, etc. He reported everything O. K., and took his departure, and a short time afterward it was found a quantity of valuables were missing. The thief made good his escape.

Putting By the Odd Pennies.

A small Satsuma jar, that stands on the desk of a busy woman, receives the odd pennies, or what she calls "the unexpected money"—that found loose in pockets or bureau drawers. There will never be enough money in it to found a hospital, or to build a home for insane dogs, but there is always enough to send a posy to a sick friend, a paper to somebody way off where little reading matter can be gotton, or to buy a souvenir for a birthday. Once started and well managed, the box is like the widow's cruse—never empty. Do not count the contents except when you are taking stock with a purchase in view. Counting seems to break the spell. Pennies are gregarious—and where one goes another wants to follow. Let them form a community in the savings box and just see how they will gather—leaves in Vallambrosa will be nothing compared to them.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Tact.

In a little episode of village life we had lately another instance of feminine tact. Upon the conclusion of a marriage in a village church, the bridegroom signed his register with his x mark. The pretty young bride did the same; and then turning to a young lady who had known her as the best scholar in the school, whispered to her, while love and admiration shone in her eyes: "He is a dear good fellow, Miss, but he cannot write. He is going to learn from me, and I would not shame him for the world."

To be able to say the right thing at the right moment is a great art, and said only to be acquired by those who have a natural talent that way. When a careless talker, who was criticising a young lady's father severely, paused a moment to say, "I hope he is no relation of yours, Miss B.," quick as thought she replied with the utmost nonchalance: "Only a connection of mother's by marriage."—Chamber's Journal.

Called Out of Name.

Baffin's Bay is not a bay.

Turkish baths are unknown to the Turks.

Turkey rhubarb should be called Russian rhubarb, as it is a Russian monopoly.

Why are turkeys so called? They do not come from Turkey.

Slave means noble or illustrious.

Tit-mouse is a bird.

Sealing wax contains no wax.

Shrew-mouse is no mouse.

Rice paper is not made of rice or the rice plant.

Cat gut should be sheep gut.

Blind worms have eyes and can see.

Cleopatra's needle should be named after Thotmes III.

Irish stew is a dish unknown in Ireland.

Kid gloves are not made of kid, but of lamb skin and sheep skin.

German silver is not silver at all, nor of German origin, but has been used in China for centuries.

Dutch clocks are of German manufacture.

An Unpleasant Companion.

Travelers sometimes have strange bed fellows. A first class passenger, by a slow passenger train running between Howrah and Assenole, was disagreeably surprised to find, on waking from a sound sleep, that something cold had come in contact with his hand. On looking at the hand, what was his horror to find that underneath it was a cobra. As the snake was asleep and had not coiled itself around the hand, the gentleman sprang up and managed to evade its bite. How it got into the carriage is one of those mysteries no one can unravel. It may have effected an entrance while the carriage was on the siding at Howrah, and quietly ensconced itself behind the cushions of the carriage seat.—Indian Paper.

Christianity and Civilization.

Show me a spot on this planet ten miles square where a decent man can live in decency and comfort and comfort and security, supporting and educating his children unspoiled and unpolluted, where manhood is respected, woman honored, and human life held in due regard, and when skeptics can find such a place where the gospel of Christ has not first gone and cleared the way, and laid foundations, and made decency and security possible, and then it will be in order for the skeptical literati to move thither and there ventilate their views.—James Russel Lowell.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

What our National Lawmakers Have Been Doing the Past Week.

SENATE.

Senator Stockbridge introduced a bill in the senate appropriating $50,000 for making a survey for a ship canal from Lake Superior to Lake Michigan. It provides for the survey to be made from Little Bay De Noc north to Lake Superior. This is preliminary to cutting a canal from one lake to the other should the plan prove feasible after an investigation by the government Engineers. The distance is about forty miles, and the country is low and flat.

HOUSE.

Action was taken which the representatives from Idaho and Wyoming say is as good as a promise on the part of the majority party that the bills admitting those two territories as states will receive their votes.

A Republican house caucus was held to consider the new code of rules, which was completed by the committee on rules. Each member present was furnished, in confidence, a copy of the new code. Mr. McKinley then took the floor and proceeded to explain in detail the scope and purpose of each of the rules. The reading of the new code consumed a great deal of time.

SENATE.

There was not much legislation in the Senate or House of interest to the Northwest. Senator Davis introduced a large lot of private pension bills and a petition asking for a law prohibiting gambling in farm products. Senator Casey introduced an immense petition from the citizens of North Dakota asking an appropriation for developing irrigation from any and every available source in that state.

Senator Washburn, from the committee on commerce, reported adversely the bill for a high bridge across the Detroit river at Detroit. The committee were unanimous in the report, although some of the members were at first inclined to approve it. The feeling in the committee is that no bridges shall be built that will in the least impede navigation until it has been demonstrated that tunneling the river is impracticable.

HOUSE.

In the House, Mr. Hall introduced a bill to authorize the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern Railroad Company to build a bridge across the Mississippi river near Red Wing. Mr. Combstock introduced a bill asking an appropriation of $10,000 for surveying the Red River of the North above Fergus Falls with a view to ascertaining the cost of building locks and dams to retain the spring floods in the lakes.

SENATE.

The senate committee on Pacific railroads continued consideration of the Pacific railroad funding bill. The committee will meet again on Friday next, when it was understood the bill will be completed.

HOUSE.

In the House the speaker announced that the journal clerk had been busy preparing the new code of rules, and that the journal was not ready. The usual contest over the approval of the journal, therefore, did not take place. After the passage of several bills, the bill appropriating $25,000 to erect a statue to Maj.-Gen. Henry Knot, at Thomaston, Me., was reported and debated at some length, some members taking the ground that the Uited States should not erect statues except in the District of Columbia. Pending action on the bill the House adjourned.

SENATE.

The Senate committee on territories ordered a favorable report on the bill for admission of Idaho into the union. The bill is reported substantially as introduced. A favorable report was ordered also on the bill approving, with amendments, the funding act of Arizona.

Among the bills introduced were these: By Mr. Platt—To prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor in the District of Columbia. By Mr. Wilson, of Iowa—Providing that in cases before the court of claims, involving a sum less than $3,000, where the decision will affect a class of cases or serve as a precedent, an appeal may be allowed to the supreme court without regard to the amount involved: also a bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Muscatine, Iowa.

HOUSE.

The House committee on Indian affairs heard arguments on the Senate resolution providing for the removal of the Apache Indian prisoners of war from Mt. Vernon Barracks to Fort Sill reservation in the Indian territory.

SENATE.

Senator Allen reported favorably his bills for two additional land districts in Washington from the committtee on public lands.

Senator Squire introduced a bill providing for a federal survey of the proposed Lake Washington and the Puget Sound ship canal.

HOUSE.

Mr. Wickham of Ohio introduced in the house for reference a bill providing that the representatives elected to the fifty-second congress shall be returned from the same districts as similar representatives elected to the fifty-first congress.

The senate committee on territories has directed Chairman Platt to favorably report the bill for the admission of Idaho as a state, and it will be reported to the senate on Wednesday.

Railway Postal Clerks,

No position in the postal department is more eagerly sought after by young men than that of postal clerk or route agent in the railway mail department. It is sometimes a hard position to secure, and very few kinds of employment are more easily lost. Some young men appear to imagine that it is a soft snap to "work the mail" on a postal route, but those who get in, and especially those who are assigned to duty on a long route where large quantities of mail are to be handled, soon learn, that they have struck a job that requires hard work and close application. More than one-half of those who secure appointments in this branch of the service drop out during the first. The larger number of the clerks are required to be on the route but half of the time, some of them less, but in order to become efficient it is necessary to study almost constantly, and part of each interval between runs must be spent in getting ready for the next trip. A postal clerk must at all times be ready for the inspector whose duty it is to examine a clerk at any time without giving a moment's notice, and if he falls below a certain percentage twice in succession his resignation is requested.—Postal Clerk in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Warming Ghosts in China.

In case the family is to poor to own a burial mound, or to stand the expenses of the funeral, the coffin is kept in the house until they can raise enough money to put it under the ground in good style, writes Frank G. Carpenter. A tutor employed at the American legation in Peking has had the coffin containing his father's body in the house for the last two years, and he has not yet been able to raise enough money to bury it. Before he picks out a burial spot he will, like all Chinamen, get a fortune teller to choose a lucky place for him, and he will go periodically to the grave and burn some paper money over it and some suits of paper clothes to keep the spirit of his father warm, and will place some food before it that his father may have a ghostly feast during the night.

Up a Stump.

The governor of Rhode Island found that Charles Paul had been convicted of a robbery of which he was innocent, and had served two years on a term which he should never cave had. He, therefore, pardoned him, and inside of ten days he discovered that Charles ought to have got three other sentences for three other robberies he actually did commit. A jury seldom puts an innocent man in a hole.—Detroit Free Press.

A horrible murder has just come to light at Edmond, a small town near Guthrie, I. T. The decomposed body of Edward Grant was found buried only a foot deep in a manure pile at the rear of his stable. A deep fracture of the skull, as if made by a blunt instrument, told the manner of his death. A hatchet, the blunt end covered with bloody hair, was found buried with the body. Grant disappeared three weeks ago and since then Edward Belden and Charles and Mrs. Hawley have occupied his cabin and claim, Belden claiming to have bought the claim for $400. All three were arrested.

DEATH IN A TREE TOP.

Dumb Evidence of a Pitiful Tragedy in the Mendocino Redwoods.

W. S. Mills and Henry Eckhart, of Colusa county, who recently returned from a camping hut among the coast mountains of Mendocino, tell of a remarkable find among the great redwood forests of that part of the state, a story which, for thrilling, weird, woodland tragedy, excels.

In the northwestern part of the county, late one afternoon, just before sunset, while the hunters were making their way to camp, they noticed the rays of the sun in the tree tops of a dense grove fell on and lighted up a white object high up among the branches of a large madrona tree.

Approaching the foot of the tree for the purpose of getting a nearer view of the white object, they were astonished to find, lying on the ground at the foot of the tree, the remains of an old Kentucky rifle barrel, with part of a much decayed stock still clinging to it.

The barrel and lock were covered with rust, indicating it had lain for years in its position. While they were examining the ancient gun, and looking for further evidennce around the foot of the tree, the sun had so far declined as to throw the white object in the branches in a deep shade, making it impossible to make out what it was.

As it was somewhat difficult to climb the tree, they concluded to return in the morning and make further investigation, marking it by placing two poles and fallen limbs against the trunk, they returned to camp.

Next morning they returned to the tree, and in the bright morning light had no difficulty in making out the white object to be the skeleton of a human being. Mills climbed to the tree and found the skeleton to be that of quite a large man, resting across two large limbs, and tied near the thigh bones to the same.

There was not a particle of flesh on the bones, and but few dangling rags. Near the skeleton, and lying across one of the limbs, was the frayed remains of an old coat.

Throwing the coat to the ground Mills descended, it having been decided to leave the bones where they lay in the tree, rather than throw them to the ground to be scattered by wild animals.

There was nothing to indicate how the man had met his death, or why his gun should be on the ground and his skeleton on the tree.

They conjectured that the hunter might have been chased by a bear and had climbed the tree, and had accidently dropped his gun, which, striking the ground, had exploded and wounded the man mortally, that ere he died he had tied himself to the limbs of the tree to prevent the animals from destroying his body. This, they thought, would account for the broken stock of the gun.

A search was then made in the remains of the old coat, which was molded and matted together in a mass.

An old moldy notebook was found. In the book was pencil writing, which was still legible in places, though the leaves were moldy and much injured by long exposure to the weather. On the first page there was part of a name ending with the letters—ngton; all the balance of the name was obliterated by mold and stain.

There was writing on the next two or three pages, but it could not be deciphered. The next few pages were comparatively clean and the writing perfectly eligible. It was a record of his last days in the tree, and read:

He is gone again, but she sits at the foot of the tree. * * * How long will this last. For three days I have kept up in this tree and I am dying with hunger and thirst. One of the bears always remains, while the other goes away for hours. * * * Will they never leave the tree? Shall I die here, and then fall to be eaten by them? * * * If I only had my rifle again or a drink of water. I have eaten nothing but the leaves of the trees and they are so bitter. * * * The sun is nearly down and the male bear has returned. They will both remain all night. * * * It's morning again. I thought I was eating in the slight dreams last night. No; I am dying of hunger and thirst, I am growing weaker. * * * I have wept until there are no more tears. I found myself trying to get out of the tree last night, but the bears growled and I came to my senses. * * * The bears are under the tree. The ground is covered with them. There are hundreds of them. I have been eating leaves and do not feel hungry now. I think I'll get out of this yet if all those bears will go away. * * * The sun is going down again. I won't write any more.

The following was probably written the same day or it might have been written the following day; he writes his last few lines, and they are incoherent:

I had hard work to get the book out of my coat. I have tied coat over limb; tied my legs to limb with suspenders, * * * wont write any more soon, as it will be two weeks to-morrow——

Tilly—last night Tilly was here—She here all time now—as I will be too weak in the morning—last night she—Tilly—so are the bears. So many—find me—find me—only—to think—where are they—I will put—put—put the book in pocket good night I'll not be gone—love—Tilly——

Here ended the writing, of which the above is a correct copy. There were no dates to the pages, and nothing to indicate that the writing might not have been done the same day and at the same time.

The writer retained the writing for some weeks before he gave it for publication, seriously doubting its authenticity.—San Francisco Examiner.

A Great Country,

"You would be surprised," said a Scotchman who has indentified himself with the manufacturing interests of the United States, "to hear the people in the old country talk about locations and distances over here. A good deal has been written and printed about their queer ideas, but nothing can adequately describe the ignorance that prevails regarding this country. When the Charleston earthquake occurred I was located in Boston, and by next post from abroad I received a letter from my wife, who was in Glasgow, written in extreme anxiety, and expressing the hope that I had not sustained any serious injury. She had more than half a dozen notions, however, that I had been crushed, and so I cabled her to relieve her mind. I know a lot of such cases. You see the longest railroad trip you can make in the United Kingdom is about 600 miles, and they cannot realize that there is a land where one can ride continuously in one direction for a week or more. When a local Liverpool man starts up to London, a five hour's ride, his friends come to the depot to see him off, and make a great ado about his journey. He is provided with baskets of lunch and all that sort of thing, while an American in the next compartment has only had a comfortable smoke and read his paper when he reaches his destination."—Chicago Mail.



"Tell me," the teacher, smiling, said,
"The name of names most dear."
And she glanced at each thoughtful little face
As she waited the answer to hear.
But startled was she when a hand was raised,
And a face between smiles and tears
Was turned to her and in eager tone,
A little maid's answer—all her own—
Was lisped: "Please, Miss, Dr. Pierce."

The teacher laughed heartily as she told her friends, but when she discovered that the little one's mother had for years been a sufferer from disease peculiar to her sex, and had been cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she felt like hugging the little darling whose answer thus spoke her love for her mother.

Thousands of women bless the day when Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was first brought to their attention.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only remedy for woman's peculiar weaknesses and delicate ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Certificate of guarantee printed on its wrapper, and faithfully carried out by the proprietors for many years.

As an invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon; being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms, commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

A Book of 160 pages, on Woman: Her Diseases and their Self-cure, mailed (*sealed in plain envelope*) on receipt of ten cents, in stamps.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS: PURELY VEGETABLE and PERFECTLY HARMLESS. Unequaled as a LIVER PILL. Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to take. One tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a dose. Cures Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. 25 cents a vial, by druggists.

OUR FIELD, FLOWER AND GARDEN **SEEDS** ARE THE VERY BEST. Handsomely Illustrated CATALOGUE FREE. If you mention this paper and address DE COU & CO., St. Paul, Minn.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

PUBLISHERS!

DO YOU USE STEREOTYPE PLATES?

IF SO WHY NOT USE THE BEST?



An All Metal, Type High Plate, Weighing 18 Pounds to the Page of Six Columns, When Ready to Lock up for the Press,

Requiring no bases, a perfect plate in itself, is certainly the best plate ever offered to publishers.

The Northwestern Newspaper Union, after Feb. 1st. 1890, will furnish these plates to publishers at regular prices. The service will consist of Serial Stories, Short Stories, Miscellany, Wit and Humor, Farm and Garden, News Summaries, Paragraph, Illustrated, &c., &c. Every department will be first class and the best that can be obtained. Write for particulars.

NORTHWESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

NEW TOMATO SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN **SEEDS**



Are the BEST for all soils and climes, producing everywhere Early Vegetables, Beautiful Flowers, and large Farm Crops. 35 packages Earliest Vegetable Seed—sufficient for a family—postpaid—$1.00. 33 packages Choice Flower Seed, $1. 1 pkge. La Crosse Seedling Tomato (new) 20c. 100,000 ROSES and PLANTS. Send for Free Catalogue; contains everything for lawn, garden and farm. JOHN A. SALZER La Crosse, Wis.

THE BEST SEEDS are those put up by D. M. FERRY & CO. Who are the largest Seedsmen in the world. D. M. Ferry & Co's Illustrated, Descriptive and Priced SEED ANNUAL for 1890 will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last season's customers. It is better than ever. Every person using *Garden, Flower or Field Seeds* should send for it. Address D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT, MICH.

A SERIOUS MISTAKE.

Much mischief is done in the treatment of constipation. The common opinion is that all requirements are fulfilled if the medicine forces unloading of the bowels. A great error. Medicine simply purgative, corrects no morbid condition, consequently their use is followed by greater costiveness. A remedy, to be effectual and permanent, must be composed of tonic, alterative, corrective and carthartic properties. These are admirably combined in Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills. They will, in a short time, cure all the sufferings that result from inactive bowels. They give tone to the intestines, stimulate the secretions, and correct imperfect functional action of the stomach and liver.

Tutt's Liver Pills NEVER DISAPPOINT.
Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT.

Specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses, and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six for $5, sent by mail prepaid. With each order for six boxes, will send purchaser guarantee to refund money if the treatment fails to cure. Guarantees issued and genuine sold only by HIPPLER & COLLIER, The open all night Drug Store, Cor 7th & Sibley, St. Paul Minn.

You will Save Money, Time, Pain, Trouble, AND WILL CURE CATARRH By Using ELY'S Cream Balm



A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

THIS IS THE GREAT "OHIO" TUBULAR WELL AND PROSPECTING MACHINE famous for succeeding where others have failed. SELF CLEANING. Drill drops 60 to 90 times a minute. CATALOGUE FREE. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO. Write us what work you wish to do with a well machine. ALL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.



ON TRIAL.—The MISSOURI AND KANSAS FARMER will be sent on trial four months to any address in United States, Canadas or Mexico, for ten cents in silver or stamps. Address "M. & K. FARMER," Box B, Kansas City, Mo.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS AND PLANTS They are the best, hardiest, most productive and yield largest crops. FREE Beautiful catalogue with 500 illustrations mailed to any address upon application. 6 packets choice flower seeds, 10 cents. Pansies, Balsams, Asters, Sweet Peas, Phloxes, Poppies, etc., a specialty. L. L. MAY & CO., Florists and Seedsmen, ST. PAUL, MINN.

It will be to your advantage when writing advertisers to say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

N. W. N. U. 1890 No. 7.

Long Men and their Heads.

At the recent meeting of the congress of German men of science and physicians at Heidelberg, Herr O. Ammon submitted to the Anthropological section some interesting results of observations he had made in Baden. These observations related to 5,000 soldiers. The tall men had generally long skulls, or skulls of medium length, whereas the short men had round skulls. Most of the round skulled men came from the Black Forest; the long skulled usually belonged to the valley of the Rhine, and were especially numerous in towns and in the neighborhood of the castles of ancient families.

From this fact Herr Ammon concluded that the round skulled men had been the original inhabitants of the Rhine valley, that they had been driven from it by long skulled invaders, and that the latter had established themselves near the settlement of their victorious leader. Having shown that there is a certain relation between the height of the figure and the shape of the skull, Herr Ammon went on to indicate the relation between fair hair and blue eyes. No fewer than 80 per cent. of the men with blue eyes had fair hair. He found also that physical growth is generally quicker in the case of the brown eyed than in that of the blue eyed type.—Nature.

Days of Iron-Clads Numbered.

We confess to an uncomfortable presentiment that the days of our iron-clad fleet are numbered. The other day we reported the success of a French submarine torpedo boat, and to-day there comes from Cadiz a brief telegram announcing the complete success of the Peral submarine vessel. This craft can keep up a speed of six knots an hour forty feet below the surface for forty minutes at a time. She steers well and is perfectly under command. A few more experiments, and we shall no more put to sea in a floating fortress than we should face the shell fire of modern artillery with the old wooden three-decker.—Pall Mall Gazette.

New Cash Store!

Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!

We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.

We will Sell for Cash and Defy Competition

H. McGINN.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. **36 Front St.**

Wall Paper.

ALMOST

GIVEN AWAY!

UNTIL MY PRESENT STOCK IS REDUCED

I will sell wall paper at the following reduced prices

For Cash!

75 Cent Embossed Gilt Paper at -	40 Cents
50 Cent Best Plain Gilt Paper at -	30 Cents
40 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	25 Cents
35 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	20 Cents
25 Cent Plain Gilt Paper at - -	15 Cents
20 Cent Best White Back Paper at -	12 Cents
15 Cent Brown Back Paper at - -	8 Cents

All BORDERS

Proportionately as Cheap.

If you are too poor too buy at the above prices come in and I will give you some. Very Truly Yours,

WM. HACK.

BRAINERD

Brewing Co.

Patronize Home Industry.

PURE LAGER BEER,

Always on hand. Orders promptly filled, and free delivery to and part of the city.

JOS. KERNER,
FRANK STUMPF,
Proprietors.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER,

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND, **82 LAUREL STREET.**

DRUGS! DRUGS!

JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS

Front Street, Corner 7th.

Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.

Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, Etc.

Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paint, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, &c. &c.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office, at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

Trains Arrive from the South:
No. 5 at 1:20 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 11 at 5:30 p. m., " " "

Trains Depart Going South:
No. 6 at 1:20 p. m., daily except Sunday.
No. 12 at 7:00 a. m., " " "

Trains Arrive from the West:
No. 6 at 12:50 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 8 at 1:20 p. m., daily.
" 10 at 3:15 a. m., daily.

Trains Depart Going West:
No. 5 at 1:45 p. m., daily except Sunday.
" 7 at 8:10 p. m., daily.
" 9 at 12:10 p. m., daily.

Trains Arrive from the East:
No. 7 at 7:50 p. m., daily.
" 9 at 11:30 p. m., daily.

Trains Depart Going East:
No. 8 at 1:40 p. m., daily.
" 10 at 3:15 a. m., daily.

No. 5 goes west to Fargo.
No. 7 goes west to Stapees, and connects there with No. 1 for the Pacific coast.
No. 8 connects at Staples with No. 2.
No. 9 is a midnight train, and connects at Staples with No. 3 for Wadena and stations on the Fergus Falls branch, and for Winnipeg Junction and stations on the Duluth & Manitoba line.
No. 11 is a Morris accommodation train coming from the Little Falls & Dakota branch.
No. 12 is an accommodation train, and runs to Little Falls and points on the Little Falls & Dakota branch.
Nos. 11 and 12 connect at Little Falls with way freights No. 17 and 18 on St. Paul division.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

No. 19 arrives from Duluth at 6:35 p. m., and goes west to Staples at 7:30 p. m.
No. 20 arrives from Staples at 8:45 a. m., and goes east to Duluth at 9:15 a. m.
No. 21 arrives from Duluth at 2:00 a. m., and goes west to Stap es at 2:00 a. m.
No. 22 arrives from Staples 9:45 p. m., and goes east to Duluth at 11:30 p. m.
No. 29 goes west to Wadena at 7:00 a. m.
No. 30 arrives from Wadena at 6:00 p. m.

These freight trains are permitted to carry passengers, but are not to be relied upon for regularity of movement, as they are liable to be abandoned without notice.

Local News Notes.

Harry Gross is in the city.

W. D. McKay has gone to Ottawa, Canada.

C. D. Johnson has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

Ed. Mahan, formerly of this city, has gone to the Pacific coast.

A. L. Hoffman was in Aitkin Wednesday looking up real estate matters.

Wm. Bredfelt has been enjoying a visit from his father, H. Bredfelt, of Milwaukee, this week.

It is quite generally understood that the Northern Pacific will soon run No.'s 3 and 4 around by Brainerd again.

The Aitkin people are anxious to get the Weyerhauser syndicate to locate in that place and will make the concern some inducement.

Alfred Bacon, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Bacon, of southeast Brainerd, died on Sunday. The child was one year and four months old.

F. G. Sundberg has been in Minneapolis this week representing the Brainerd members of the Security Building Association at their annual meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Campen were surprised by their friends Tuesday evening at their home on Fourth street north. A very pleasant time is reported.

Drs. Camp and Courtney were St. Paul visitors on Friday and Saturday and had the privilege of attending several surgical operations during their stay.

The morning subject at the First Congregational church will be "Reasons why more do not join the church." A sermon for children in the evening.

Walter Miller, who formerly resided in this city, has removed to Battle Creek, Mich. For the past two years Mr. Miller has been engaged with his father in the lumber business up the Mississippi near the old Mission.

The delinquencies of taxes upon real estate in Crow Wing and Cass counties for the year 1888 will be published in this paper next week.—The list is somewhat longer than last year, reaching 2,000 descriptions.

The Third Regiment Band and Co. K., M. N. G., were inspected at the Armory last evening by Col. J. C. Danahower, of St. Paul. A reception and banquet was tendered the gentleman at the Arlington after the exercises.

J. Q. Mathews superintendent of the Sunday school has secured an orchestra of six or seven instruments to play in the Sunday school. This will be a very attractive feature of the Sunday school, and we hope many will take advantage of it.

On Monday the remains of Charles G. Hopkins, a lumberman killed in the woods north of Brainerd, were were brought to this city and the body prepared for burial and sent to his former home at Stillwater. The accident happened by the falling of a tree.

H. A. Hatch of Brainerd is here in the interest of the Children's Endowment Society of Minneapolis and will remain until Monday. Mr. Hatch was feeling good-natured yesterday afternoon, having just received the prize of $10 for sending in the largest list during the month of January.—Motley Register.

Wanted Agents, District and Special to represent the Old National Life Insurance Company of Montpelier, Vt. Liberal terms. Life option and cash values are popular features of this Company and easy to work. Address Wm. H. Murphy, General Agent 19 and 20 Chambers of Commerce St. Paul, or 412 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Joseph Bullis, a son of Mrs. P. D. Davenport, arrived in the city this week from San Francisco. Mr. Bullis is in the employ of the United States government and was on board the flag ship Trenton which went down in the Samoa disaster last spring, which will be remembered by all our readers. He will remain in the city a couple of months.

Frank Elvidge, an old time Brainerdite, is in the city.

This is Valentine's day, a fact which many are undoubtedly aware of before this.

At the Danish-Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Tenth and Oak Sts., a basket festival will be held on Saturday evening, Feb. 22nd. Music and general good time will be indulged in. All are invited.

The Germania Maennerchor masquerade ball which takes place this evening at the Armory will be one of the events of the season. Every detail has been completed and those who attend can depend on an evening of rare enjoyment. If you have not provided yourself with a ticket do so at once.

Dr. J. R. Howes, accompanied by J. H. Koop, left this afternoon for the Mille Lacs reservation to investigate and report as to the suffering from want and disease of that tribe. It is understood that the grip is getting in some deadly work among their numbers. If the case is anything like reported Dr. Howes will make another trip next week, after having reported to the Indian department.

The matter regarding the funds of the school board has been satisfactorily settled as far as Treasurer Lagerquist and his bondsmen are concerned, he having given them notes and security to cover the entire amount which was swallowed up by the Lumberman's Exchange Bank failure. The financial blow is a heavy one for Mr. Lagerquist to bear, as he is a man of moderate means and has worked very hard for a living. He has many friends in all parts of the city who think it is unjust for him to lose this amount and who are anxious to help him out of his trouble, and it is quite probable that some means will be devised to do so.

Every Detail Arranged.

The Smith Costume Co., of Minneapolis, have arranged to send an elegant line of costumes to Brainerd in time for the Chenquatana masquerade. They will probably reach here Saturday and will be on exhibition at Mrs Grandelmyer's. This company have furnished costumes for a number of the nice masquerades and fancy dress balls in St. Paul and Minneapolls during the past season and pride themselves on having the neatest lot of costumes to choose from that have been in Brainerd for some time. The club members have been working hard to arrange all the details of the party and those who miss it will miss one of the most delightful events of the season. All who attend will be required to present their invitation card at the door. The ladies' and gents' cloak rooms will be so arranged that the maskers will have no difficulty in disposing of their wraps and arranging their costumes. The orchestra will furnish music for a number of promenades between the dances prior to the unmasking, giving all maskers an opportunity for merriment and revelry. It is hoped that all who participate will vary from the usual late hour of arrival and be on hand promptly at 9:15.

A New Departure.

A DISPATCH scribe dropped into D. M. Clark & Co.'s this morning and found the rear part of the store undergoing several changes. New shelving is being put up and wherever an inch of space can be made it is being taken advantage of. Mr. Clark's explanation was that during his recent trip to Chicago he had laid in an elegant line of new goods which were arriving daily and he was arranging to take care of them as fast as they came. The new line consists of trunks, valises and grips and the stocks will be as complete as in any St. Paul retail establishment. Besides this an elegant line of double and single harness, the best the market affords, was also being made room for. Their stock of oil cloths, in three sizes and in all the latest designs, is already in and are certainly of the finest ever exhibited in the city, and also a complete line of door mats.

Lenten Services.

Wednesday next being Ash Wednesday services will be held in St. Paul's church at 10:30 A. M.

During the Lenten season the order of servies will be as follows:

On Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Holy Communion; 10:30 A. M. morning service and sermon; 7 P. M. evening service and sermon.

On Tuesdays and Thursdays service and address at 7:30 P. M.

On Wednesdays and Fridays, service and practical talk at 4:30 P. M.

Confirmation, Friday March 21st, at 7:30 P. M.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Mortuary Record.

Mrs. Belle Bubar, wife of Ellis Bubar, died on Sunday last, Feb. 9th, of consumption at the age of 31 years. The funeral was conducted from the Episcopal church.

Enoch Johnson died very suddenly on Sunday morning of heart disease. Deceased was 26 years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

Augusta Peterson, wife of John Peterson, died on Monday morning, Feb. 10th, of consumption, aged 30 years. The deceased had been in ill health for some years. The funeral was conducted by Rev. J. G. Hultkrans on Tuesday.

Attention Knights.

White Cross Lodge No. 30 K. of P. will convene in special session at the Castle Hall, on Sunday, Feb. 16th at 10 A. M. to hold memorial services in honor of our deceased brother, Justus H. Rathbone, Past Supreme Chancellor and founder of the order. All Knights are earnestly requested to be present.

F. W. WIELAND, C. C.

A Card of Thanks.

I desire to extend my heartfelt thanks to those who so kindly assisted at the sickness and death of my wife. Especially to the Iron Moulders who showed their respect.

JOHN PETERSON.

WILL THEY DO IT?

How Gilbert Lake May Be Used for Log Storage.

BRAINERD, Feb. 12.—Wm. Long, of Stillwater, representing the Weyerhauser Lumber Syndicate, is here again to investigate further the matter of location of the syndicate's mill or mills at this place. It seems that the Aherns Bros., owners of lands on Gilbert Lake, made such representations as to turn the flowage of the dam into that lake for a log storage, as to induce investigation. Mr. Long came here last week and made a partial examination and returned yesterday to run a line of levels from the dam flowage over to the lake level.—He is non-committal as to results.—Such use of Gilbert lake would dispense with the necessity of acquiring the Mississippi Water & Boom Company's property.—Minneapolis Journal.

Mr. Ahrens intervied as to the above states that some talk has been indulged in as to the feasibility of the scheme, and while something may come of it it will not interfere with the original arrangements. If it should amount to anything Mr. Ahrens thinks it would be of vast importance to this part of the city as mills would be built on the opposite side of the river just above the old ferry or in that vicinity.

Proceedings of the Board of Education.

High School Building, Feb. 6th, 1890.

All members present except Trustee A. M. Wallace. The minutes of the regular meeting Jan. 2d, and special meetings Jan. 18th and 28th were read and approved as read.—Moved and seconded that the resignation of Mrs. F. E. Davenport be accepted. Motion carried.

On motion seconded and duly carried the purchasing committee was authorized to purchase text books, etc., as per requisition of Supt. J. A. Wilson.

Moved and seconded that the communication from St. Paul Book & Stationery Co. be put on file and an order drawn to pay for books ordered.

On motion seconded and properly carried the Secretary was authorized to draw an order for $111.11 in favor of Supt. J. A. Wilson for salary for January.

On motion seconded and duly carried the following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Brainerd Tribune, printing..	$ 1 40
Nels Halstrom, sawing wood.	4 20
Geo. Keough, 49¾ cords wood,	124 38
Van Antwerp, Bragg & Co., text books.....	2 57
Brainerd Water Co., rent....	52 50
W. J. & H. D. Powers, stove drum, etc,.....	9 70

Moved and seconded that the salary of M. Mahlum, janitor in high school building, be raised to $45 per month. Motion carried.

On motion properly carried, the board proceeded to elect teacher to fill vacancy in Third Ward. Mr. H. E. Stedman and Miss Towers were nominated.

Moved, seconded and carried to vote by ballot. Mr. Horace E. Stedman was declared elected at a salary of $55 per month.

On motion duly carried, O. Lawson was given permission to mix in not to exceed twenty-four cords of birch and ash in his contract for 250 cords of green wood.

Bids of the city papers for publishing the minutes of all meetings of the school board were opened and read. The bids all being the same, 75 cents per folio, it was moved, seconded and carried to proceed to vote by ballot to which of the three city papers the contract should be given, with the following result:

First ballot—Dispatch, 3; Tribune, 3; Journal, 3.

Second ballot—Dispatch, 3; Tribune, 2; Journal, 4.

Third ballot—Dispatch, 5; Journal, 4.

Moved and seconded that the Dispatch having received the majority of votes the Secretary be instructed to notify the publishers of that paper that their bid had been accepted.—Motion carried.

Moved and seconded to instruct the committee appointed Nov. 16th, consisting of J. W. Willis, H. Theviot and J. Cullen, to call a meeting of the treasurer and bondsmen and be authorized to accept four notes for the amount now in the hands of the treasurer, running three, six, nine and twelve months, each note bearing three months interest, and in case satisfactory arrangements could not be made to commence proceedings. Motion carried.

Moved and carried to adjourn.

ATTEST.

H. THEVIOT, Clerk.

Examination of Teachers.

An examination of teachers for the schools of Crow Wing and Cass counties will be held in the Court House in Brainerd on Tuesday, February 18th, 1890. All persons expecting to teach and not yet provided with certificates, will please be present.

GEO. H. DAVIS, Co. Supt.

Wanted.

A man and wife at Fenn Cottage on Long Lake from April 1st to Oct. 1st. The woman must be a good cook and both willing to work. Apply to

FRED S. PARKER, N. P. Foundry.

A Few Left.

We still have a few of those comfortable felt shoes and slippers for ladies and gents. Also children's underwear, all at low prices. We are headquarters for neat and prompt repairing at bottom figures at the Big "9," Sixth street.

R. F. WALTERS.

Half Hour Reduction in Time.

The reduction of one-half an hour in time, giving earlier hour of arrival in Chicago, over the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway, insures connections with all fast line trains leaving Chicago in the morning for Pittsburgh, New York, Washington, Cincinnati, Louisville, and the East and South.

Twenty lyres will buy a first-class carving set at Clark & Co.'s.

Minutes of the Fireman's Meeting.

The Chief of the Fire Department called a special meeting of all companies to meet at the central hose house at 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening Feb. 11th, with Ed. Brahney in in the chair, according to the call there were a large number of all companies in attendance.

The next thing in order was to elect a Secretary pro tem. Chas. B. Thompson was nominated and elected, and afterwards elected as permanent Secretary of the association, and Thomas Crawford, Treasurer.

Mr. Ed. Brahney, chairman, stated that the object of the meeting was to devise a way to raise funds to entertain our Bro. Fireman who meets with us June 11th, as the State Fireman's Annual Convention of 1890.

There was considerable spouting from our ex-worthy Chief, A. F Leopold and others. A. F. always makes the boys feel good with his magniloquence. Johnie Bubar, gave the boys a nice little talk of how to amuse the Fire Laddies and where to take them. All at once the door opened as if it had been kicked with a mule with four shoes on one foot and in bounced Charlie Kinkle with a smile on his face as long as a section of hose and never waited to see what order of business we were in, but shouted out with his boisterous voice, put me down for one hundred dollars, and up jumped Jim Cullen and started in on a double shuffle.—The Chairman had to get Adam to run down and pull the big bell before the boys would get down to business again.

It was regularly moved, seconded and carried that the Chief be elected permanent Chairman of this association. The Chief then appointed the Foreman of each Company for the General Committee.

No further business appearing, it was moved and seconded we adjourn.

CHAS. B. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

FORTUNE HUNTER'S FATE.

"An heiress, and so pretty, too! Heiresses are generally ugly, Jack, introduce me."

It was at a church fair. The young ladies of the congregation had, as usual, taken charge of the tables, and Marion Lee stood amongst little baskets and bouquets of roses, like a modern Flora. She was the only daughter of old Squire Lee, and known to be his heiress; and her cousin, Jack Harkaway had said as much to young Walter Medway. He was sorry he had spoken the moment after, for Walter Medway was not the sort of young man that he delighted to introduce to his pretty cousin, but the introduction seemed unavoidable, and he went through with it on the spot.

And Walter Medway was handsome and used his great dark eyes to advantage, and little Flora lost her heart on the spot to one who seemed to her the young prince she had waited for so long.

In fact the acquaintance progressed rapidly and the two were lovers very soon. In a few months they were engaged.

Jack Harkaway saw all this with anxiety. He felt that Medway was a fortune-hunter, and he knew that his young cousin would be miserable with him. He racked his brain for some means to expose the real motives of the suitor, and at last he hit upon one.

One day, when Medway left his lady's house, Jack waited for him on the pavement without, and taking his arm breathed a heavy sigh and declared that he was very much troubled by something that was on his mind.

"What is it, my dear fellow?" asked Medway.

"Why, I had something to tell my cousin," replied Jack, "and I've not been able to muster courage. You, now, being so near to her, could break the news better. Will you?"

"Oh, of course, my dear fellow," said Medway.

"I left my uncle, Mr. Lee, in great distress at his office in Wall street," said Jack. He has been entering into imprudent speculations and lost everything. The house he lives in must be sold; he will be a beggar. He dare not go home to tell his daughter and his heiress this, and he begged me to do so; but I—I cannot. Will you?"

"Upon my word, you are cool," replied Midway. "You don't think of my feelings for a moment. I engaged myself to an heiress, and you tell me her father is a beggar, and expect me to—to—"

He paused, blushed scarlet, and snatching his arm from that of Jack's, walked away.

An hour afterward a messenger boy handed Marion Lee this note:

"My Dear Marion: Pity me. Circumstances over which I have no control oblige me to say farewell forever to one I adore. Our engagement must be broken. Awful events have occurred. Perhaps I must even fly this land forever. Your despairing lover,

"Walter Medway,"

Poor Flora! The shock was terrible, for she had loved the man; but she was brave. When once she understood the truth, and knew that Jack's strategy had saved her from being the prey of a fortune-hunter, she learned to thank Heaven for her deliverance, and to-day she is a happy wife and mother, while Walter Medway, married to a rich old termagant, who is said to beat him, is the laughing stock of all who know him.

Money is Plenty Again.

Having made arrangements with eastern capitalists, I am prepared to loan money in any amount on chattel mortgages.

A. L. HOFFMAN, Real Estate & Loan Broker, Corner Fifth and Front streets, Brainerd.

Sweet, Orr & Co.'s overalls and jackets at Geo. N. Day's.

Orders for Wood.

I will receive orders for green jack pine wood in quantities of five cords or over at $1.90 per cord. Parties desiring wood at this price can leave word at my store on Sixth Street.

F. G. SUNDBERG.

A new line of hall lamps at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co. 106 Wall street, N. Y.

For Sale by S. & J. W Koop.

For Sale.

One single driving horse 1000 lbs. One span work horses 1200 lbs., will sell on time or trade for foot stock.

Dec. 27-tf. C. H. PAINE & Co.

[First Publication Feb. 7, 1890.]

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Sara E. Kindred and Charles F. Kindred, her husband, mortgagors, to Calvin L. Spaulding and Halsey J. Spencer mortgagees, dated the fourth day of November A. D. 1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Crow Wing in the state of Minnesota, on the ninth day of November A. D. 1886, at eleven o'clock and forty-five minutes A. M., in book E of Mortgages, on page 85, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of four thousand six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars ($637.50) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. And Whereas, mortgage was duly assigned by the said Calvin L. Spaulding and Halsey J. Spencer to J. J. Howe by assignment, dated the 24th day of December A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 27th day of December A. D. 1888, at two o'clock and forty-five minutes P. M., in book H of mortgages on page 222.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1890 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota and known and described as follows, to-wit: Block numbered one hundred sixty-four (164) in the town (now part of the city) of Brainerd according to the plat of said town of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Crow Wing County.

Dated Feb. 4th, 1890.

J. J. HOWE, Assignee of Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney.

[First publication Feb. 7, 1890.]

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, General Term, Feb. 3, 1890.

In the Matter of the Estate of Chauncey B. Sleeper, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Sarah L. Sleeper, John L. Smith and Edward Hazen, executors, of the estate of Chauncey B. Sleeper, deceased, representing, among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on the Third day of March, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the City of Brainerd in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the City of Brainerd, in said County.

By the Court.
W. P. SPALDING, Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney for Executors.

[First publication January 31st, 1890.]

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing, }

In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 27th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of J. O. Phillips, deceased.

Letters of administration upon said estate having been this day granted by said court to W. R. Philips, of said County of Crow Wing.

It is ordered, That the creditors of said deceased be allowed to present their claims against said estate, for examination and allowance by this court, on any day hereafter until the 1st Monday in August, 1890.

Ordered further, That the 1st Monday in each month thereafter, until and including said 1st Monday in August, 1890, at the general terms of said court, at the office of the Judge of said court, at the City of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, proofs to substantiate such claims will be taken before said Judge, and all such claims have to be presented and filed in said court during the period fixed by this court.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be forthwith given to such creditors, and all others concerned, by publication of this order four successive weeks in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, and by posting a copy of this order at four public places in said County of Crow Wing.

By the Court.
W. P. SPALDING, Judge of Probate.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court Fifteenth Judicial District.

Samuel R. Lind, plaintiff, vs. Mat. A. Karjola, defend'nt } Summons for Relief

The State of Minnesota,

To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the said Court at his office at Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 8th, 1890.

W. A. FLEMING, Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing, }

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

Samuel R. Lind, Plaintiff, against Mat A. Karjola, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendant, Mat A. Karjola, for the purpose of reforming a certain deed executed and delivered to said plaintiff by said defendant on the 3rd day of May, 1888, in which an error was made in the description of the premises intended to be conveyed by said deed.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Crow Wing, and described as follows:

The east thirty-five feet (35 feet), being subdivision number four (4), of Mertz & Lum's subdivision of Lots number five (5) and six (6), of Block number seven (7), in the Town of East Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota.

Dated January 8th, 1890.

W. A. FLEMING, Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Joseph E. Myers and Addie Myers, his wife, mortgagors, to Samuel W. Searles, Trustee, mortgagee, dated the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 11:50 o'clock A. M., in book "P" of mortgages, on page 201, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of ($284.50) two hundred eighty four and 50-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and Twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece, or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (NW¼ of NE¼) and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter (NE¼ of NW¼) of Section Eight (8), of Township forty-four (44), in Range thirty (30), according to government survey.

Dated January 3rd, 1890.

SAMUEL W. SEARLES, Trustee, Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Mrs Julia Lowe (widow) mortgagor, to Patrick H. Carney, mortgagee, dated the 22nd day of September, 1885, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of September, 1885, at 3:15 p. m., in Book E of Mortgages, on page 30, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of two hundred twenty-five dollars and eighty-three cents ($225 83-100), and no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon and costs and expenses of sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold, are, all those tracts or parcels of land, lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter (NW¼), of Section number twelve (12), in Township number forty-four (44), of Range number thirty-one (31), according to the United States government survey, except a strip of land four rods wide, running from the southwest corner of the above described land east to the stream known as Buffalo Creek, being the land deeded to Julia A. Stillings.

Dated January 9th, 1890.

PATRICK H. CARNEY, Mortgagee.

W. A. FLEMING, Attorney for Mortgagee.

We Have Just Opened an immense stock of

Boys and Children's Clothing

And is now Ready for Your Inspection.

Children's Plaid Kilt Suits,

IN SAILOR.

BOYS JERSEYS SUITS,

In FLANNEL.

Hats, Hats! Hats!

Our line of hats is now complete for the spring trade and incluees all the very latest shapes. Ask to see the "Axtell." New and very nobby.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

TO THE PUBLIC!

—We Have Purchased the—

Brainerd Steam Laundry,

And are prepared to Accommodate the public.

First Class Work Guaranteed.

Work Called for and Delivered. Family Washings a Specialty. Call and get our prices.

F. J. TAYLOR & CO., Prop.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

PRICES REDUCED!

AT

S. WALKER & SON

We have decided to reduce the price on meats at our market and will sell as follows:

Porter House Steak -	11c. per pound
Sirloin Steak - -	11c. per pound
Round Steak - -	9c. per pound
Shoulder steak & roasts,	8c. per pound
Boiling Beef, from 3 to 5c.	per pound

FRONT STREET,

Between 7th and 8th Street.

EAMES BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

We keep on hand all kinds of fresh and salt meats, poultry, fish and game in season, choice salt fish, fresh sausage, etc., etc.

Call and See us at the Old City Meat Market.

SIXTH STREET - - BETWEEN FRONT AND LAUREL

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCER,

has a large and complete stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour and Feed, Provisions, etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 12. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. FEBRUARY 14, 1890. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

WHENCE? AND WHITHER?

A little crib. A tiny babe. A mother's lullaby.
A gracious ray of sunshine from a bright, unclouded sky.
A breath of light and loveliness. A cherished hope, a prayer
Dropped down into the present from that strange, mysterious where?

A cold white stone. A little mound. A mother's grief and tears.
A shadow reaching out across the sunshine of the years.
A voice unanswered evermore, an echo of despair.
Gone from the living present to that strange, mysterious where?

CAUGHT IN A COFFIN.

"The tightest coroner I ever got into," said the express messenger, "was when I was traveling on the Southern Pacific road. I had just woke up out of a nap in the express-room, when I saw something that froze my blood in my veins. There was a coffin in one end of the room, and I could just catch the glimpse of a cruel face turned toward me. It belonged to a train robbor, I was sure, and my rifle was on the other side of car. If I made a step he would shoot me dead, and then notify his associates, who were probably in the passenger-car.

We had enough gold on board to make a man rich. I felt the responsibility and knew I must act at once. I pretended to awaken, by making two or three movements with my hands, and to my intense relief the cover of the pine box quickly and quietly dropped to its place. Without making any hurried motion, I rubbed my eyes, gaped once or twice and rose to my feet.

"Well, well," I said aloud, "I've been asleep."

Then I proceeded to rummage around the car as if nothing had happened, but my nerves were not relaxed an instant. Before the train had gone five miles farther I had some nails in my pocket. A quick, careless glance showed me a hole in the side of the box through which the robber was undoubtedly watching every movement I made.

I did not go near the revolvers or rifles. It would have taken but a second for him to have raised the lid and shot me, and I knew he would do so if I approached them. Instead of that I carelessly assorted a pile of express matter near the box with a view of what I was to do.

I was terribly excited, though I tried to appear cool. When I was ready, I threw several heavy packages on the lid, sat down on the box, and nailed down the lid. I heard a noise within and felt a pressure as my prisoner endeavored to raise the lid. The weight was too great, and I soon had all the nails driven in to hold him fast. He was secured, but to make sure of him I surrounded the box with heavy bundles, and piled upon it the heaviest boxes the car contained.

I sat dow[illegible] r a minute to recover myself, th[illegible]king down a rifle, I cocked it [illegible]oud enough for him to hear.

"How m[illegible]y more are there aboard the train?" I asked, placing my mouth to a crack between the bricks.

In reply I heard a muffled sound resembling a curse, and as all the holes through which he might shoot were covered with gold and silver, I put my mouth nearer and asked the question again.

I received no reply, and, going to the other end of the car, I quietly opened the door leading to the platform. The night air rushed in and the noise of the train came with it, making a din in my ears. We were running at a high rate of speed around the hills that abound in that region.

I stepped to the platform of the next car. It was a smoking car. The train robbers were already at work. Two men, in the forward end, within five feet of me, commanded a view of every passenger with their leveled revolvers, and two more were going down the aisle for the valuables.

It was a terrible moment to me. I felt a keen sympathy for the passengers, whose terror-stricken faces I could see in the dim light from the lamps, but I was helpless; doubtless a similar scene was being enacted in the other passenger and sleeping cars.

I was hot and cold by turns. I watched the villains going coolly on with their work until I began to think of my own safety. Charley Slate, a brakeman, was bound hand and foot to the forward seat; in a few moments they would finish their daring work and come to my car. I did not doubt that the fellow I had imprisoned in the pine box was an accomplice, and if they should find the door of the express car locked they would break it open to see what had become of him, and kill me if I resisted.

This would enable them to take possession of the money, bullion, and valuable packages and escape. I knew they would not kill any one if he did not resist, and inside of five minutes they would demand an entrance to my car.

Already the two robbers had nearly reached the farther end of the smoking car; thousands of dollars were in my care; I must save it.

Without any more hesitation I stepped to the platform of my car, grasped the lever that operated the Miller coupling, and with a quick strong pull, separated the draw-heads. I was not a moment too soon. Before the engine and express car had shot 200 feet ahead of the train, the door of the smoking car opened and the robbers stepped out. I heard their cry of rage, saw the flashes of their revolvers, and the bullets struck the wood work behind me. Hurrying forward, I told the engineer what I had done.

He heartily approved of my action and his words reassured me. I had taken a desperate course, but I had saved a great deal of valuable property.

We hurried on through the darkness and soon reached the next station, from which the news was telegraphed to the company's offices in San Francisco and Tucson. The robber in the pine box was then secured, but refused to say a word, and with a gang of trackmen, armed, we returned to where we had left the train. The robbers had departed, taking everything valuable with them, and the passengers hailed us with shouts of joy and sighs of relief.

Canadian Banks.

In 1891 the charters of all Canadian banks expire, and the plan upon which they shall be reissued will soon have to be determined. Whether it is better to continue the old system, or take pattern by the newer and simpler method in the United States, is the point to be decided.

Artesian Wells in the Sahara Desert.

Artesian wells sunk in the Desert of Sahara reach water at a depth of 230 feet, at which a steady pour of 5,000 gallons per minute has been obtained. The water is brackish, but answers for irrigation purposes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT!

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and Balances during the fiscal year ending December 31st, A. D. 1889.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for Fiscal Year ending December 31st, 1889.

	Balance Dec. 31, 1888	Collections during the Year	Total Foregoing Items	Disbursement as per vouchers cancelled	Balance in Treasury December 31st, 1889
STATE FUNDS.					
State Funds	....	$ 3076 86	$ 3076 86	$ 3081 38	*$ 4 52
State School Funds	$ 35 65	277 86	313 51	313 54	*03
State Text Books	....	16 00	16 00	173 96	*157 96
Total	$ 35 65	$3370 72	$3406 37	$3568 88	*162 51
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue	*$521 20	$18430 35	$17909 15	$17620 71	$288 44
Poor Fund	*63 05	1812 10	1749 05	964 67	784 38
Road and Bridge Fund	189 48	2494 96	2305 48	2285 60	19 88
Bond Interest	....	9095 06	9095 06	8846 88	248 18
Sinking Fund	950 63	3278 67	4229 30	3404 18	825 12
Surplus Fund	93 66	....	93 66	....	93 66
Building Fund	448 64	1112 60	1561 24	1073 48	487 76
Redemption Fund	40 12	73 06	113 18	95 53	17 65
Special Poor Fund	....	2749 47	2749 47	2569 45	180 02
Total	$2306 78	$39046 27	$39805 59	$36860 50	$2945 09
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd	$139 31	$5855 17	$5994 48	$5996 52	*2 04
City of Brainerd Side Walk	115 24	893 86	1009 10	1009 10	....
Town of Moorsville	......	304 20	304 20	304 20	....
Town of Crow Wing	......	107 51	107 51	107 51	....
Town of Oak Lawn	22	146 75	146 97	146 97	....
Town of Deerwood	02	95 99	96 01	90 12	5 89
Town of Dagget Brook	......	120 42	120 42	108 86	11 56
Total	$254 79	$7523 90	$7778 69	$7763 28	$19 49
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School	*$ 90	$10372 09	$10371 19	$10372 32	*$ 1 13
Brainerd Independent	......	$25344 66	$25344 66	$21459 69	$3884 97
School District No. 1	......	372 39	372 39	373 24	* 85
do No. 2	......	256 42	256 42	256 42	......
do No. 3	......	248 08	248 08	248 08	......
do No. 4	......	198 04	198 04	198 04	......
do No. 5	......	319 23	319 23	319 23	......
do No. 6	......	217 03	217 03	217 03	......
do No. 7	......	350 18	350 18	350 18	......
do No. 8	......	315 60	315 60	315 60	......
do No. 9	......	370 94	370 94	370 94	......
do No 10	......	244 95	244 95	244 95	......
do No 11	......	122 22	122 22	122 22	......
do No 12	16 89	102 90	119 79	119 79	......
do No 13	......	225 86	225 86	225 86	......
do N0 14	......	179 47	179 47	179 47	......
do No 15	......	191 36	191 36	191 36	......
do No 16	......	176 95	176 95	176 95	......
do No 17	52 29	60 34	112 63	111 24	1 39
do No 18	......	92 11	92 11	92 11	......
do No 19	......	123 11	123 11	123 11	......
do No 20	......	95 25	95 25	95 25	......
do No 21	16	90	1 06	......	1 06
do No 22	......	42 61	42 61	42 61	......
do No 23	......	85 23	85 23	85 23	......
Total	$70 24	$40107 92	$40176 36	$36290 92	$3889 40
Tax Collections Account	$2741 84	$62710 06	$65451 90	$59566 34	$5885 56
RECAPITULATION.					
State Funds	$35 65	$3370 72	$3406 37	$3568 88	*$162 51
County Funds	2306 78	39046 27	39805 59	36860 50	2945 09
City and Town Funds	254 79	7523 90	7778 69	7763 28	19 49
School Funds	7024 40	40107 92	40176 36	36290 92	3889 40
Tax Collections	2741 84	62710 06	65451 90	59566 34	5885 56
Total	$12363 46	$152758 87	$156618 91	$144049 92	$12902 05

* Overdrawn.

RECEIPTS INTO COUNTY TREASURY,

To the Credit of County Revenue Fund.

Interest on deposits	$ 623 72	
Probate fees	93 76	
Amount refunded by Commissioner Farrar for error in No. of meetings	9 60	
Costs in state cases	75 00	
Tax collections from Crow Wing and Cass Co.	17 628 27	
		$18 430 35
Poor fund		1 812 10
Road and Bridge		2 494 96
Bond Interest		9 095 06
Sinking fund		3 278 67
Building fund		1 112 60
Redemption fund		73 06
Special Poor fund		2 749 47
		$39 046 27

POOR FUND.

A P Farrar, superintending work at poor farm	$ 9 00	
A P Farrar, hack hire transferring sick persons	50	
Sam'l English, plants and seeds for poor farm	6 80	
T McMasters, groceries furnished poor farm	27 09	
John L Berg, groceries furnished pauper	15 00	
Rev I Bergstrom, money advanced to pauper	8 00	
M Hagberg, groceries furnished poor farm	27 54	
H Spalding, purchase of team, harnesses, wagon and sleds	400 00	
S W Gray, purchase of mower and horse rake	85 00	
Mrs W E Monroe, amount allowed for her support	15 00	
Louis Wood, amount allowed for his support	12 00	
Dr L M Roberts, part salary as county physician	16 25	
John Chisolm, board and care Mrs Thompson	16 00	
Mrs C Olson, amount allowed for her support	10 00	
Moses Dube, amount allowed for his support	12 00	
P J Keley, board and care of Jas Carney	12 25	
N P Benifical Association, medical aid and nursing 3 paupers	163 77	
Mrs W E Munroe, amount allowed for her support	15 00	
Dr L M Roberts, part salary as county physician	16 25	
Louis Wood, amount allowed for his support	12 00	
Mrs C Olson, amount allowed for her support	10 00	
Wm Durham, work done at poor farm	33 50	
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished poor farm	3 95	
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished poor farm	13 24	
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper	1 60	
J K Pearse, meats furnished poor farm	3 85	
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper	1 45	
Campbell & Smith, goods furnished pauper	3 50	
Robert Parker, money to purchase ticket	10 00	
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	4 12	
		$964 67

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

D S Barden, services as road overseer	$ 24 50	
P G Fogelstrom, superintending work Brainerd and Oak Lawn road	51 00	
G A McDonald, salary as custodian of bridge two months	30 00	
H Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood road	150 00	
D H Hughey, salary as road overseer	28 32	
O C Olson, work done on Bay Lake road	4 50	
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge	15 00	
D Barden, services as road overseer	18 50	
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge two months	30 00	
Louis Wicks, services as road overseer	27 00	
A A Miller, lumber furnished to repair Noka Sebie bridge	13 00	
J M Martin, viewing work Brainerd and Daggett Brook	5 00	
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge two months	30 00	
John Miller, repairing Noka Sebie bridge	5 00	
P Duchesnes, services road overseer	$13 50	
P E Gelow, repairing Brainerd and Daggett Brook road	100 00	
Fred Eimer, services road overseer	6 00	
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge three months	45 00	
Joel Smith, planks for repairing Millen bridge	3 50	
John Lauerman, repairing Mississippi bridge	1 25	
G A McDonald, custodian of bridge	15 00	
Joel Smith, work done on L. Lake bridge	18 05	
Dennis Bros., work done on L. Lake bridge	3 25	
Frank Lucas, work done on L. Lake bridge	26 00	
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge	15 00	
R K Whiteley, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road	34 00	
Henry Reider, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road	8 00	
Frank Harmon, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbitt Lake road	8 00	
C B Stade, surveying Brainerd, Deerwood and Rabbit Lake road	6 00	
Slipp Bros., goods furnished to repair bridge	3 36	
Harry Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Aitkin county road	150 00	
Harry Patterson, viewing Brainerd and Rabbitt Lake road	6 40	
L H Stallman, viewing Brainerd and Rabbitt Lake road	4 40	
R K Whiteley, surveying southern Mille Lacs road	38 00	
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge	15 00	
Joel Smith, appropriation to repair Nokae Sebie road	100 00	
D Archibald, repairing Brainerd and Bay Lake road	150 00	
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge	15 00	
A R Knowlen, repairing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	100 00	
Harry Patterson, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood road	150 00	
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge	15 00	
J S Gardner, viewing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	16 00	
Joel Smith, repairing Brainerd and Morrison county road	35 00	
Joel Smith, viewing Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	9 50	
R K Whiteley, surveying and making plans for repairs of bridge	21 00	
Sam Thompson, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	4 00	
John Peterson, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	4 00	
Alex Cameron, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	4 00	
Alex Cameron, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Grave Lake road	100 00	
Alex Cameron, appropriation to repair Brainerd and Grave Lake road	100 00	
Joel Smith, repairing road Dutch settlement	35 00	
F B Congdon, sand and stone to repair Mississippi bridge	110 00	
J J Howe, lumber furnished to repair bridge	28 37	
Chas. Peterson, mason work on bridge	180 00	
F A B King & Co., lime and cement to repair bridge	100 00	
Louis Wood, custodian of bridge	15 00	
John Lauerman, repairing Mississippi bridge	10 87	
A P Farrar, superintending work Mississippi bridge	12 40	
H S Nelson, work done on road	2 50	
Geo Keough, surveying Brainerd and Mille Lacs road	2 00	
Harry Patterson, viewing Brainerd and Grave Lake road	9 00	
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	5 43	
Total		$2 285 60

BOND INTEREST FUND.

H S Totton, interest on Co. orders	46	
M McFadden, interest on Co. orders	87	
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders	10 18	
C L Spaulding, interest on Co. orders	$1 72	
Sam W Searles, interest on Co. orders	1 06	
Frank Wesley, interest on Co. orders	41	
Brainerd Water Co., interest on Co. orders	40	
H Spaulding, interest on Co. orders	1 70	
Geo D Barnard & Co., interest on Co. orders	53	
H J Spencer, interest on Co. orders	55	
Geo N Day, interest on Co. orders	58	
H Spaulding, interest on Co. orders	17 25	
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders	16 55	
C L Spaulding, interest on Co orders	4 52	
J W Slipp, interest on Co. orders	65	
J C Atherton, interest on Co. orders	77	
J C Congdon, interest on Co. orders	1 58	
C D Johnson, interest on Co. orders	1 61	
M K Swartz, interest on Co. orders	89	
R P Nelson, interest on Co. orders	2 21	
John McKnight, interest on Co. orders	28	
N P Ben's Ass'n, interest on Co. orders	9 07	
A P Farrar, interest on Co. orders	60	
Leon E Lum, interest on Co. orders	1 17	
I T Dean, interest on Co. orders	40	
J E Ireland, interest on Co. orders	18	
J T Sanborn, interest on Co. orders	18	
A P Farrar, interest on Co. orders	16	
Fairbanks, Marse & Co., interest on Co. orders	4 66	
Geo D LaBar, interest on Co. orders	5 78	
S W Gray, interest on Co. orders	18	
Wm Paine, Sr., interest on Co. orders	17	
Rev E J Brownson, interest on Co. orders	35	
W S Brockway, interest on Co orders	20	
Adam Brown, interest on Co. orders	20	
John Having, interest on Co. orders	20	
M K Swartz, interest on Co. orders	16	
Interest on bridge bonds $4000 issue	280 00	
Interest on bridge bonds $50000 issue	3000 00	
Interest on court house bonds $30000 issue	2109 35	
Interest on old court house bonds $15000 issue	1162 17	
Interest on old county bonds $5000 issue	400 00	
Loan to general county fund	180 00	
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	6 92	
		$8846 88

SINKING FUND.

Old county bonds redeemed	$2000 00	
Loan to general county fund	1400 00	
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	4 18	
		$3404 18

REDEMPTION FUND.

L P White, redemption order No. 47	$ 19 28	
L P White, redemption order No. 48	3 87	
L P White, redemption order No. 49	17 20	
L P White redemption orders No. 50 and 51	20 64	
Old order No. 92 since transferred to other fund	34 44	
		$95 53

BUILDING FUND.

M McFadden, insurance policy on court house and jail	$ 480 00	
I U White, storm doors and sheds county jail	107 82	
A S McIntire, repairing court house wall	15 38	
A P Farrar, superintending work on Mississippi bridge	6 00	
J C Congdon, repairing and painting county jail and buildings	208 67	
L P White, building fence around court house	$50 00	
J C Congdon, painting court house roof	202 50	
		$1070 37

SPECIAL POOR.

Loan transferred back to general county	$ 718 81	
Loan transferred back to general county	1847 39	
Refunding Orders No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	3 25	
		$2569 45

EXPENSES OF DISTRICT COURT.

CLERK OF COURT AND DEPUTIES.

S F Alderman, clerk of court March term	$ 39 00	
C E Chipperfield, deputy clerk of court March term	39 00	
S F Alderman, fees as clerk March term	241 45	
		$319 45

SHERIFFS AND DEPUTIES.

H Spalding, sheriff March term	$ 36 00	
D M Gunn, deputy sheriff March term	30 00	
D D Smith, deputy sheriff March term	30 00	
E W Lynch, deputy sheriff March term	30 00	
H Spalding, sheriff March term	3 00	
		$129 00

TRIERS.

H S Totton	$ 2 00	
L P White, Jr	2 00	
John T Frater	2 00	
		$6 00

REPORTERS.

Wm Russell, reporter March term		$120 00

ATTORNEYS.

E N Donaldson	$ 15 00	
J B Douglas	50 00	
G S Fernald	15 00	
		$80 00

DRAWING JURORS.

E N Donaldson	$ 3 00	
do	3 00	
		$6 00

WITNESSES.

A P Farrar	$ 1 12	
S S Parmeter	6 80	
W H Rice	13 60	
V P Rounds	29 60	
August Karde	13 60	
W H Glass	13 60	
Ben Lalone	6 80	
Duncan McQuary	6 80	
Phillip Warder	9 56	
Peter Vandome	13 20	
Frank Aspholm	13 20	
Hans Olson	5 96	
Andrew Lind	5 96	
Silas Hall	2 20	
J F Miller	12 20	
M M Topping	27 20	
Geo L Lewis	7 12	
Tom Holdship	3 12	
Wm G Swan	23 56	
Clarence Townsend	7 64	
Wm Munroe	10 12	
Wm McGibben	10 12	
A Murchie	11 42	
Guy Raymond	3 20	
Ed Lynch	10 12	
Geo L Lewis	8 12	
Eddie Andrews	1 00	
Mike Remmels	11 20	
M Noble	10 12	
Myrtha Bixby	5 12	
Mr and Mrs Hathaway	5 92	
Felix Duclos	1 00	
Hugh Breason	2 12	
G Bartch	11 12	
Oscar Bartch	11 12	
Ole Lewis	3 84	
D M McDonald	9 12	
Ed Caffery	9 12	
Hugo Ebinger	3 18	
Fred Hauftman	3 18	
J W Porter and others	11 92	
Wm Summers	2 24	
G S McCullough	10 12	
Jerry Root	9 38	
Chas Bank	2 00	
Chas Bank	2 12	
J J Kennedy	1 12	
C Schlikenman	2 12	
G A McDonald	2 12	
Wm Casey	4 96	
Ed Caffery	1 12	
Chas Milspaugh	5 12	
Gus Schilling	2 12	
Chas Kinkele	2 12	
B W Kenyon	2 36	
Werner Hemstead	6 12	
Tom Percy	1 12	
S S Palmeter	12 60	
Ben Lalone	7 80	
W H Palmer	7 80	
F. Lalone	7 80	
W H Rice	7 44	
John Husling	3 96	
Wm Glass	7 80	
		$487 08

CLERK OF COURT FEES.

S F Alderman, entering tax judgments delinquent tax lists		$254 25

SHERIFF'S FEE'S.

H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	$ 17 35	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	103 85	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	66 20	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	19 80	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, ect	260 05	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	137 75	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	254 97	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	63 11	
H Spalding, arresting prisoners, etc	141 90	
		$1063 58

GRAND JURORS.

John T Frater	$ 4 20	
Dan Doran	12 20	
Justin Smith	12 20	
I U White	12 20	
A J Demeules	12 20	
J E Wilson	12 20	
F M Cable	12 10	
Fred Luken	12 20	
W E Campbell	12 20	
Ed Hazen	12 20	
Harry Patterson	15 40	
L P White	12 20	
D H Hughey	13 40	
A P Farrar	12 20	
E Y Faraar	12 20	
Wm Paine, Sr	12 20	
J W Koop	12 20	
H C Stivers	6 20	
M K Swartz	12 20	
Adam Brown	12 20	
C D Johnson	12 20	
Jno L Berg	15 40	
M D Everest	5 80	
Jno N Nevers	12 20	
H S Totton	6 20	
I T Dean	6 20	
A J Halsted	6 20	
M McFadden	6 20	
		$304 80

PETIT JURORS.

C D Atkins	$ 2 20	
Nels Westerberg	2 20	
Ceo N Day	4 40	
John Rifk	2 20	
J W Bouck	6 00	
R S Annis	2 20	
M Hagberg	2 20	
A V Synder	6 20	
C H Paine	4 20	
L P Johnson	2 20	
Ed Woolford	2 20	
J A Johnson	4 00	
H E Baker	16 60	
John Hoving	17 40	
R B Carleton	18 20	
E B Closson	18 20	
J W Moore	20 00	
W S Brockway	18 20	
Wm Percy	16 20	
A J Coutu	18 20	
Thos Kennedy	12 20	
Felix Graham	4 00	
T M Reilly	16 20	
Wm Barron	16 20	
N E Barber	$18 20	
Robt Caughie	16 20	
Jake Paine	16 20	
M Cullen	18 20	
S W Gray	19 00	
Geo Mahood	24 20	
P G Fogelstrom	24 20	
B McGivern	24 20	
Wm Bartsch	24 20	
Geo Durfeney	24 20	
J Drapeau	24 20	
John Burrell	24 20	
John Milem	20 20	
Gus Erickson	24 80	
J G Small	4 00	
R G Hartley	2 20	
N Chase	4 00	
M T Kennedy	6 20	
John James	27 00	
P S Stillings	24 60	
Martin Drake	24 40	
Chas Peterson	24 20	
Iver Benson	24 20	
John McNaughton	24 20	
Frank Schmeltz	22 80	
E J Fulton	4 00	
J C Borden	20 40	
E M Westfall	2 20	
A G Lagerquist	6 20	
Thos. Kennedy	4 00	
R W O'Hara	2 20	
Peter A Nelson	2 20	
Wm Percy	2 20	
Herman Anderson	2 20	
A S McIntire	6 20	
Wm Martin	2 20	
Hugh Riddle	6 40	
J J Kennedy	2 20	
I Seymour	2 20	
S H Relf	2 20	
Wallace Beane	12 40	
F W Wieland	2 20	
E H Simmons	2 20	
R S Annis	8 00	
C S Hazen	4 00	
J H Clark	2 20	
N N Halliday	2 20	
A A Graham	2 00	
S H Woods	2 20	
H Lynch	8 00	
E H Stivets	2 20	
H M Newell	4 20	
N A Lease	2 20	
Edward Jones	2 20	
Thos Bailey	2 20	
C E Peabody	4 20	
N J McKay	4 20	
Fred Drexel	2 20	
E Faford	2 20	
A G Kinslow	2 20	
J G Small	4 20	
Wm Batting	2 20	
S W Koop	4 20	
Geo Leopold	2 20	
Gus Simmeken	2 20	
Wm Barron	24 20	
John Hawkins	24 20	
Peter Gilson	26 00	
John Parsons	24 20	
		$975 20

CORONERS JURORS.

Wm Steele	$1 10	
C D Johnson	1 10	
Wm Steele and others	3 30	
Chas Shontell	1 12	
Ben Shontell	1 12	
I T Dean	5 00	
		$12 74

EXPENSES MUNICIPAL COURT.

CONSTABLES.

L G Rose		$9 25

JUSTICE FEES.

M Shapiro, case Nixon vs. Jackson		$10 90

WITNESSES.

Ed Swanson	$ 1 12	
Silas Hall	2 20	
Fred Hauptman	1 72	
Ole Lewis	1 84	
D E Slipp	50	
Jno T Frater	50	
Thos Ferris	3 40	
Frank Day	2 80	
Peter Forsberg	50	
Fred Zotman and others	3 36	
Ed Bailey	1 12	
Mary Otto	1 12	
Agnes Belmont	1 12	
Maud Cook	1 12	
Gracie Williams	1 12	
Thos Russell	1 12	
Frank French and others	10 08	
Thos Percy	3 36	
G A McDonald	1 12	
Dan Caffery	50	
John Hendrickson	4 88	
O C Foster	50	
Elizabeth Peck	1 12	
E J Norris	1 12	
D A C Stoops	50	
S W Koop	50	
Andrew Anderson	2 44	
Ed McMartin	1 12	
Ethel Frizzell	3 36	
C W Cross	2 24	
Chas Cross	2 24	
Sadie Smith	3 36	
		$63 10

PROBATE COURT.

Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity Mary Hack	$ 78 50	
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity J E Dort	70 50	
J L Camp, fees in case of insanity Mary Hack	9 90	
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity H Stearns	69 50	
W Courtney, fees in case of insanity M Hack	8 30	
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity Jas Holt	69 50	
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity Holt and Dort	6 60	
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity Andrew Costello	3 30	
W H Allport, fees in case of insanity H F Stearns	3 30	
J C Rosser, fees in case of insanity John Wedan	3 30	
Henry Spalding, fees in case of insanity John Wedan	69 50	
		$387 20

ELECTION EXPENSES.

A A Miller, Clerk, Mille Lac	$3 00	
John Hayton, Judge, Gull River	9 00	
B B Bartlett, Clerk, Gull River	6 00	
H H Davis, Clerk, Gull River	6 00	
F L Hanscom, Judge, Gull River	9 00	
Seth Dinwiddie, Judge and returns Mille Lacs	8 00	
Clark Dinwiddie, Judge at Mille Lacs	3 00	
M W Still, Judge and return Gull River	10 60	
C C Kelly, Judge, Collins	9 00	
Oscar Thelander, Judge and returns, Long Lake	7 40	
Paul Lingnau, Clerk, Long Lake	6 00	
Paul Paulson, Judge, Long Lake	6 00	
T Paulson, Judge and house rent, Long Lake	11 00	
S W Gray, bringing returns from Oak Lawn	1 00	
D H Hughey, Clerk, Long Lake	6 00	
John Engman, bringing return from Deerwood	3 40	
Chris Racey, bringing returns from Daggett Brook	3 20	
F E Warren Clerk Mille Lacs	3 00	
Hiram Scott, Judge, Mille Lacs	3 00	
E M Phelps, Judge, Fairbanks	6 00	
A J Collins, Judge and returns Collins	13 80	
J W Peck, clerk, Collins	9 00	
R W Sypes, clerk, Collins	9 00	
John McKnight, judge and returns, Fairbanks	9 90	
J M Young, judge and returns, Bay Lake	14 40	
N Newgard, judge, Bay Lake	9 00	
H E Baker, judge, Bay Lake	9 00	
J D Bartlett, clerk, Hackensack	9 00	
J D Torry, judge, Big Lake	9 00	
A Leighton, judge, Fairbanks	6 00	
A J Collins, house rent, Collins	5 00	
E L Mitchell, judge, Collins	9 00	
A C Gould, judge, Eagle Lake	10 60	
Clark Dinwiddie, house rent Mille Lacs	5 00	
John Dolan, clerk, Pine River	9 00	
E L Connor, judge and returns, Hackensack	20 60	
S Phippeny, judge, Hackensack	9 00	
N J Palmer, judge, Hackensack	6 00	
Warren Chase, clerk, Pine River	$9 00	
R M Bennett, judge and returns, Warner	15 80	
J Stocker, judge, Pine River	9 00	
W E Chase, judge and returns, Pine River	16 60	
J E Thomas, clerk, Fairbanks	3 00	
Peter Gallipe, clerk, Swan Creek	3 00	
O W Barker, judge, Swan Creek	9 00	
W B Smith, clerk, Swan Creek	3 00	
W S Senff, clerk, Swan Creek	3 00	
W H Hallett, judge and returns, Swan Creek	15 80	
G B Kennedy, judge, Hackensack	9 00	
Geo Jones, clerk, Warren	3 00	
H P Holmes, clerk, Warren	3 00	
Joseph F Edelbrook, clerk, Hackensack	9 00	
Wm. Curo, clerk and constable, Hackensack	2 00	
A Stafford, judge, Bay Lake	3 00	
Wm Shontell, bringing returns, Crow Wing	1 40	
E E Phelps, clerk, Crow Wing	3 00	
L W Stevenson, judge, Warren	6 00	
John Stees, clerk, Eagle Lake	3 00	
		$421 50

BOARD AND CARE OF PRISONERS.

H Spalding	$ 46 99	
do	118 80	
do	121 11	
do	116 57	
do	153 59	
do	86 27	
do	76 02	
do	75 98	
do	32 55	
		$827 88

JAILOR'S FEES.

H Spalding	$ 40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
do	40 00	
		$360 00

PRINTING.

Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	$ 8 25	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	9 50	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	24 00	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing financial and delinquent list	545 05	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings and court calendar	73 35	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	33 25	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	9 75	
Brainerd Dispatch, printing commissioners proceedings	20 00	
		$723 15

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Geo D Barnard & Co., books and stationery	$ 35 50	
Brainerd Dispatch, stationery	18 80	
J H Koop, stamped envelopes	134 80	
Brainerd Dispatch, stationery	26 25	
Pioneer Press Co., books	29 80	
Brainerd Tribune, stationery	4 25	
Geo D Barnard & Co., books	156 59	
Brainerd Tribune, stationery	19 25	
W S Booth, stationery	31 78	
Keene & Nevers, stationery	1 60	
Pioneer Press Co., books	155 49	
Geo D Barnard & Co., books	165 40	
A J Demenles, books	6 00	
		$785 51

FUEL, LIGHTS AND REPAIRS.

M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail	$ 6 40	
T McMasters, oils etc. for county jail	4 65	
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail	2 80	
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail	3 60	
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail	2 40	
M Hagberg, oils etc. for county jail	2 25	
D M Clark, repairing stoves court house	75	
I U White, repairing court house and jail	17 00	
M Hagberg, oils etc. furnished county jail	1 50	
M Hagberg, oils etc. furnished county jail	75	
		$42 10

MISCELLANEOUS ORDERS.

Slipp Bros. goods furnished county jail	$4 80	
Gergen & Mooer, teams furnished commissioners	11 50	
Smith & Campbell, blankets for county jail	13 75	
L M Roberts, reporting births and deaths	11 50	
S F Alderman, reporting births and deaths	20 50	
D M Clark & Co., goods furnished court house	34 30	
D M Clark & Co, goods furnished court house	16 30	
M McFadden, office fixtures Register of Deeds office	45 00	
Campbell & Smith, blankets county jail	16 50	
C M Patek, goods furnished court house	18 00	
J G Knebel, reporting births and deaths	2 25	
Brainerd Water Co., water rent	50 00	
Louis Tache, expressage and postage	2 10	
Joel Smith, reporting births and deaths	2 50	
F A B King & Co., door checks court house	13 85	
Campbell & Smith, blankets county jail	16 50	
Louis Tache, expressage and postage	3 00	
Nels Gunderson, wood for county jail	25 00	
Cohen Bros., goods furnished court house	1 25	
R F Walters, repairing prisoners shoe	1 00	
A Mahlum, recording bonds county officers	9 00	
Cambell & Smith, goods furnished county jail	9 00	
Slipp Bros., goods furnished court house	3 75	
R H Morford, reporting births and deaths	2 25	
D W Whitford, repairing cots county jail	2 00	
M K Swartz, cots for county jail	3 60	
Gergen & Mooer, teams for commissioners	15 00	
Louis Nelson, work done for county	12 00	
Louis Tache, expressage and postage	4 90	
A P Farrar, member auditing board	3 00	
S F Alderman, member auditing board	6 00	
Louis Tache, member auditing board	6 00	
S W Gray, reporting births and deaths	50	
G A Scheffer, reporting births and deaths	1 75	
Brainerd Water Co, water rent	50 00	
Wm Gergen, wood furnished county	52 20	
Louis Nelson, assessing 2nd district Cass county	100 00	
Louis Tache, expressage and postage	3 40	
John T Frater, expressage and postage	4 28	
Fairbanks, Morse & Co., scales and weight for county treasurer	347 00	
A Mahlum, making out lists of mortgages	91 00	
D Archibald, assessing unorganized part of Crow Wing county	50 00	
C E Griffith, assessing 3rd district, Cass county	110 00	
P Murphy, making out list chattel mortgages	10 00	
John C Brown, assessing 4th district Cass county	100 00	
Frank Beardsley, assessing 1st district Cass county	40 00	
C B Clouse, making list chattel mortgages	$12 00	
Joseph Bacon, pigeon holes register's office	5 00	
D M Clark, goods furnished court house	31 50	
J T Sanborn, meals furnished jurors	14 40	
Louis Tache, expressage and postage	1 48	
A L Hoffman, cots for county jail	1 50	
Refunding Orders Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	30 49	
Amount of loan returned to bond interest fund	1800 00	
Amount of loan returned to sinking fund	1400 00	
		$4642 60

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

P G Fogelstrom, per diem and mileage commissioner 3rd district	$ 9 30	
Harry Patterson, per diem and mileage commissioner 5th district	89 60	
J M Martin, per diem and mileage commissioner 1st district	43 20	
A P Farrar, per diem and mileage commissioner 4th district	43 40	
J S Gardner, per diem and mileage commissioner 2nd district	40 30	
Joel Smith, per diem and mileage commissioner 1st district	29 40	
L H Stallman, per diem and mileage commissioner 3rd district	31 00	
		$286 20

EQUILIZATION BOARD.

A P Farrar, per diem and mileage	$ 21 20	
J S Gardner, per diem and mileage	21 20	
L H Stallman, per diem and mileage	21 20	
Harry Patterson, per diem and mileage	24 40	
Joel Smith, per diem and mileage	22 40	
Louis Tache, per diem and mileage	21 20	
		$131 60

SALARIES.

Louis Tache, auditor Crow Wing and Cass counties	$ 1660 00	
H S Totton, deputy auditor Crow Wing and Cass counties	479 42	
John T Frater, treasurer Crow Wing and Cass counties	1660 75	
Rev E J Brownson, superintendent schools	225 00	
Leon E Lum, county attorney	450 00	
Ed Mahan, salary as county treasurer	139 76	
W P Spalding, judge of probate	336 69	
R P Nelson, janitor court house	250 00	
		$5171 62

ASSETS.

Court house and jail, including permanent fixtures	$57 422 45
Office furnitures, including safes	1 090 00
Old county jail	1 000 00
Court house and jail lots	3 600 00
Taxes due and unpaid on tax lists of 1888 and prior years for Crow Wing and Cass counties	37 928 07
Cash on hand January 1st, 1890, to the credit of county funds	2 945 09
Total	$103 985 61

LIABILITIES.

Old county bonds 12 per cent	$ 1 000 00
Court house bonds 8 per cent	45 000 00
Bridge bonds 7 per cent	4 000 00
Bridge bonds 6 per cent	50 000 00
Assets over liabilities	3 985 61
Total	$103 985 61

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

KING OF THE GYPSIES.

Prosperous Old Fellow of Dayton, Ohio, Who Enjoys That Distinction.

A modest brick house, standing a little way back from the street, in a suburb of the city of Dayton, Ohio, is the property, and for a part of the year the home, of a gypsy of wide repute, the heir apparent to a throne in Little Egypt, and here, or hereabout, is the rendezvous of a numerous band or tribe. This settlement is widely known as the home of some of the richest and most influential families of gypsydom, among them the Stanleys, of whom the present head, Levi, is called the King. This Levi Stanley is a short, thick-set man of something over seventy years; he is still strong and active, with a ruddy cheek and bright eye. Much of his time is passed with the traveling parties, while his eldest son, Levi, Jr., a stalwart, handsome man of fifty, assumes much of the active direction of affairs, looking after property, etc.

Lying scattered about to the north of Dayton are many fine farms owned by them. At present most of the farms are in the hands of tenants, for however near the gypsy may be to the primeval man, he has not yet developed a strong liking for the labor of the primeval occupation.

The traveling and camping parties are the most interesting and picturesque features of the gypsy life. These usually consist of a single family, the term family meaning the whole blood connection. It may comprise one or a dozen wagons and from three or four to nearly half a hundred people. They make long or short journeys, as directed by the King, stopping at each place as long as the state of the horse and palmistry trade warrants.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCTS.

What Most Impressed a Traveler Were the Girls and the Fleas.

A traveler just returned from San Francisco after a considerable stay in that city tells a Louisville Post man that what impressed him most were the girls and the fleas. Both are large in size and plentiful in numbers.

"The women are the finest-looking specimens you ever saw," says the young man. "They are well-developed, healthy and handsome. Of course I was duly impressed. But next to them I think the flea takes up the largest share of attention. They have no mosquitoes in San Francisco, but the fleas—their name is legion. Here in Louisville you frequently see 'Rough on Rats' advertised for sale. But in San Francisco is is 'Rough on Fleas.' You see the sign everywhere. It is a favorite poison for disconsolate servant-girls to commit suicide with. I don't wonder that desperate measures were taken to get rid of the San Francisco flea. He is everywhere—in your clothes, in your bed, in the carpet, in the furniture. He is not a pleasant object to talk about, but in San Francisco he is too prominent a feature to be ignored. The flea is one of the principal objections to the glorious climate of California.

A lamp exploded in one of the ro[illegible] of Albert Lea, Minn., College [illegible] other night, according to t[illegible] apolis Journal. Miss [illegible] wood, one of the st[illegible] among other[illegible]. Miss [illegible] scream nor fai[illegible] delicate artic[illegible] out of the [illegible]in[illegible]ow. [illegible] kind of a girl. She [illegible] with a convenient [illegible] manipulated the stops in the proper manner, turned on the hose and before any one recovered presence of mind sufficiently to turn in a fire alarm she had the blaze extinguished.

THE WHITE STAG.

A Legend of Scotland.

David I. of Scotland was a merry monarch, fond of the chase, and seldom heeded the good counsels of his friend and confessor, Alkwine, canon of St. Augustine. It was shortly after his coronation that "Roods Day" fell, a solemn occasion for the elevation of crosses in the churches and religious ceremonies. In spite of the prayers and entreaties of the priest, the King would ride to the hunt with his host of merry courtiers.

When evening fell and the shadows lengthened, by some mischance the King became separated from his companions in the gloom.

He found himself suddenly quite alone at the foot of a great crag. Far away sounded the noise of the hunt, but he could see no man anywhere and suddenly his horse, an animal of mettle—such as it befitted a monarch to ride—began to tremble. In all his movements, and in his strange stare, he exhibited those tokens which, to this day, Scotsmen of a superstitious nature will declare a proof that the horse can see spirits, which any one must be convinced give evidence that these dumb creatures are capable of the most intense terror of the supernatural, whether that emotion be founded on fact or fancy.

The King's horse, in fact, no longer obeyed his master, and it was only by the most expert horsemanship that the royal rider maintained his seat.

And now suddenly he saw what terrified the animal, for there arose before him an immense stag almost twice as large as any that had ever been seen before, white as snow, with great horns like bleached ivory.

He fixed his immense and brilliant eyes upon horse and rider, and on the instance the former ran away at full speed, followed by the white stag—away over moss and mire! Away! away! the white stag gaining all the while, until at last, with a shriek that only a terrified horse could utter, the creature fell and lay prostrate and motionless, throwing the King.

The stag, with one wild leap, stood over the monarch, who gave himself up for dead, when suddenly a figure, strange and beautiful, stood beside him, and interposed a cross between those mighty horns and the King's person; and the stag, turning, fled back to the forest.

The hunters, missing the King, made search for him. As they rode to and fro they caught glimpses of the white stag, but only as a flying vision; yet its color, its size and its wonderful speed filled them with terror. Finally they found the hunting cap the King had worn upon the ground, and, following this clew, came at last to the spot where the King's horse lay, quite dead, its eyes wide open, as though fixed upon some terrifying object.

Near by lay the King himself, motionless, silent, pallid as a statue of marble. His hands were clasped about a large cross. At first they thought that he also was dead, but shortly he opened his eyes, and told them the tale I have told you.

Moreover, he said that since the flight of the stag he had dreamed a dream or had a vision. A holy being, though he knew not w[illegible] name belonged to it, had bade [illegible]n build an abbey in the same place to be called the Holy Rood Abbey, to dedicate it in honor of t[illegible]e [illegible] which had saved his life, and to build it on the spot where he had fallen.

This tale and the sight of the cross so impressed the wild young nobles that they knelt about the King, and all devoutly adored the God whose mercy had so marvelously preserved their monarch, whom they then conveyed to the chapel, where the pious Alkwine still employed himself in devotion.

Here the cross, from which the King had never parted, was carefully examined. It was of wonderful and intricate workmanship, a miracle of delicate beauty and no man could tell of what it was made, whether of wood or metal; and it was averred that, during the 2[illegible]0 years which this cross stood in the abbey, no one ever discovered of what it was carved; for the abbey was built and was known to fame long after the King who erected it slept in its tomb; and the cross kept its place until the son of Robert Bruce bethought him to take it into battle with him, when it fell into English hands, and belonged for a long while to Durham Cathedral, still a mystery. For there never was before, nor has been since—so say those who ought to know—anything in the least like it as to texture.

As for the white stag, there were those who thought they caught a glimpse of it flying over the woods and vales about the Castle of Edinburgh for many years, and who swore they saw it by moonlight tasting the waters of the Well of Holy Rood; and that far away faint bugles rang and the sound of baying hounds and hunters' cries on every "Rood Day" evening for a century or more.

A Remarkable Weapon.

The German press is discussing at length the merits of a new French repeating air rifle, called the "miracle gun." The rifle was invented by M. Paul Giffard of Paris, the original projector of the Parisian pneumatic post. It is described thus: "The weapon is light, much lighter than any of the army rifles now in use. It resembles the magazine gun in that a steel cartridge about a span and a half long and as thick as a man's thumb is attached to one barrel by means of a screw. This cartridge contains 300 shots, which can be discharged as rapidly or slowly as a man desires. Since neither powder or any other explosive, but only compressed and liquefied air, supplies the expelling force no smoke and no flash accompany the discharge."

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SUN.

At Times We Are Only 90,822,000 Miles from His Solar Majesty.

The earth is nearest the sun on the second day of each year, on which day she is only 90,822,000 miles from his solar majesty, according to the Pittsburg Dispatch. In the early part of the month the day increases in length at the rate of about half a minute daily. The sun will be eclipsed twice during the year 1890, but neither of the eclipses will be of much importance. The first will be on June 17, and will be visible to a certain extent in all the continents of the eastern hemisphere except Australia; but the moon will be so far away from the earth at the time that she will not hide the whole disc of the sun, but will for certain places of the earth's surface obscure the central part, leaving a ring all around, on account of which such an eclipse is called an annular eclipse. The next solar eclipse will be on Dec. [illegible], and will partake of the same nature at the beginning and end, but will be total for a small region. It will be visible in the Indian and Antarctic oceans and the southern part of Australia.